COMPAQ

ProLiant ML370
Maintenance and Service Guide

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Compaq ProLiant ML370 Maintenance and Service Guide
Maintenance and Service Guide
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Part Number 143091-004
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Contents

Removal and Replacement Procedures
continued

Chapter 3
Diagnostics and Troubleshooting

Diagnostics and Troubleshooting

continued

Chapter 4
Connectors, Switches, and LED Indicators

Chapter 5
Physical and Operating Specifications

Index

About This Guide

This maintenance and service guide is a troubleshooting guide that can be used for reference when servicing Compaq ProLiant ML370 Servers.

> ⚠ **WARNING:** To reduce the risk of personal injury from electric shock and hazardous energy levels, only authorized service technicians should attempt to repair this equipment. Improper repairs could create conditions that are hazardous.

> **IMPORTANT:** The installation of options and servicing of this product shall be performed by individuals who are knowledgeable of the procedures, precautions, and hazards associated with equipment containing hazardous energy circuits.

Symbols in Text

These symbols may be found in the text of this guide. They have the following meanings.

> ⚠ **WARNING:** Text set off in this manner indicates that failure to follow directions in the warning could result in bodily harm or loss of life.

> ⚠ **CAUTION:** Text set off in this manner indicates that failure to follow directions could result in damage to equipment or loss of information.

> **IMPORTANT:** Text set off in this manner presents clarifying information or specific instructions.

> **NOTE:** Text set off in this manner presents commentary, sidelights, or interesting points of information.

Compaq Technician Notes

WARNING: Only authorized technicians trained by Compaq should attempt to repair this equipment. All troubleshooting and repair procedures are detailed to allow only subassembly/module-level repair. Because of the complexity of the individual boards and subassemblies, no one should attempt to make repairs at the component level or to make modifications to any printed wiring board. Improper repairs can create a safety hazard.

WARNING: To reduce the risk of personal injury from electric shock and hazardous energy levels, do not exceed the level of repair specified in these procedures. Because of the complexity of the individual boards and subassemblies, do not attempt to make repairs at the component level or to make modifications to any printed wiring board. Improper repairs could create conditions that are hazardous.

WARNING: To reduce the risk of electric shock or damage to the equipment:

■ If the system has multiple power supplies, disconnect power from the system by unplugging all power cords from the power supplies.

■ Do not disable the power cord grounding plug. The grounding plug is an important safety feature.

■ Plug the power cord into a grounded (earthed) electrical outlet that is easily accessible at all times.

CAUTION: To properly ventilate your system, you must provide at least 12 inches (30.5 cm) of clearance at the front and back of the computer.

CAUTION: The computer is designed to be electrically grounded. To ensure proper operation, plug the AC power cord into a properly grounded AC outlet only.

IMPORTANT: Any indications of component replacement or printed wiring board modifications may void any warranty.

Where to Go for Additional Help

In addition to this guide, the following information sources are available:

■ User documentation

■ Online information at the Compaq website

http://www.compaq.com/support/servers/index.html

■ *Compaq Service Quick Reference Guide*

■ Service training guides

■ Compaq service advisories and bulletins

■ Compaq QuickFind

■ Compaq Insight Manager

■ Compaq download facility: Call 1-281-518-1418 using your modem.

ix

Integrated Management Display

Some Compaq server models include a Compaq Integrated Management Display (IMD), an integrated, 16×4 character display mounted on the front of the server. This display provides easy-to-use menu-driven access to server information, including model number, LCD firmware revision, and POST operations.

Telephone Numbers

For the name of your nearest Compaq authorized reseller:

- In the United States, call 1-800-345-1518.

- In Canada, call 1-800-263-5868.

For Compaq technical support:

- In the United States and Canada, call 1-800-386-2172.

- For Compaq technical support phone numbers outside the United States and Canada, visit the Compaq website at:

  http://www.compaq.com

Chapter **1**

Illustrated Parts Catalog

This chapter provides the illustrated parts breakdown and a spare parts list for
Compaq ProLiant™ ML370 Servers. See Table 1-1 and Table 1-2 for the names of referenced
spare parts.

Mechanical Parts Exploded View
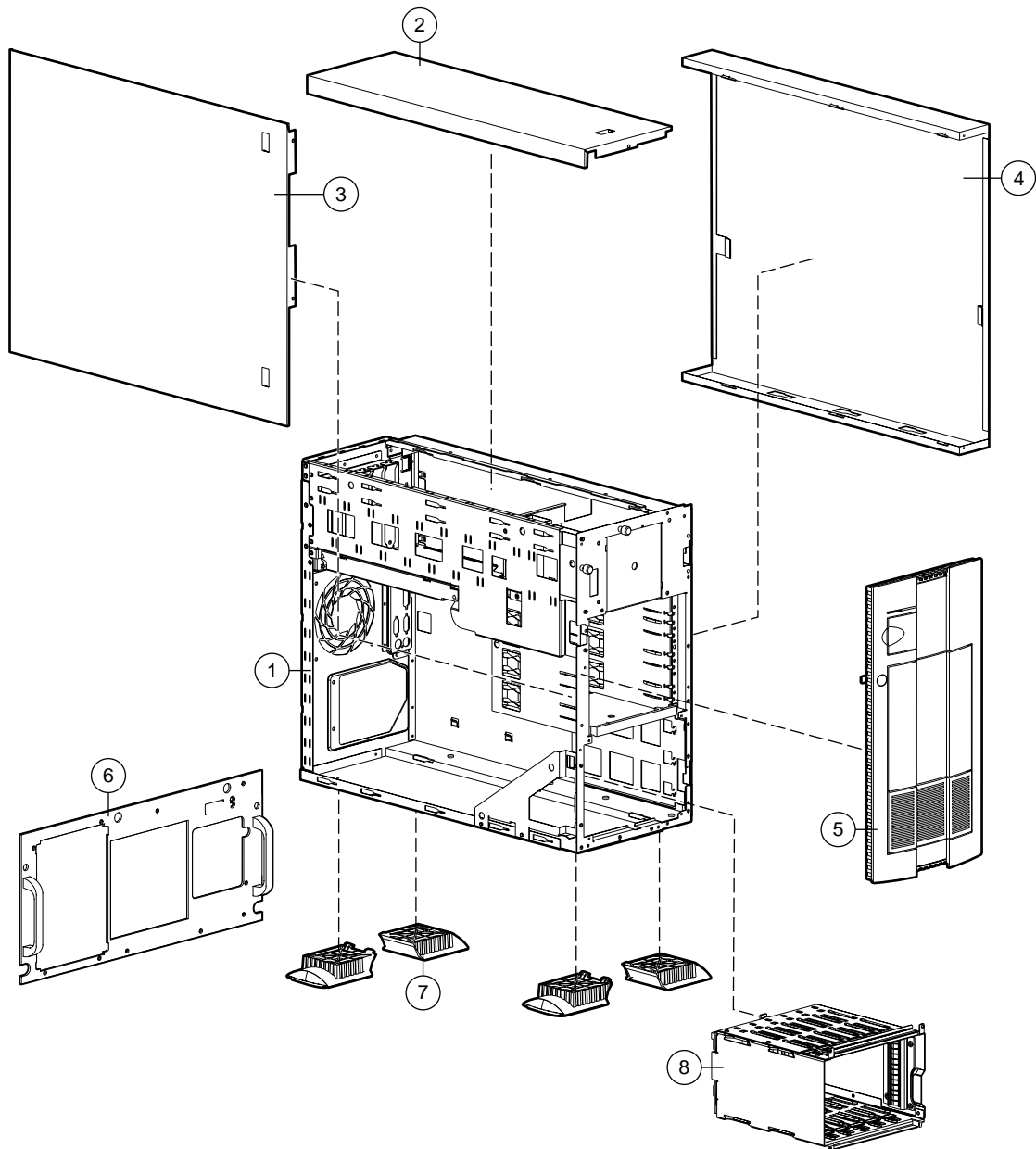
Figure 1-1. Mechanical parts exploded view

Mechanical Spare Parts List

Table 1-1
Mechanical Spare Parts List

Item	Description	Spare Part Number
	Chassis	
1	Chassis	157986-001
2	Small access panel	Part of kit 387762-001
3	Large access panel	Part of kit 387762-001
4	Right side panel (tower model only)	Part of kit 387762-001
5	Front bezel (tower model only)	217492-001
6	Rack front plate (rack-mountable model only)	163489-001
7	Feet (tower model only)	333575-001
8	Hot-plug drive cage, 6 x 1-inch	387089-001
9	1-Ghz processor spare	221536-001

System Components Exploded View
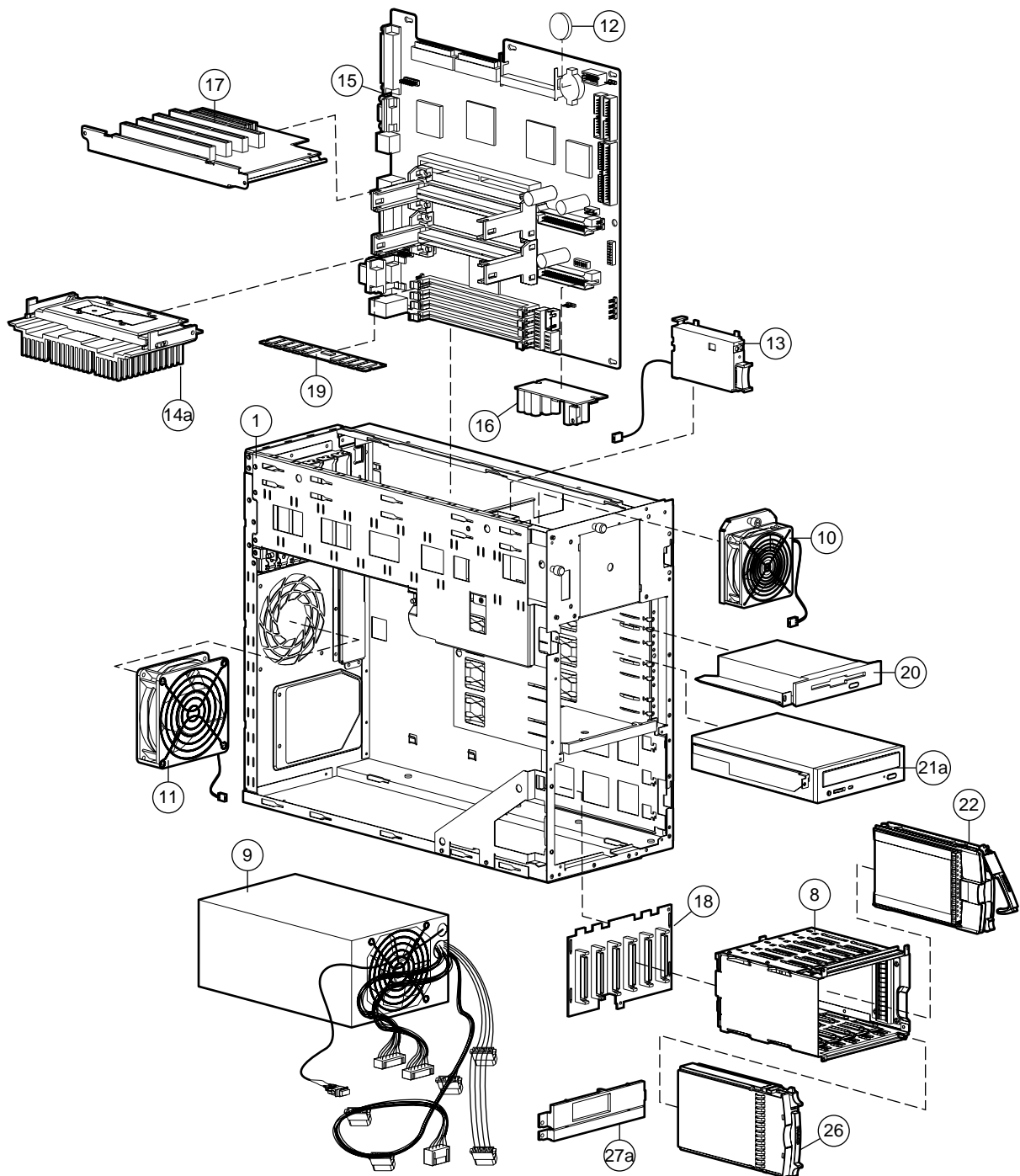
Figure 1-2. System components exploded view

System Components Spare Parts

Table 1-2
System Components Spare Parts List

Item	Description	Spare Part Number
	System Components	
9	Power supply, 325 W	402151-001
10	I/O fan, 92 mm	173907-001
11	CPU fan, 120 mm	326873-001
12	3V lithium battery	179322-001
13	Power switch with LED indicators and cable	157928-001
	Boards	
14	Processors	
	a) 6/600-MHz, with heat sink (heat sink may vary)	166146-001
	b) 6/667-MHz, with heat sink (heat sink may vary)*	166109-001
	c) 6/733-MHz, with heat sink *	166108-001
	d) 6/800-MHz, with heat sink *	187781-001
	e) 6/866-MHz, with heat sink *	187782-001
	f) 6/933-MHz, with heat sink *	196628-001
15	System board	157824-001
16	Processor Power Module	157825-001
17	Riser board, with brace	157925-001
18	SCSI backplane board	163903-001
	Memory	
19	128-MB, 133-MHz, registered SDRAM dual inline memory module	159226-001
	Mass Storage Devices	
20	3-Mode, 1.44-MB diskette drive	179161-001
21	CD-ROM drives	
	a) 32x, IDE	327659-001
	b) 40x, IDE*	179963-001
22	18-GB, 1-inch, 10K rpm, Wide Ultra2 hard drive	143920-001
	Cables	
23	Miscellaneous data cable kit *	386559-001

* Not shown

1-6

Compaq ProLiant ML370 Maintenance and Service Guide

Table 1-2
System Components Spare Parts List *continued*

Item	Description	Spare Part Number
	Cables *continued*	
24	Miscellaneous signal cable kit *	158530-001
	a) Hard drive/CD-ROM drive data cable	
	b) Diskette drive cable assembly	
	c) 1-device SCSI cable assembly	
	d) 3-device SCSI cable assembly	
25	Miscellaneous power cable kit *	158529-001
	a) Diskette and CD-ROM drive power cable assembly	
	b) Power supply power cable assembly	
	c) Removable media bay power cable assembly	
	d) Signal power cable assembly	
	Miscellaneous	
26	Hard drive blank	122759-001
27	Miscellaneous plastics kit	140479-001
	a) Removable media drive bay blank	
28	Country kit *	158531-001
29	Maintenance and service guide *	158549-001
30	Illustrated parts map *	158550-001
31	Miscellaneous hardware kit *	281847-001
	a) Slide rail, 22-inch, pair (rackmount model only)	
32	Rack conversion kit *	163490-001
33	Keyboard *	386209-001
34	Baffle *	163364-001
	Options	
35	64-MB, 133-MHz, registered SDRAM dual inline memory module *	159225-001
36	256-MB, 133-MHz, registered SDRAM dual inline memory module *	159304-001
37	512-MB, 133-MHz, registered SDRAM dual inline memory module *	159227-001
38	1-GB, 133-MHz, registered SDRAM dual inline memory module *	163902-001
39	Integrated management display *	122223-001
40	18-GB, 1-inch, 7200 rpm, Wide Ultra2 hard drive *	104663-001
41	9.1-GB, 1-inch, 10K rpm Wide Ultra2 hard drive *	386536-001

* Not shown

continued

Table 1-2
System Components Spare Parts List *continued*

Item	Description	Spare Part Number
	Cables *continued*	
24	Miscellaneous signal cable kit *	158530-001
	a) Hard drive/CD-ROM drive data cable	
	b) Diskette drive cable assembly	
	c) 1-device SCSI cable assembly	
	d) 3-device SCSI cable assembly	
25	Miscellaneous power cable kit *	158529-001
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	b) Power supply power cable assembly	
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27	Miscellaneous plastics kit	140479-001
	a) Removable media drive bay blank	
28	Country kit *	158531-001
29	Maintenance and service guide *	158549-001
30	Illustrated parts map *	158550-001
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32	Rack conversion kit *	163490-001
33	Keyboard *	386209-001
34	Baffle *	163364-001
	Options	
35	64-MB, 133-MHz, registered SDRAM dual inline memory module *	159225-001
36	256-MB, 133-MHz, registered SDRAM dual inline memory module *	159304-001
37	512-MB, 133-MHz, registered SDRAM dual inline memory module *	159227-001
38	1-GB, 133-MHz, registered SDRAM dual inline memory module *	163902-001
39	Integrated management display *	122223-001
40	18-GB, 1-inch, 7200 rpm, Wide Ultra2 hard drive *	104663-001
41	9.1-GB, 1-inch, 10K rpm Wide Ultra2 hard drive *	386536-001

* Not shown

Table 1-2
System Components Spare Parts List *continued*

Item	Description	Spare Part Number
	Options *continued*	
42	9.1-GB, 1-inch, 7200 rpm Wide Ultra2 hard drive *	104665-001
43	Compaq Integrated Smart Array Controller upgrade module *	158855-001
44	AC Power supply, 225-W, hot-plug redundant *	283623-001
45	DC Power supply, 225-W, hot-plug redundant *	333593-001

* Not shown

Chapter **2**

Removal and Replacement Procedures

This chapter provides subassembly/module-level removal and replacement procedures for Compaq ProLiant ML370 Servers. The ProLiant ML370 Server is available in tower and rack models. The *Compaq ProLiant ML370 Maintenance and Service Guide* shows the tower model. In most cases, the rack model removal and replacement procedures are slightly different from the tower model procedures. After completing all necessary removal and replacement procedures, run the diagnostics program to verify that all components operate properly.

To service Compaq ProLiant ML370 Servers, you might need the following:

■ Torx T-15 screwdriver

■ From the Compaq SmartStart and Support Software CD:

❑ System Configuration Utility

❑ Drive Array Advanced Diagnostics

❑ Diagnostics

Electrostatic Discharge Information

A discharge of static electricity can damage static-sensitive devices or microcircuitry. Proper packaging and grounding techniques are necessary precautions to prevent damage. To prevent electrostatic damage, observe the following precautions:

■ Transport products in static-safe containers such as conductive tubes, bags, or boxes.

■ Keep electrostatic-sensitive parts in their containers until they arrive at static-free stations.

■ Cover work stations with approved static-dissipating material. Provide a wrist strap connected to the work surface and properly grounded tools and equipment.

■ Keep work area free of nonconductive materials such as ordinary plastic assembly aids and foam packing.

■ Make sure you are always properly grounded when touching a static-sensitive component or assembly.

■ Avoid touching pins, leads, or circuitry.

■ Always place drives PCB assembly-side down.

■ Use conductive field service tools.

Symbols in Equipment

WARNING: Any surface or area of the equipment marked with these symbols indicates the presence of a hot surface or hot component. If this surface is contacted, the potential for injury exists. To reduce the risk of injury from a hot component, allow the surface to cool before touching it.

WARNING: Any surface or area of the equipment marked with these symbols indicates the presence of electric shock hazards. The enclosed area contains no operator serviceable parts. To reduce the risk of injury from electric shock hazards, do not open this enclosure.

WARNING: Any RJ-45 receptacle marked with these symbols indicates a Network Interface Connection. To reduce the risk of electric shock, fire, or damage to the equipment, do not plug telephone or telecommunications connectors into this receptacle.

CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT
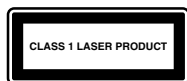
WARNING: This label or equivalent is located on the surface of your CD-ROM drive. This label indicates that the product is classified as a CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT.

Power supplies or systems marked with these symbols indicate the equipment is supplied by multiple sources of power.

WARNING: To reduce the risk of injury from electric shock, remove all power cords to completely disconnect power from the system.

Any product or assembly marked with these symbols indicates that the component exceeds the recommended weight for one individual to handle safely.

Weight in kg
Weight in lb

Preparation Procedures

Before beginning to remove any serviceable parts, determine whether the part is hot-pluggable or non-hot-pluggable.

Hot-Pluggable Devices

Hot-pluggable devices in the ProLiant ML370 Servers include SCSI hard drives and power supplies (with redundant power supply option kit).

IMPORTANT: It is not necessary to turn off the server to replace hot-plug devices when they are not in active use.

Non-Hot-Pluggable Devices

If the part is non-hot-pluggable, the server must be powered down. Non-hot-pluggable parts include the processors, all boards, DIMMs, fans, drive cages, and the standard power supply.

Powering Down the Server

System power in ProLiant ML370 Servers does not completely shut off with the front panel Power On/Standby switch. The switch toggles between On and Standby, rather than On and Off. The standby position removes power from most electronics and the drives, but portions of the hot-plug power supply and some internal circuitry remain active. To completely remove all power from the system, you must disconnect all power cords from the server.

WARNING: To reduce the risk of injury from electric shock, remove all power cords to completely disconnect power from the system.

WARNING: To reduce the risk of personal injury or damage to the equipment, ensure that only one component is extended at a time. A rack may become unstable if more than one component is extended for any reason.

WARNING: Because the rack allows you to stack computer components on a vertical rather than horizontal plane, you must take precautions to provide for rack stability and safety. It is important that you follow these precautions to provide for rack stability and safety and to protect both personnel and property. Heed all cautions and warnings throughout the installation instructions that came with the server.

> **WARNING:** To reduce the risk of personal injury or damage to the equipment: If the server is mounted in a rack, internal devices may not be accessible for removal and replacement. If the server must be removed from the rack for device accessibility, remove the server from the rack and place it on a sturdy table or workbench. Refer to the *ProLiant ML370 Servers Setup and Installation Guide* for further information on working with racks.

> **CAUTION:** The system power in the server does not completely shut off from the front Power On/Standby switch. Moving the switch from On to Standby leaves some portions of the hot-plug power supply and some internal circuitry active. Disconnect all power cords from the server to remove all power from the system.

> **CAUTION:** Electrostatic discharge can damage electronic components. Be sure you are properly grounded before beginning any installation procedure. For more information, see the section titled "Electrostatic Discharge Information" earlier in this chapter.

To power down the server:

1. Press the Power On/Standby switch to Standby. This places the server in standby mode, thereby disabling the main power supply output and providing auxiliary power to the server. Standby does not completely remove power from the system.

2. Verify that the system power LED indicator on the front panel, near the Power On/Standby switch, is amber and that the fan noise stops.

3. Disconnect all AC power cords from the AC outlet, then from the server.

4. Disconnect all external peripheral devices from the server.

5. For stability and safety, properly positioning the server is critical. If the server is mounted in a rack, remove the rack model server from the rack and place it on a sturdy table or workbench. Refer to the *ProLiant ML370 Servers Setup and Installation Guide* for instructions.

Rack Warnings

> **WARNING:** To reduce the risk of personal injury, make sure that the rack is adequately stabilized before extending a component outside the rack. A rack may become unstable if more than one component is extended for any reason. Extend only one component at a time.

> **WARNING:** To reduce the risk of personal injury or damage to the equipment, be sure that:
>
> ■ The leveling jacks are extended to the floor.
>
> ■ The full weight of the rack rests on the leveling jacks.
>
> ■ The stabilizers are attached to the rack if it is a single rack installation.
>
> ■ The racks are coupled together in multiple rack installations.

Server Warnings and Precautions

WARNING: To reduce the risk of personal injury from hot surfaces, allow the internal system components to cool before touching.

WARNING: To reduce the risk of electric shock or damage to the equipment:

- Do not disable the power cord grounding plug. The grounding plug is an important safety feature.

- Plug the power cord into a grounded (earthed) electrical outlet that is easily accessible at all times.

- Install the power supply before connecting the power cord to the power supply.

- Unplug the power cord before removing the power supply from the server.

- Disconnect power from the server by unplugging the power cord from either the electrical outlet or the server. If the system has multiple power supplies, disconnect power from the system by unplugging all power cords from the power supplies.

CAUTION: Protect the server from power fluctuations and temporary interruptions with a regulating uninterruptible power supply (UPS). This device protects the hardware from damage caused by power surges and voltage spikes and keeps the system in operation during a power failure.

CAUTION: ProLiant ML370 Servers must always be operated with the system unit cover on. Proper cooling will not be achieved if the system unit cover is removed.

Front Bezel

NOTE: This procedure applies to the ProLiant ML370 tower model only.

To open the front bezel:

 1. Unlock the front bezel keylock.

 2. Swing the front bezel out away from the server.

To remove the front bezel, continue with the following step.

 3. Lift up the front bezel, then pull it away from the chassis.
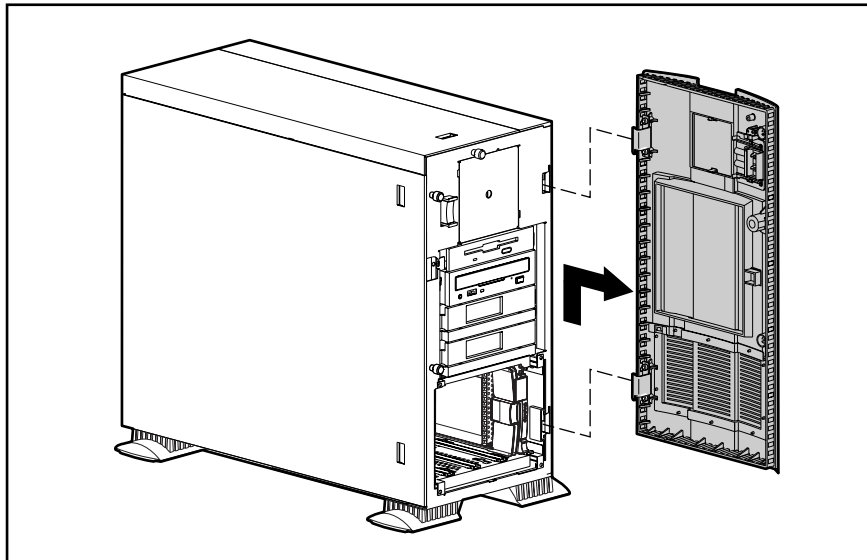

Figure 2-1. Removing the front bezel

Reverse steps 1 through 3 to replace the front bezel.

Rack Front Plate

NOTE: This procedure applies to the ProLiant ML370 rack-mountable model only.

To remove the rack front plate:

1. Remove the ten T-15 screws from the rack front plate ❶.

2. Pull the rack front plate away from the server ❷.
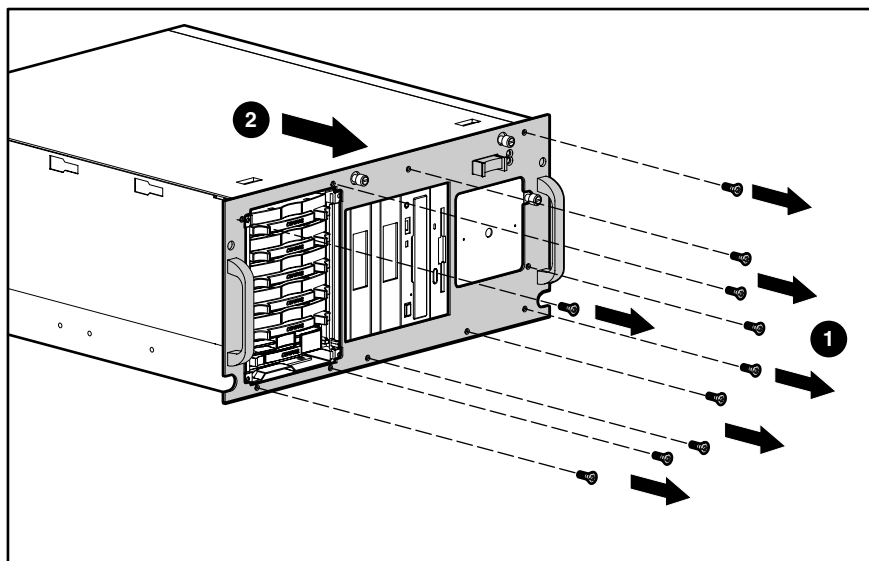
Figure 2-2. Removing the rack front plate

Reverse steps 1 and 2 to replace the rack front plate.

Feet

> **NOTE:** This procedure applies to the ProLiant ML370 tower model only.

To remove the feet from the chassis, one at a time:

1. Perform the preparation procedures. See "Powering Down the Server" earlier in this chapter.

2. Place the server on its right side (opposite from the large access panel).

3. Remove the T-15 screw from each foot ❶.

4. Pivot each foot down ❷; then pull it off the base of the chassis ❸.
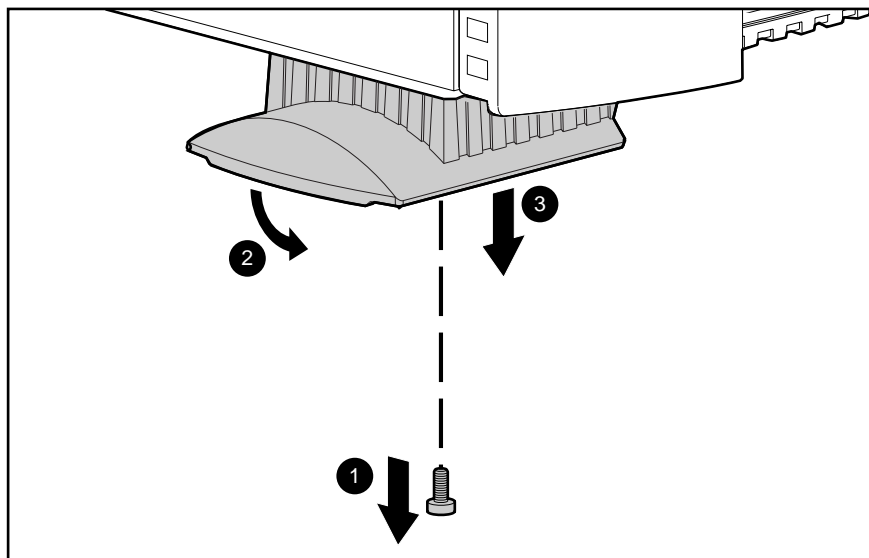
Figure 2-3. Removing the feet from the chassis

Reverse steps 1 through 4 to replace the feet. Make sure each foot snaps securely into its holder.

Large Access Panel

> ⚠ **WARNING:** To reduce the risk of personal injury from hot surfaces, allow internal system components to cool before touching them.

To remove the large access panel:

1. Perform the preparation procedures. See "Powering Down the Server" earlier in this chapter.

2. Open the front bezel (tower model only). See "Front Bezel" earlier in this chapter.

3. Loosen the two thumbscrews securing the large access panel to the front of the chassis ❶.

4. Slide the large access panel back about 1.5 cm (0.5 inches), then pull it away from the chassis ❷.
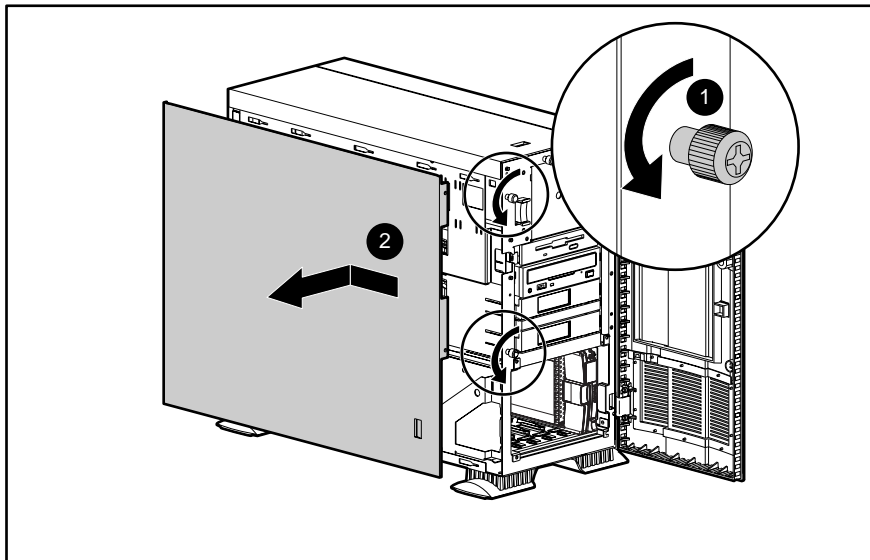
Figure 2-4. Removing the large access panel

Reverse steps 1 through 4 to replace the large access panel.

Small Access Panel

> ⚠ **WARNING:** To reduce the risk of personal injury from hot surfaces, allow internal system components to cool before touching them.

To remove the small access panel:

1. Perform the preparation procedures. See "Powering Down the Server" earlier in this chapter.

2. Open the front bezel (tower model only). See "Front Bezel" earlier in this chapter.

3. Loosen the thumbscrew securing the small access panel to the chassis ❶.

4. Slide the small access panel toward the rear of the unit about 1.5 cm (0.5 inches), then off to the side ❷.
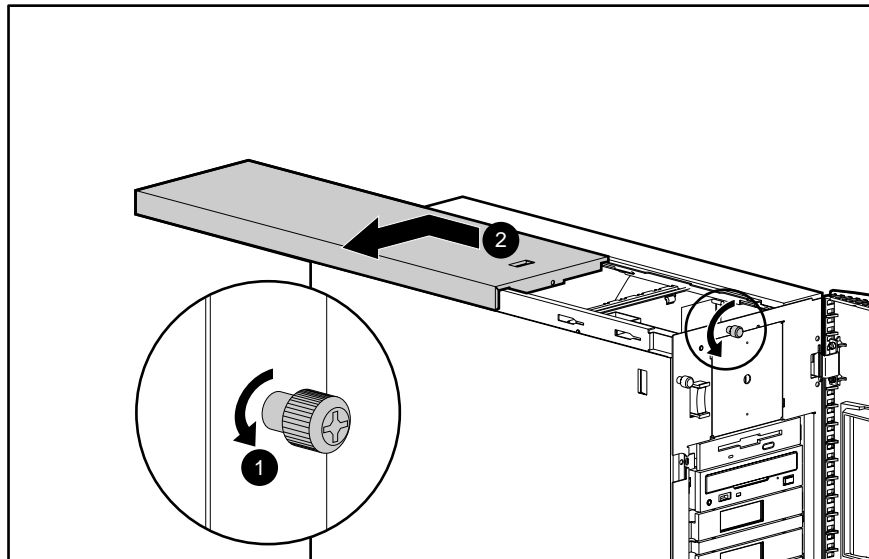
Figure 2-5. Removing the small access panel

Reverse steps 1 through 4 to replace the small access panel.

Right Side Panel

NOTE: This panel does not exist on the rack-mountable model. This procedure applies to the tower model only.

To remove the right side panel from the chassis:

1. Perform the preparation procedures. See "Powering Down the Server" earlier in this chapter.

2. Remove the front bezel (tower model only). See "Front Bezel" earlier in this chapter.

3. Remove the feet on the base of the right side panel. See "Feet" earlier in this chapter.

4. Remove the two Torx T-15 screws securing the right side panel to the front of the chassis ❶.

5. Pull the right side panel back, then away from the chassis ❷.
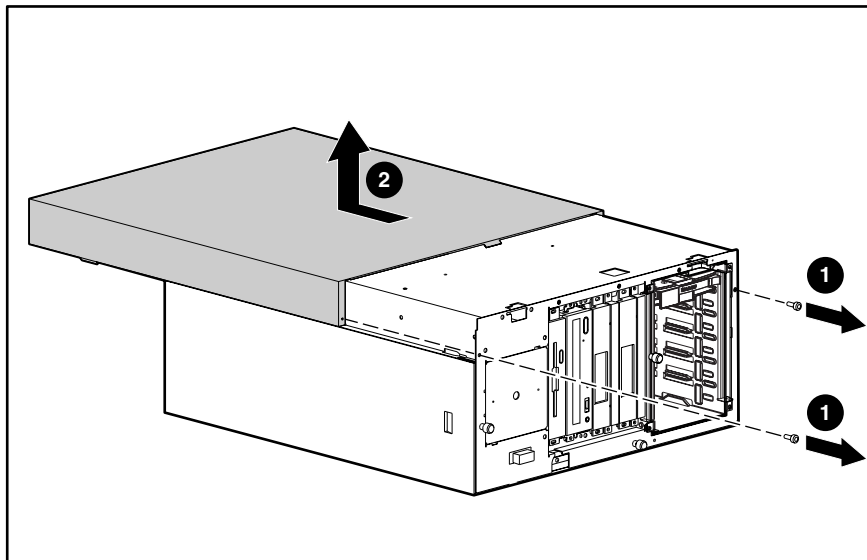
Figure 2-6. Removing the right side panel

Reverse steps 1 through 5 to replace the right side panel.

Drives and Related Components

Compaq ProLiant ML370 Servers ship standard with a hot-plug drive cage containing six 1.0-inch hot-plug drive bays. Four removable media bays contain one third-height diskette drive and one half-height IDE CD-ROM drive. Two bays can contain a second CD-ROM drive, tape drives, hard drives, or any SCSI device.

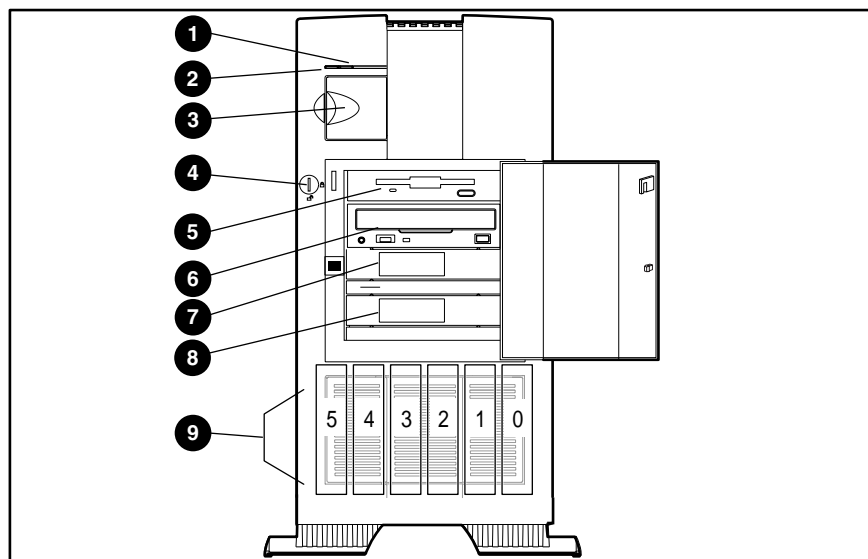Compaq ProLiant ML370 Servers support up to ten mass storage devices including the diskette drive and IDE CD-ROM drive. Figure 2-7 and Table 2-1 describe the drive configurations.

Figure 2-7. Drives and related components

Table 2-1
Drives and Related Components

Item	Description
❶	Drive activity LED indicator
❷	Power On/Standby status LED indicator
❸	Power On/Standby switch
❹	Key lock
❺	Diskette drive
❻	CD-ROM drive
❼	Removable media slot
❽	Removable media slot
❾	Hot-plug drive bays 0-5

Cable Routing Diagrams

> ⚠ **CAUTION:** When routing cables, always ensure that the cables are not in a position where they will be pinched or crimped.

IDE CD-ROM Drive Cable Diagram
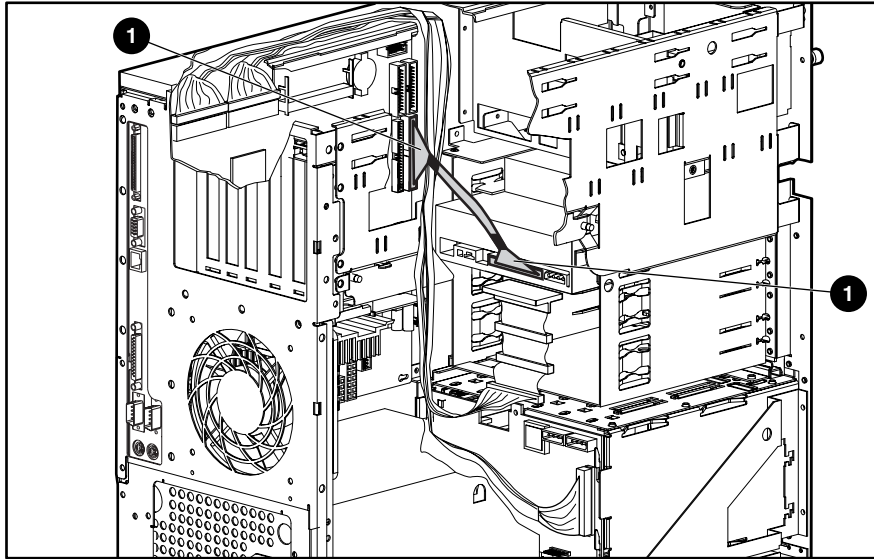
Figure 2-8. IDE CD-ROM drive cable ❶

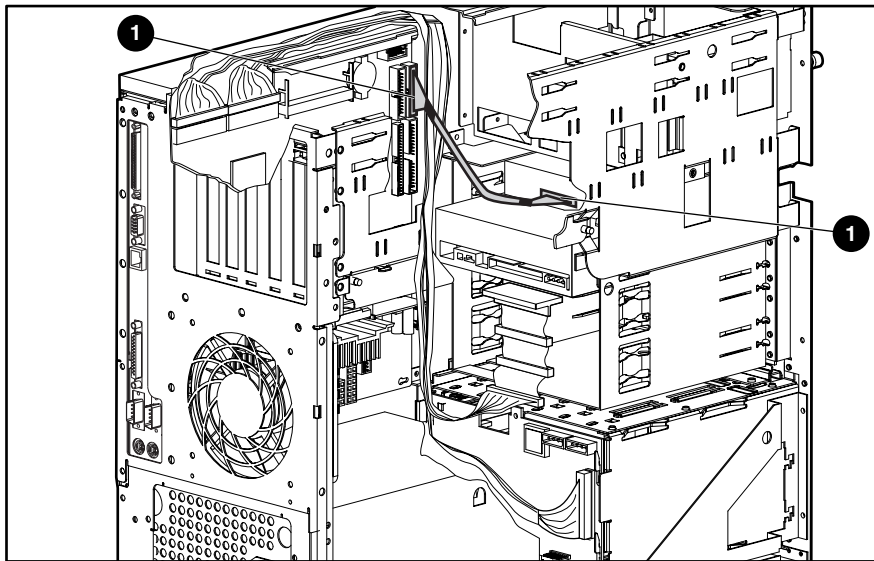## Diskette Drive Cable Diagram

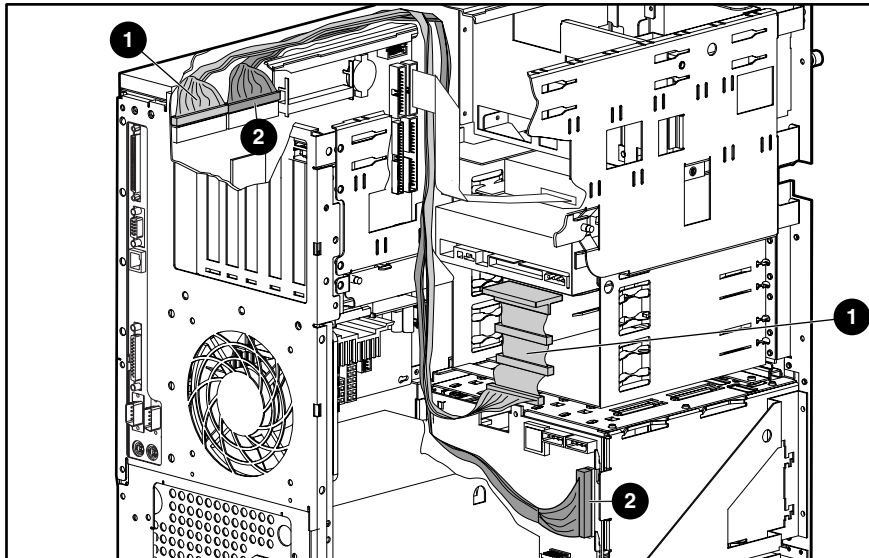Figure 2-9. Diskette drive cable ❶

SCSI Cable Diagram

Figure 2-10. SCSI cable diagram: ❶ the three-device, terminated SCSI cable connected from internal SCSI Port 1 to the vacant bays of the removable media area, and ❷ the point-to-point SCSI cable connected from internal SCSI Port 2 to the backplane of the hot-plug drive cage

Hot-Plug Drive Cage

To remove the hot-plug drive cage:

1. Perform the preparation procedures. See "Powering Down the Server" earlier in this chapter.

2. Remove the front bezel (tower model only). See "Front Bezel" earlier in this chapter.

3. Remove the large access panel. See "Large Access Panel" earlier in this chapter.

4. Disconnect all cables from the hot-plug drive cage: one SCSI cable and two power connectors.

5. Remove the four T-15 screws securing the hot-plug drive cage to the chassis ❶.

6. Slide the hot-plug drive cage out the front of the chassis ❷.
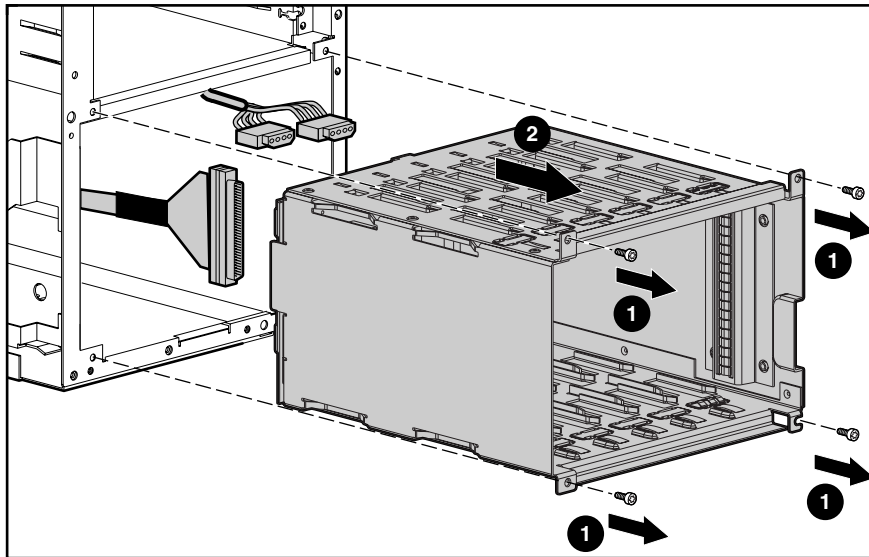
Figure 2-11. Removing the hot-plug drive cage

Reverse steps 1 through 6 to replace the hot-plug drive cage.

> ⚠ **CAUTION:** Make sure that all power and signal cables to the hot-plug drive cage have been reseated properly.

IDE CD-ROM Drive

To remove the CD-ROM drive:

1. Perform the preparation procedures. See "Powering Down the Server" earlier in this chapter.

2. Open the front bezel (tower model only). See "Front Bezel" earlier in this chapter.

3. Remove the large access panel. See "Large Access Panel" earlier in this chapter.

4. Disconnect all cables from the CD-ROM drive.

5. Remove the two T-15 screws and washers securing the CD-ROM drive to the chassis ❶.

6. Slide the CD-ROM drive out the front of the chassis ❷.
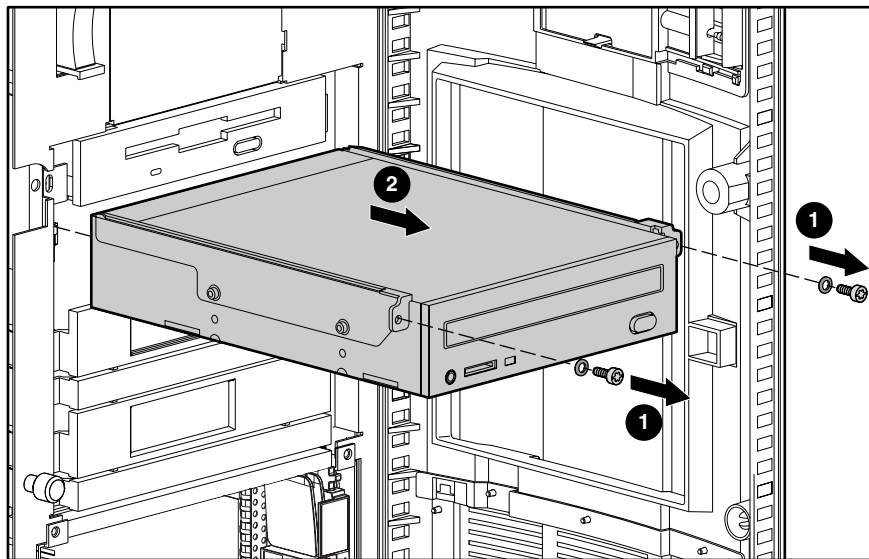
Figure 2-12. Removing the CD-ROM drive

Reverse steps 1 through 6 to replace the CD-ROM drive.

Diskette Drive

To remove the diskette drive:

1. Perform the preparation procedures. See "Powering Down the Server" earlier in this chapter.

2. Open the front bezel (tower model only). See "Front Bezel" earlier in this chapter.

3. Remove the large access panel. See "Large Access Panel" earlier in this chapter.

4. Disconnect all cables from the diskette drive.

5. Remove the two T-15 screws and washers securing the diskette drive to the chassis ❶.

6. Slide the diskette drive out the front of the chassis ❷.
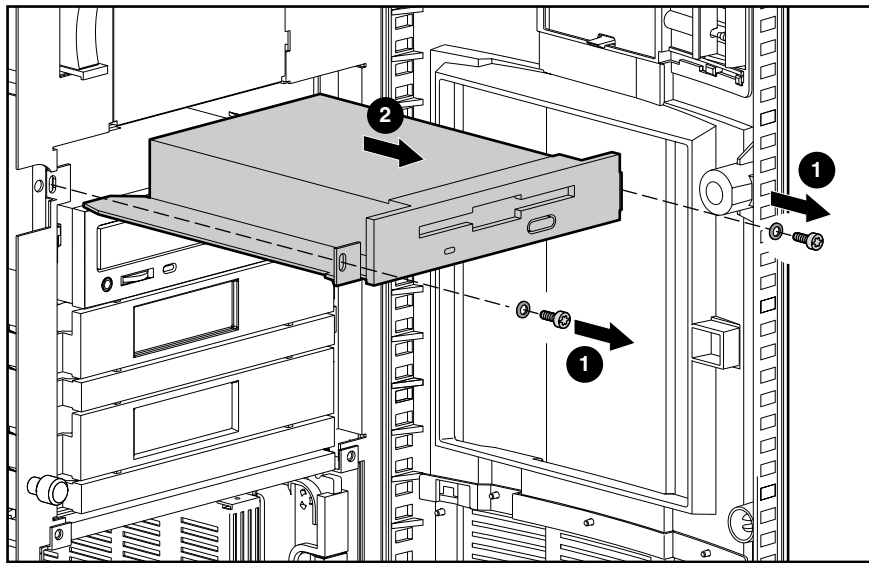
Figure 2-13. Removing the diskette drive

Reverse steps 1 through 6 to replace the diskette drive.

Hard Drive Blank

> **IMPORTANT:** A hard drive blank must be installed in an unused hard drive slot. Failure to install a hard drive blank could result in system errors.

To remove a hard drive blank:

1. Open the front bezel (tower model only). See "Front Bezel" earlier in this chapter.

2. Squeeze the top and bottom tabs of the blank ❶.

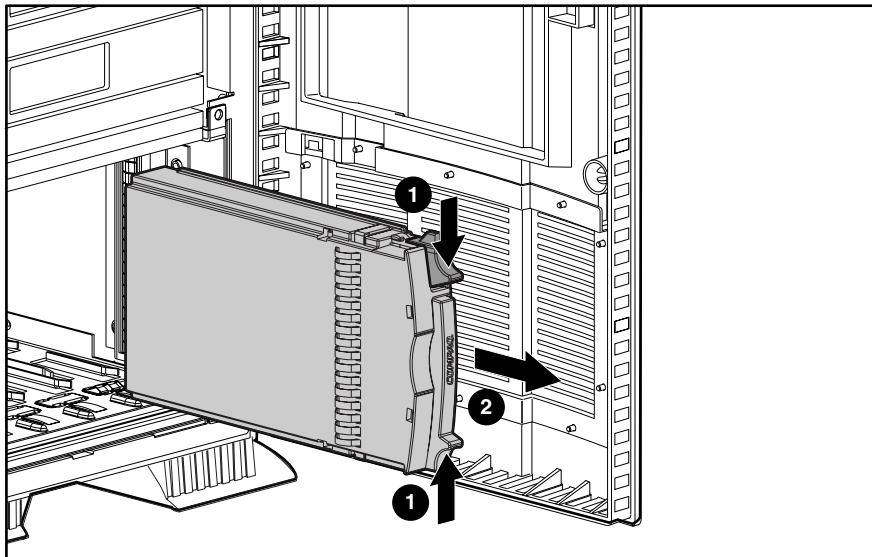3. Pull the blank out of the hard drive cage ❷.

Figure 2-14. Removing a hard drive blank

Reverse steps 1 through 3 to replace a hard drive blank.

Hot-Plug SCSI Hard Drive

To remove a hot-plug SCSI hard drive:

1. Open the front bezel (tower model only). See "Front Bezel" earlier in this chapter.

2. Press the release button ❶ and swing the lever ❷ outward from the bottom.

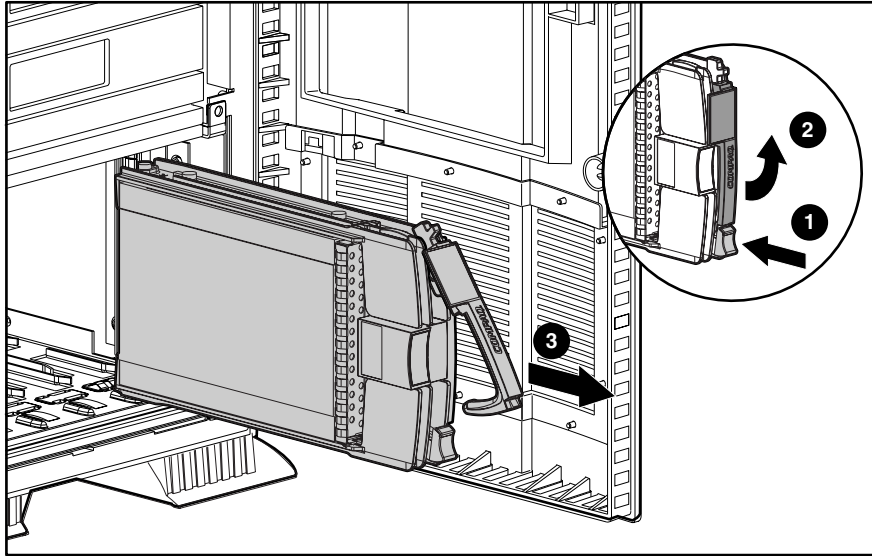3. Pull the hot-plug SCSI hard drive out of the bay ❸.

Figure 2-15. Removing a hot-plug SCSI hard drive

Reverse steps 1 through 3 to replace the hot-plug SCSI hard drive.

Removable Media Drive Bay Blank

To remove a removable media drive bay blank:

1. Open the front bezel (tower model only). See "Front Bezel" earlier in this chapter.

2. Remove the four Torx T-15 screws securing the removable media drive bay blank to the chassis ❶.

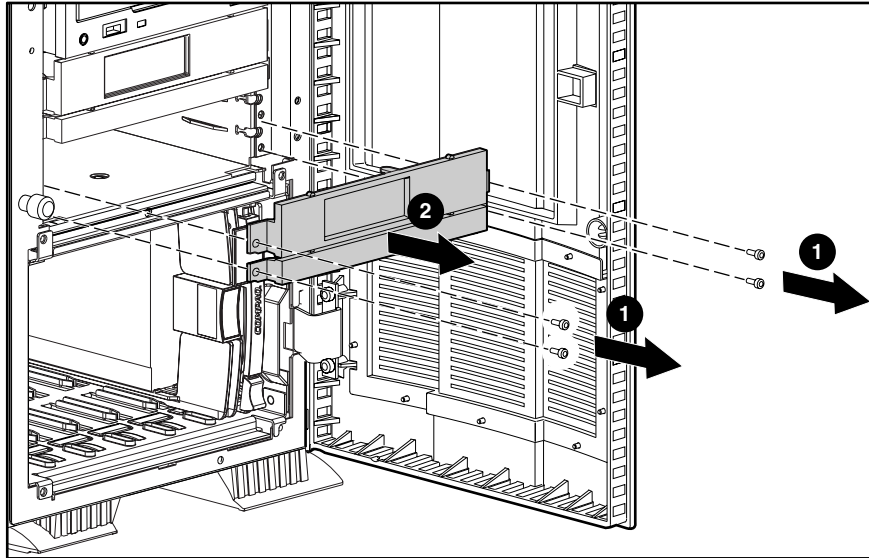3. Remove the removable media drive bay blank ❷.

Figure 2-16. Removing a removable media drive bay blank

Reverse steps 1 through 3 to replace a removable media drive bay blank.

CPU Fan

To remove the CPU fan:

1. Perform the preparation procedures. See "Powering Down the Server" earlier in this chapter.

2. Open the front bezel (tower model only). See "Front Bezel" earlier in this chapter.

3. Remove the server large access panel. See "Large Access Panel" earlier in this chapter.

4. Unplug the CPU fan from the system board.

5. Remove the four screws ❶ securing the fan assembly to the chassis.
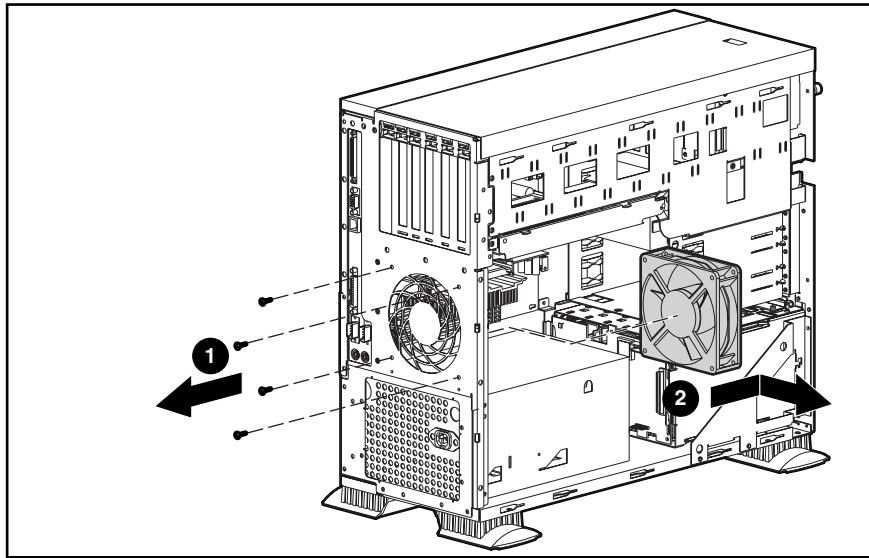
6. Remove the CPU fan ❷.

Figure 2-17. Removing the CPU fan

Reverse steps 1 through 6 to replace the CPU fan.

I/O Fan

To remove the I/O fan:

1. Perform the preparation procedures. See "Powering Down the Server" earlier in this chapter.

2. Open the front bezel (tower model only). See "Front Bezel" earlier in this chapter.

3. Remove the large and small access panels. See "Large Access Panel" and "Small Access Panel" earlier in this chapter.

4. Loosen the single thumbscrew securing the I/O fan to the chassis ❶.

5. Tilt the top of the I/O fan forward ❷.

6. Disconnect the I/O fan cable from the system board ❸.
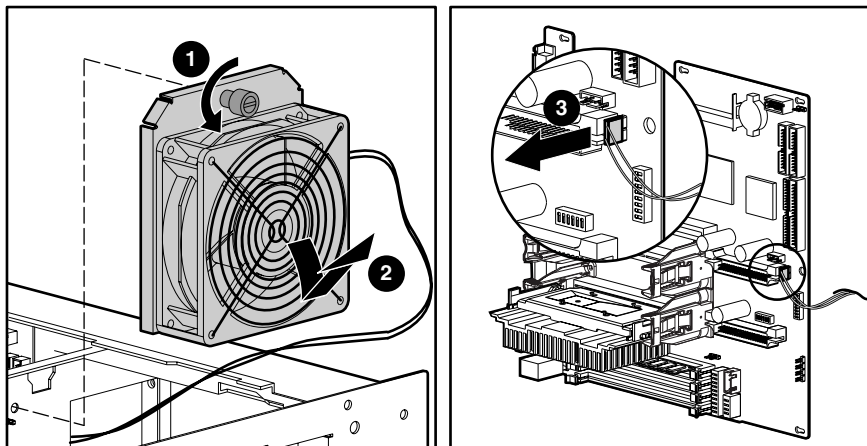
7. Lift the I/O fan away from the chassis.

Figure 2-18. Removing the I/O fan

Reverse steps 1 through 7 to replace the I/O fan.

Power Switch with Cable and LED Indicators

To remove the power switch and cable assembly:

1. Perform the preparation procedures. See "Powering Down the Server" earlier in this chapter.

2. Open the front bezel (tower model only). See "Front Bezel" earlier in this chapter.

3. Remove the small access panel. See "Small Access Panel" earlier in this chapter.

4. Remove the single T-15 screw securing the power switch to the chassis ❶.

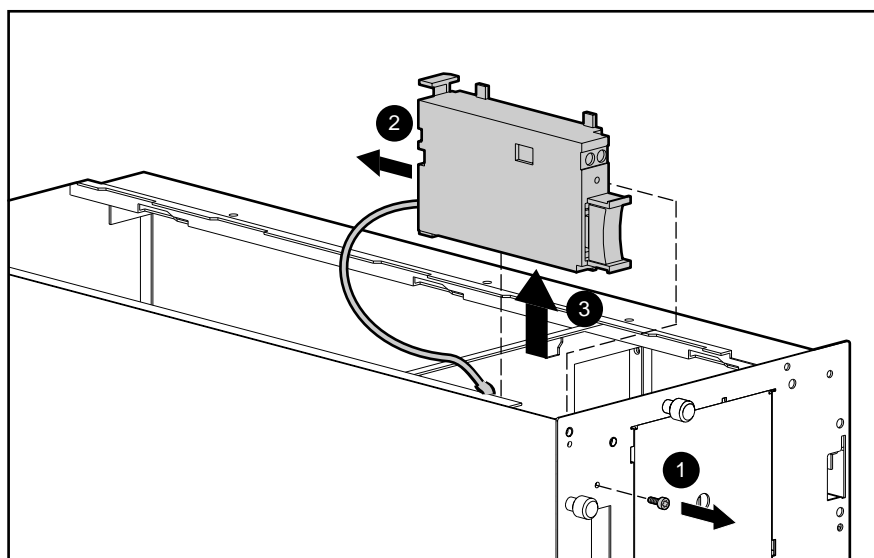5. Slide the power switch housing back ❷, then lift it out of the chassis ❸.

Figure 2-19. Removing the power switch with LED and cable

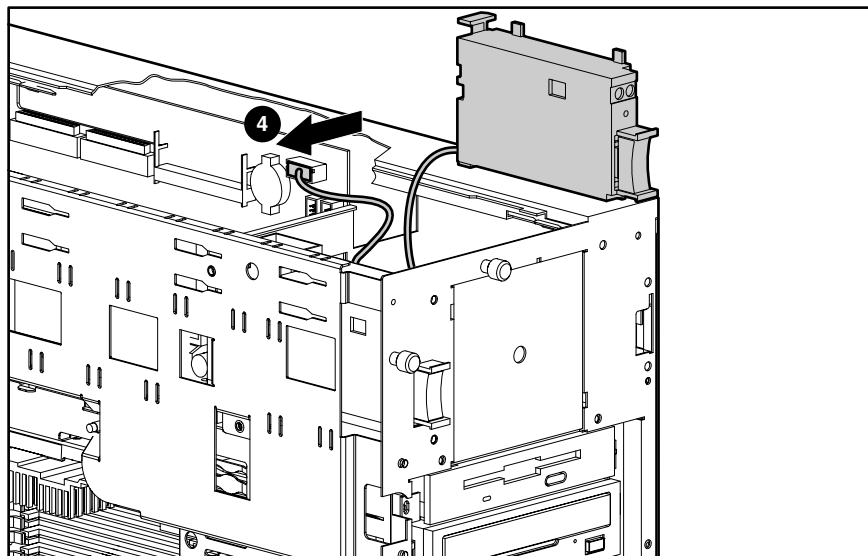6. Disconnect the power switch from the system board ❹.

Figure 2-20. Unplugging the power switch from the system board

Reverse steps 1 through 6 to replace the power switch and cable assembly.
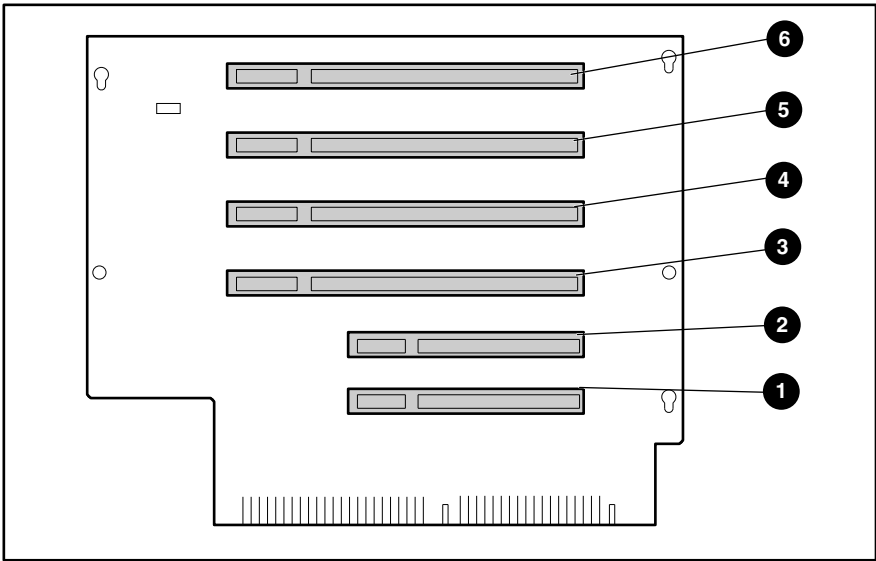
Riser Board Expansion Slots

Figure 2-21. Riser board expansion slots

**Table 2-2
Riser Board Expansion Slots**

Item	Description
❶, ❷	Primary PCI bus slots 1 and 2 (32-bit)
❸, ❹, ❺, ❻	Secondary PCI bus slots 3-6 (64-bit)

I/O Expansion Slot Cover

To remove an I/O expansion slot cover:

1. Perform the preparation procedures. See "Powering Down the Server" earlier in this chapter.

2. Open the front bezel (tower model only). See "Front Bezel" earlier in this chapter.

3. Remove the small access panel. See "Small Access Panel" earlier in this chapter.

4. Press down on the release button at the top of the I/O expansion slot retention lever ❶.

5. Swing the I/O expansion slot retention lever upward ❷.

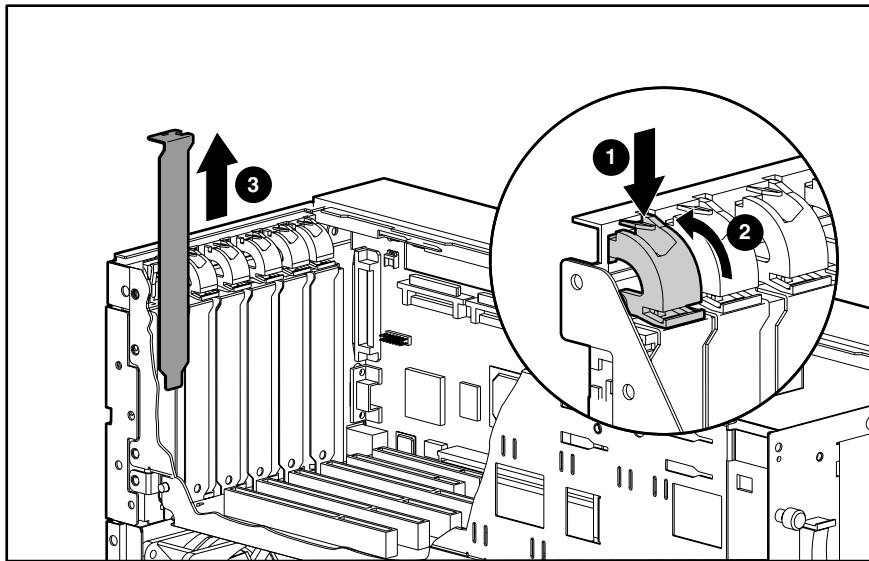6. Lift the I/O expansion slot cover up and out of the server ❸.

Figure 2-22. Removing an I/O expansion slot cover

Reverse steps 1 through 6 to replace an I/O expansion slot cover.

I/O Expansion Board

To remove an I/O expansion board:

1. Perform the preparation procedures. See "Powering Down the Server" earlier in this chapter.

2. Open the front bezel (tower model only). See "Front Bezel" earlier in this chapter.

3. Remove the small access panel. See "Small Access Panel" earlier in this chapter.

4. Remove any peripheral devices attached to the I/O expansion board.

5. Release the I/O expansion board retention lever. See "I/O Expansion Slot Cover" earlier in this chapter.

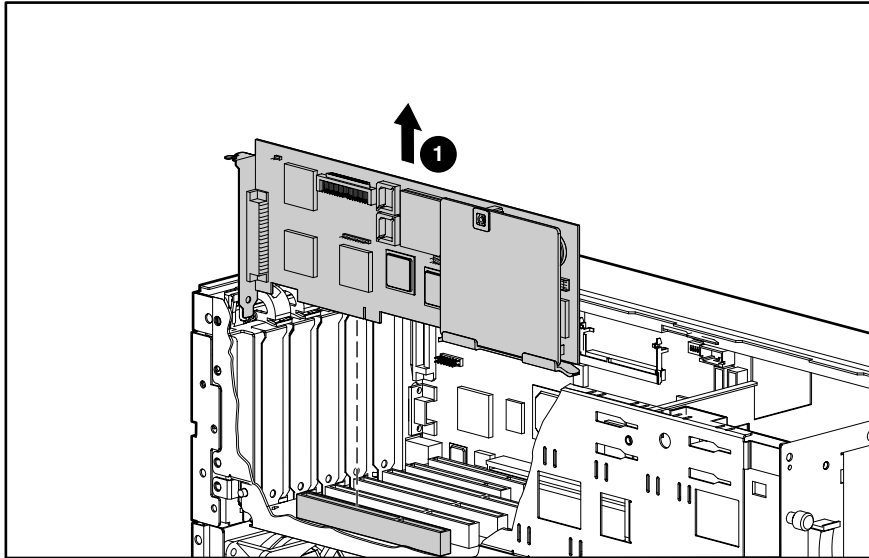6. Lift the I/O expansion board up and out of the server ❶.

Figure 2-23. Removing an I/O expansion board

Reverse steps 1 through 6 to replace an I/O expansion board.

IMPORTANT: If only removing the board, install an expansion slot cover.

Riser Board and Brace

To remove the riser board and brace:

1. Perform the preparation procedures. See "Powering Down the Server" earlier in this chapter.

2. Open the front bezel (tower model only). See "Front Bezel" earlier in this chapter.

3. Remove any I/O expansion boards (if installed) from the riser board. See "I/O Expansion Board" earlier in this chapter.

4. Remove the large access panel. See "Large Access Panel" earlier in this chapter.

5. Remove the two Torx T-15 screws securing the riser board and brace to the chassis ❶.

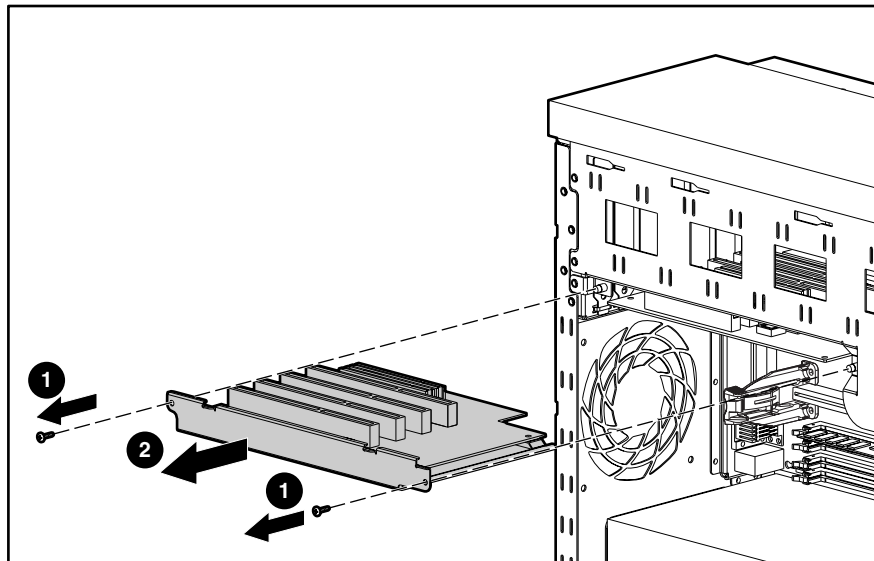6. Slide the riser board and brace out of the server ❷.

Figure 2-24. Removing the riser board and brace

Reverse steps 1 through 6 to replace the riser board and brace. Make sure that the board is seated securely before the screws are tightened.

Processor

To remove the processor:

1. Perform the preparation procedures. See "Powering Down the Server" earlier in this chapter.

2. Open the front bezel (tower model only). See "Front Bezel" earlier in this chapter.

3. Remove the large access panel. See "Large Access Panel" earlier in this chapter.

4. Push in the tabs at each side of the processor until you hear two clicks ❶.

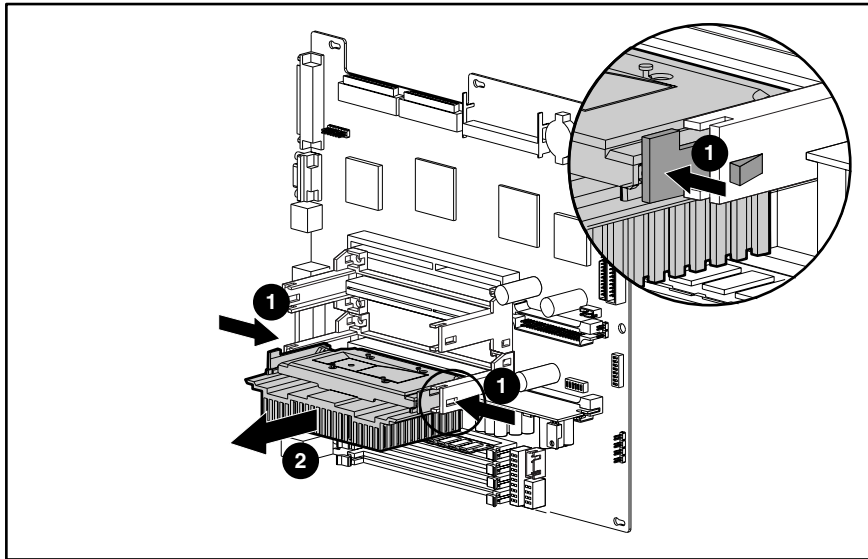5. While holding the tabs in, pull out the processor ❷.

Figure 2-25. Removing the processor

Reverse steps 1 through 5 to replace the processor.

Use the System Configuration Utility to reconfigure the system if a faulty processor is replaced. See Chapter 3, "Diagnostics and Troubleshooting," for more information.

> **NOTE:** Individual heat sinks may vary from the one(s) shown above.

Processor Power Module

To remove the Processor Power Module:

1. Perform the preparation procedures. See "Powering Down the Server" earlier in this chapter.

2. Open the front bezel (tower model only). See "Front Bezel" earlier in this chapter.

3. Remove the large access panel. See "Large Access Panel" earlier in this chapter.

4. Press outward on the tabs at each end of the Processor Power Module ❶.

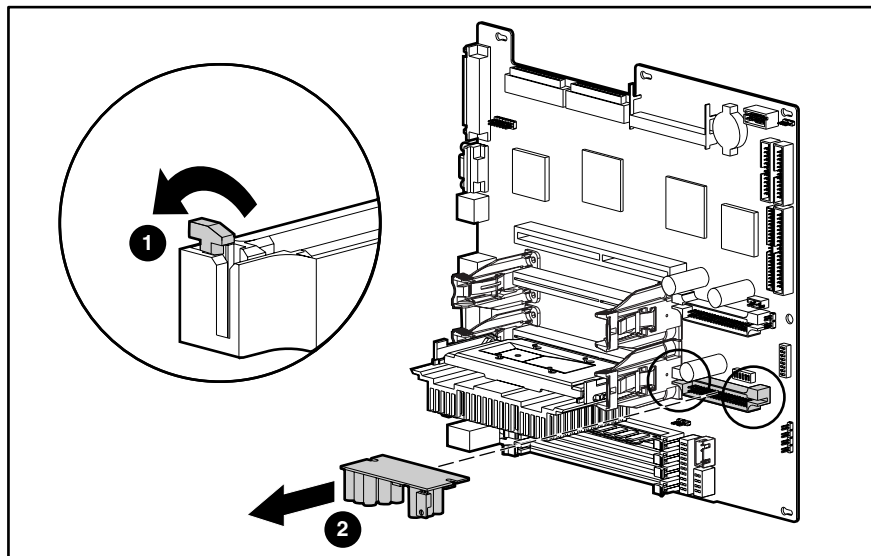5. Pull the Processor Power Module out of the socket ❷.

Figure 2-26. Removing the Processor Power Module

Reverse steps 1 through 5 to replace a Processor Power Module. The clips on the Processor Power Module will snap into a locked position automatically when the Processor Power Module is fully seated in the socket. The module is keyed to ensure correct alignment.

Use System Configuration Utility to reconfigure the server. See Chapter 3, "Diagnostics and Troubleshooting," for more information.

Memory

Compaq ProLiant ML370 Servers ship standard with a 128-MB Synchronous DRAM (SDRAM) dual inline memory module (DIMM) installed in DIMM slot 1. Memory is expandable to 4 GB (when 1-GB DIMMs are available).
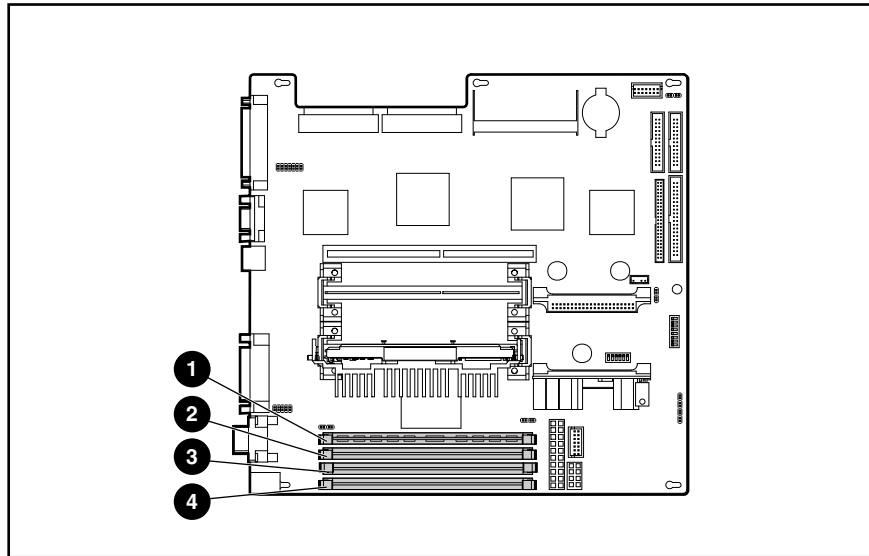

Figure 2-27. DIMM slots on the system board

Table 2-3
SDRAM DIMM Slot Locations

Item	Description
❶	SDRAM DIMM slot 1 (populated with standard 128-MB DIMM)
❷	SDRAM DIMM slot 2
❸	SDRAM DIMM slot 3
❹	SDRAM DIMM slot 4

> **CAUTION:** Use only Compaq DIMMs. DIMMs from other sources may adversely affect data integrity. Power-On Self-Test (POST) will warn of nonsupported DIMMs.

IMPORTANT: The following guidelines **MUST** be followed when installing or replacing memory:

■ Use 133-MHz, 64-, 128-, 256-, 512-MB or 1-GB registered SDRAM DIMMs, 3.3 volts, 72 bits wide, with Error Correction Code (ECC).

■ Any combination of the above modules can be used.

■ Install SDRAM DIMM modules one at a time in sequential order, starting with DIMM slot 1.

■ Install DIMMs of the same speed. Do not install DIMM modules supporting different speeds.

■ Install DIMMs only in one direction. Ensure that the notch on the module matches the tab on the DIMM slot and that the module is fully inserted and properly seated.

To remove an SDRAM DIMM:

1. Perform the preparation procedures. See "Powering Down the Server" earlier in this chapter.

2. Open the front bezel (tower model only). See "Front Bezel" earlier in this chapter.

3. Remove the large access panel. See "Large Access Panel" earlier in this chapter.

4. Press both SDRAM DIMM slot release levers outward ❶.
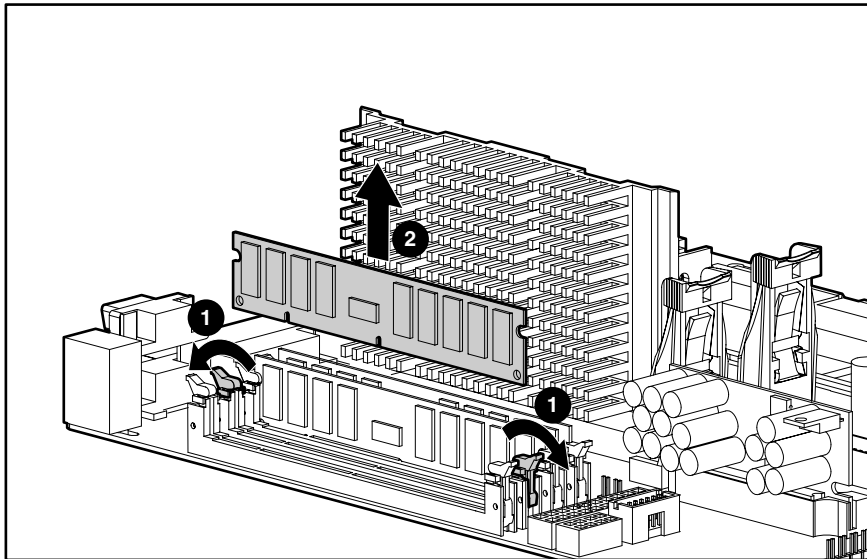
5. Pull the DIMM module up from the board ❷.

Figure 2-28. Removing a DIMM module from the system board

Reverse steps 1 through 5 to replace the DIMM. The DIMM can be installed in only one way. Match the notch on the DIMM module with the tab on the memory socket. Push the DIMM module down into the socket, making sure that the module is fully inserted and properly seated.

Power Supply

> ⚠ **WARNING:** To reduce the risk of electric shock, do not disassemble the power supply or attempt to repair it. It should be replaced only with the specified Compaq spare part.

To remove the power supply:

1. Perform the preparation procedures. See "Powering Down the Server" earlier in this chapter.

2. Open the front bezel (tower model only). See "Front Bezel" earlier in this chapter.

3. Remove the large access panel. See "Large Access Panel" earlier in this chapter.

4. Slide the hot-plug drive cage out slightly by loosening the screws attaching it to the chassis. See "Hot-Plug Drive Cage" earlier in this chapter.

5. Disconnect the power supply cable from the system board.
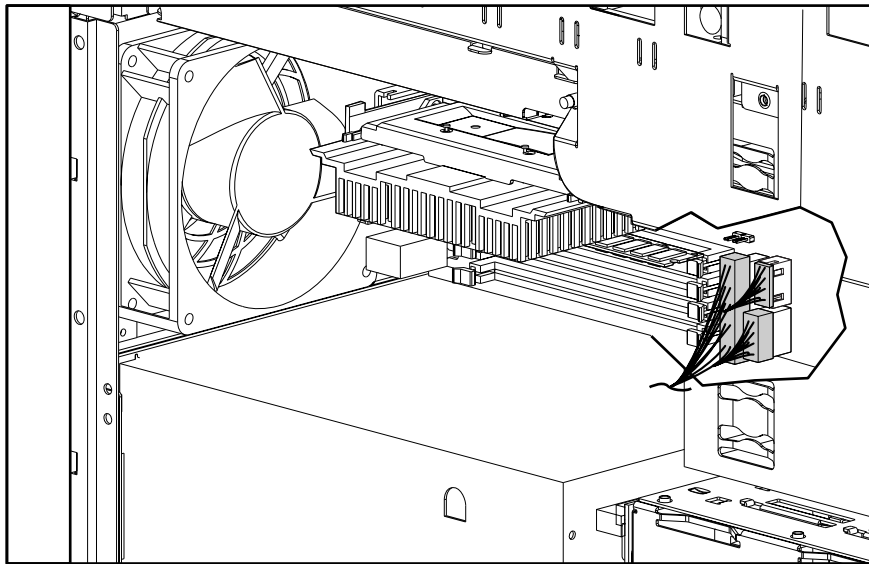

Figure 2-29. Disconnecting the power supply cable from the system board

6. Disconnect all other power supply cables.

7. Remove the four Torx T-15 screws securing the power supply to the back of the chassis ❶.

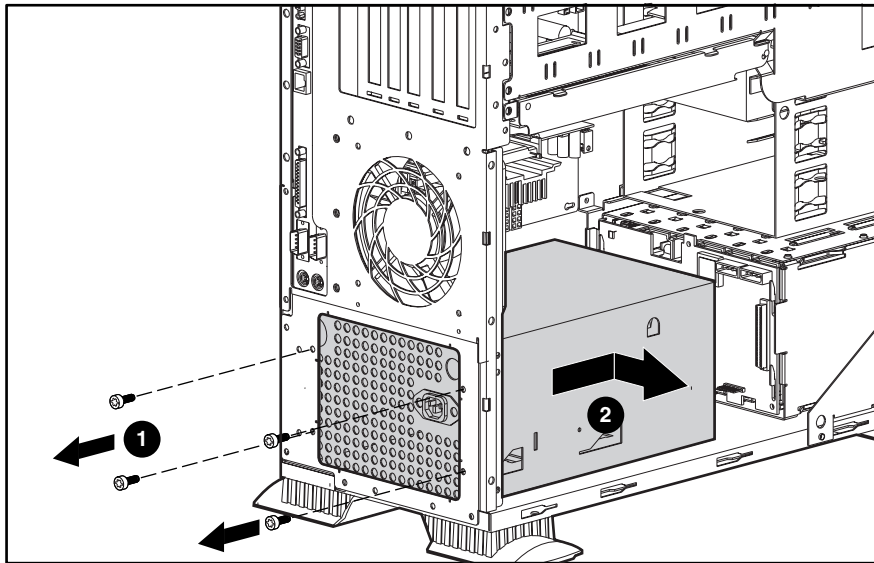8. Pull the power supply slightly back, then out the side of the chassis ❷.

Figure 2-30. Removing the power supply

Reverse steps 1 through 8 to replace the power supply.

Hot-Plug SCSI Drive Backplane

To remove the hot-plug SCSI drive backplane:

1. Perform the preparation procedures. See "Powering Down the Server" earlier in this chapter.

2. Open the front bezel (tower model only). See "Front Bezel" earlier in this chapter.

3. Remove the large access panel. See "Large Access Panel" earlier in this chapter.

4. Remove all hard drive blanks and hot-plug hard drives. See "Hard Drive Blank" and "Hot-Plug SCSI Hard Drive" earlier in this chapter.

5. Remove the hot-plug drive cage. See "Hot-Plug Drive Cage" earlier in this chapter.

6. Remove the three Torx T-15 screws securing the hot-plug SCSI drive backplane to the hot-plug SCSI drive cage ❶.

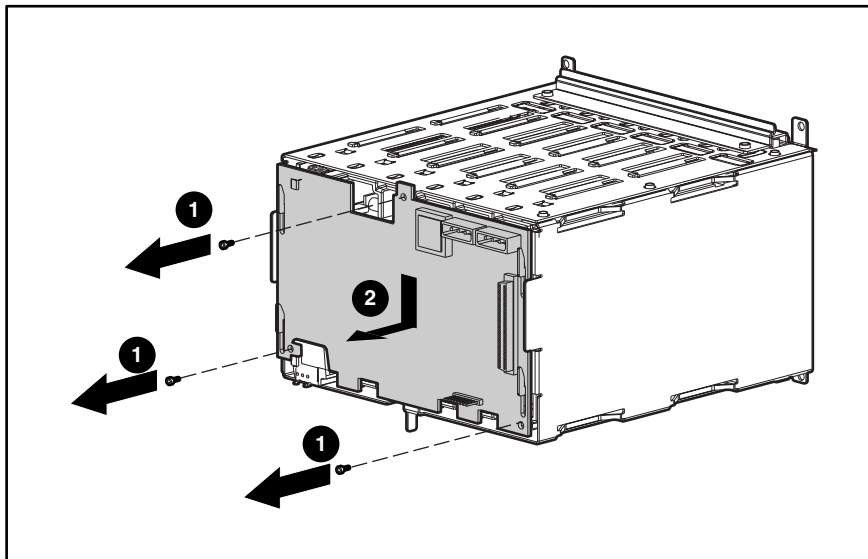7. Slide the hot-plug SCSI drive backplane down slightly. Then pull it from the mounting posts ❷.

Figure 2-31. Removing the hot-plug SCSI drive backplane

Reverse steps 1 through 7 to replace the hot-plug SCSI drive backplane.

System Board

To remove the system board:

1. Perform the preparation procedures. See "Powering Down the Server" earlier in this chapter.

2. Open the front bezel (tower model only). See "Front Bezel" earlier in this chapter.

3. Remove the small access panel. See "Small Access Panel" earlier in this chapter.

4. Remove the large access panel. See "Large Access Panel" earlier in this chapter.

5. Remove all expansion boards. See "I/O Expansion Board" earlier in this chapter.

6. Remove the riser board and brace. See "Riser Board and Brace" earlier in this chapter.

7. Disconnect all internal and external cables ❶.

8. Loosen the thumbscrew securing the system board to the chassis ❷.

9. Slide the system board forward to release it from the six retaining guides, then pull the system board out the top of the chassis ❸.
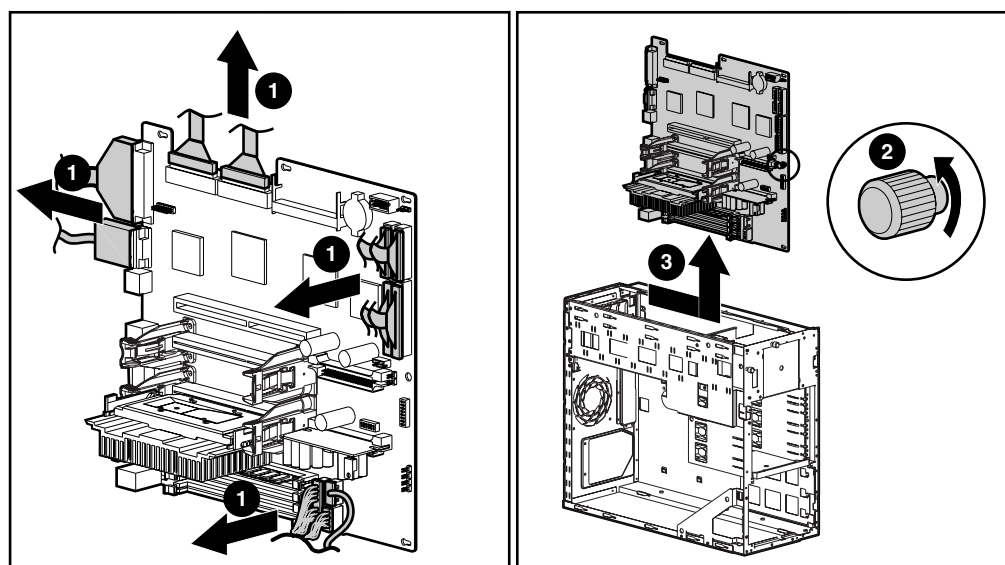
Figure 2-32. Removing the system board

Reverse steps 1 through 9 to replace the system board.

Compaq Integrated Smart Array Controller Upgrade Module

NOTE: The Compaq Integrated Smart Array Controller upgrade module is an upgrade option in the ProLiant ML370.

To remove the Compaq Integrated Smart Array Controller upgrade module:

1. Perform the preparation procedures. See "Powering Down the Server" earlier in this chapter.

2. Open the front bezel (tower model only). See "Front Bezel" earlier in this chapter.

3. Remove the small access panel. See "Small Access Panel" earlier in this chapter.

4. Remove any I/O expansion boards. See "I/O Expansion Board" earlier in this chapter.

5. Push in the clips securing the Compaq Integrated Smart Array Controller module to the system board ❶.

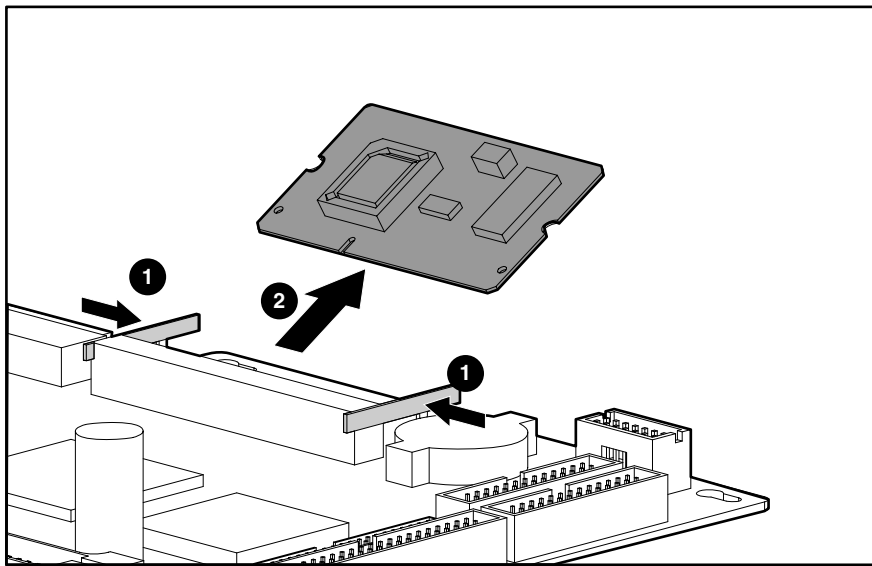6. Pull the module away from the system board ❷.

Figure 2-33. Removing the Compaq Integrated Smart Array Controller upgrade module

Reverse steps 1 through 6 to replace the Compaq Integrated Smart Array Controller upgrade module.

Internal Replacement Battery

⚠ **WARNING:** This server contains an internal lithium manganese dioxide battery. There is risk of fire and burns if the battery pack is not handled properly. To reduce the risk of personal injury:

- Do not attempt to recharge the battery.

- Do not expose to temperatures higher than 60°C.

- Do not disassemble, crush, puncture, short external contacts, or dispose of in fire or water.

- Replace only with the Compaq spare designated for this product.

To install the internal replacement battery:

1. Perform the preparation procedures. See "Powering Down the Server" earlier in this chapter.

2. Open the front bezel (tower model only). See "Front Bezel" earlier in this chapter.

3. Remove the small access panel. See "Small Access Panel" earlier in this chapter.
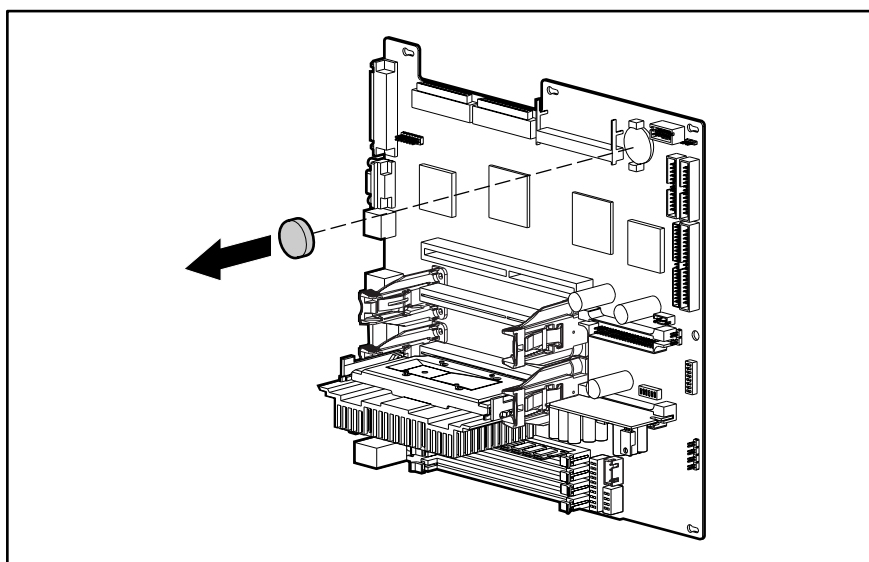
4. Remove the battery from the system board.

Figure 2-34. Removing the internal replacement battery

5. Install the replacement battery, then run the System Configuration utility to reconfigure the server.

⚠ **CAUTION:** Loss of BIOS Settings will occur when the lithium battery is removed. BIOS settings must be reconfigured whenever the battery is replaced.

CAUTION: Batteries, battery packs, and accumulators should not be disposed of together with the general household waste. In order to forward them to recycling or proper disposal, please use the public collection system or return them to Compaq, your authorized Compaq Partners, or their agents.

Chapter **3**

Diagnostics and Troubleshooting

This chapter describes software and firmware diagnostic tools available for all Compaq server products. The sections in this chapter are:

■ Diagnostic Tools Utility Overview

■ Default Configuration

■ Utilities Access

■ Power-On Self-Test (POST)

■ Diagnostics Software

■ Array Diagnostic Utility (ADU)

■ Integrated Management Log

■ Rapid Error Recovery

■ Remote Service Features

■ ROMPaq Error Recovery Options

■ Compaq Insight Manager

Diagnostic Tools Utility Overview

These utilities were developed to assist in diagnosing problems, testing the hardware, and monitoring and managing Compaq server hardware.

Table 3-1
Diagnostic Tools

Tool	What it is	How to run it
Compaq Diagnostics Program	A utility to assist testing and/or verifying operation of Compaq hardware. If problems are found, Compaq Diagnostics isolates failure(s) down to replaceable part, whenever possible.	Diagnostics and Utilities are located on Compaq system partition (if installed) or your hard drive and must be accessed when a system configuration error is detected during Power-On Self-Test (POST). Compaq Diagnostics software is also available on Compaq SmartStart and Support Software CD. A Diagnostics diskette can be created from SmartStart and Support Software CD, and Diagnostics run from diskette.
Compaq Inspect Utility	The Inspect Utility provides a report detailing system information.	The Inspect Utility can be run from either the main menu of the System Configuration Utility or the Compaq Diagnostics program.
Compaq Insight Manager	A client/server application used to remotely manage Compaq hardware in a network environment. Reports hardware fault conditions (both failure and prefailure) and collects data for reporting and graphing.	For more information, refer to the Compaq Management CD and the Compaq Insight Manager User Guide. More information on viewing and printing the event list can be found in the Compaq Insight Manager section of this chapter.
Compaq Survey Utility	An online information gathering agent that runs on servers, gathering critical hardware and software information from various sources. A utility for servers running Windows NT or NetWare. If a significant change occurs between data gathering intervals, previous information is marked, and the *survey text file* is overwritten to reflect the latest configuration and changes since last configuration. This allows a historical record of change events for server hardware and software.	Install Survey from SmartStart, Compaq Integration Maintenance Utility, or from Compaq Management CD.

continued

Table 3-1
Diagnostic Tools *continued*

Tool	What it is	How to run it
Array Diagnostics Utility (ADU)	A Windows-based tool designed to run on all Compaq systems that support Compaq array controllers. Two main functions of ADU are to collect all possible information about the array controllers in the system and generate a list of detected problems. This tool is available for all Compaq servers covered by this guide.	Use the information provided in Array Diagnostics Utility (ADU) later in this chapter.
Drive Array Advanced Diagnostics (DAAD)	The predecessor to ADU, DAAD is a DOS-based tool for Compaq servers with Smart Array Controllers. DAAD collects information about the array controllers in the system and offers a list of detected problems.	For a list of Compaq servers still supported by this tool, visit the Compaq website: www.compaq.com
Integrated Management Log	A log of system events, such as system failures or nonfatal error conditions. View events in the Integrated Management Log: ■ On the Integrated Management Display ■ From within Compaq Insight Manager ■ From within Compaq Survey Utility	The Integrated Management Log requires Compaq Operating System-dependent drivers. Refer to Compaq Support Software CD for instructions on installing the appropriate drivers.
System Configuration Utility	Utility to easily configure the hardware installed in or connected to the server. Specifically, it can: ■ Resolve resource conflicts in areas such as memory, port addresses, and interrupts (IRQs) ■ Configure PCI boards automatically ■ Provide switch and jumper settings ■ Manage installation of memory, processor upgrades, and mass storage devices such as hard drives, tape drives, and diskette drives ■ Store configuration information in nonvolatile memory ■ Assist in installation of an operating system ■ Assist in running diagnostic tools such as TEST and INSPECT	If the server has bootable CD-ROM drive, run Compaq System Configuration Utility directly from Support Software CD supplied with Smart Controller Option Kit, or SmartStart and Support Software CD supplied with server. Use the CD supplied for latest version supporting Smart Controller. If the server does not have a bootable CD-ROM drive, create diskettes with latest version of the System Configuration Utility from Support Software CD, or SmartStart and Support Software CD.

Default Configuration

When the system is first powered up, the system ROM detects the unconfigured state of the hardware and provides default configuration settings for most devices. By providing this initialization, the system can run Diagnostics and other software applications before running the normal SmartStart and System Configuration programs.

Default Configuration Messages

> **IMPORTANT:** If you chose to format and partition the boot drive before running SmartStart and the System Configuration programs, this may prohibit creating a Compaq System Partition and the off-line remote management features that it provides.

If you insert a System Configuration, Diagnostics, or SmartStart and Support Software CD into the CD-ROM drive prior to powering up the server, the system ROM boots to that utility. If the system ROM does not detect one of those CDs, you will be prompted for the intended operating system. The system reboots if any operating system-dependent configurations have changed with the new operating system selection. If the selected operating system-dependent configurations are the same as the current configurations, the system boots normally. If you enter a wrong choice, on subsequent re-boots you may change the operating system.

Inspect Utility

The Inspect Utility provides configuration information such as the contents of the operating system startup files, the current memory configuration, the ROM version, and Server Health Log information. It operates with MS-DOS and in the MS-DOS emulation mode of OS/2.

Running the Inspect Utility

1. Turn the server off, and back on. Then press **F10** when the cursor appears in the upper right corner of the screen.

2. At the main menu, select Diagnostics and Utilities.

3. Press **Enter.**

4. Select Inspect Computer and press **Enter.**

5. Follow the instructions to view system information.

Printing the Inspect Listing

Select Print on the Inspect screen to print a copy of the Inspect listing. Keep a copy of the listing with each server for later reference.

Utilities Access

The Compaq SmartStart and Support Software CD contains the SmartStart program and many of the Compaq utilities needed to maintain the system, including:

■ System Configuration Utility

■ Array Configuration Utility

■ Array Diagnostic Utility

■ ROMPaq Firmware Upgrade Utilities

■ Compaq Diagnostics

> **CAUTION:** Do not select the Erase Utility when running the SmartStart and Support Software CD. This will result in data loss to the entire system.

Running Compaq Utilities

Compaq utilities may be accessed from the Compaq System partition on the hard drive, from diskette, or from the Compaq SmartStart and Support Software CD.

Running the Utilities on the Compaq System Partition

If the system was installed using SmartStart, the Compaq utilities will automatically be available on the Compaq system partition. The Compaq system partition could also have been created during a manual system installation.

To run the utilities on the Compaq system partition, boot the system and press **F10** when you see: "Press F10 for Compaq system partition utilities." Then select the utilities from the menu.

■ The System Configuration Utility is available under the System Configuration menu.

■ The Array Configuration Utility is available under the System Configuration menu.

■ Compaq Diagnostics (Test and Inspect) are available under the Diagnostics and Utilities menu.

■ The ROMPaq Firmware Upgrade Utility is available under the Diagnostics and Utilities menu.

Running the Utilities from Diskette

■ Run the utilities from their individual diskettes. If you have a utility diskette newer than the version on the SmartStart and Support Software CD, use that diskette.

■ Create a diskette version of the utility from the SmartStart and Support Software CD.

To create diskette versions of the utilities from the CD:

1. Boot the Compaq SmartStart and Support Software CD.

2. From the Compaq System Utilities screen, select Create Support Software Disks then Next.

3. Select the diskette you would like to create from the list, then follow the instructions on the screen.

Running the Utilities from the Compaq SmartStart and Support Software CD

> **IMPORTANT:** Only the System Configuration Utility and the Array Configuration Utility and the Array Diagnostic Utility can be executed from the Compaq SmartStart and Support Software CD. All other utilities must be executed from the Compaq system partition or from diskette.

To run these utilities directly from the Compaq SmartStart and Support Software CD:

1. Boot the Compaq SmartStart and Support Software CD.

2. From the Compaq System Utilities screen, select the utility you wish to run, then select Next.

   ❑ To execute the System Configuration Utility, select Run System Configuration Utility.

   ❑ To execute the Array Configuration Utility, select Run Array Configuration Utility.

   ❑ To execute the Array Diagnostic Utility, select Run Array Diagnostic Utility.

Power-On Self-Test (POST)

POST is a series of diagnostic tests that run automatically on Compaq computers when the system is turned on. POST checks the following assemblies to ensure that the computer system is functioning properly:

■ System ROM

■ Keyboard

■ Power supply

■ System board

■ Memory

■ Controllers

■ Diskette drives

■ Hard drives

■ Processor Power Modules

■ Fans

POST Error Messages

If POST finds an error in the system, an error condition is indicated by an audible and/or visual message. If an error code displays on the screen during POST or after resetting the system, use the instructions in the POST Error Messages table. The error messages and codes listed include all codes generated by Compaq products. The system generates only those codes that are applicable to the configuration and options.

> **NOTE:** Many of the actions listed require you to run Diagnostics or the Compaq System Configuration Utility. Steps for running these utilities are provided following the POST Error Messages tables.

In each case, the Recommended Action column lists the steps necessary to correct the problem. After completing each step, run the Diagnostics program to verify whether the error condition has been corrected. If the error code reappears, perform the next step, then run the Diagnostics program again. Follow this procedure until Diagnostics no longer detects an error condition.

Table 3-2
POST Error Messages

Error Code	Audible Beeps	Probable Source of Problem	Recommended Action
A Critical Error occurred prior to this power-up	None	A catastrophic system error, which caused the server to crash, has been logged.	Run Diagnostics. Replace failed assembly as indicated.
Unsupported Processor Detected System Halted	1 long, 1 short	Processor not supported by current system ROM	Check documentation for supported processors, and if supported, remove the processor and update the system to latest ROM.
FATAL ROM ERROR: The System ROM is not properly programmed	1 long, 1 short	ROM programmed in factory incorrectly	Replace the physical ROM part.
101 - ROM Error	1 long, 1 short	System ROM checksum	Run Diagnostics. Replace failed assembly as indicated.
101 - I/O ROM Error	None	Options ROM checksum	Run Diagnostics. Replace failed assembly as indicated.
102 - System Board Failure	None	DMA, timers, and so on	Replace the system board. Run the Compaq System Configuration Utility.
104 - ASR-2 Timer Failure	None	System board failure	Run Diagnostics. Replace failed assembly as indicated.
105 - Current System ROM is corrupt— now booting redundant System ROM	2L	Non-booted ROM image is corrupt	Flash the ROM utilizing ROMPaq.
162 - System Options Not Set	2S	Configuration incorrect	Run the System Configuration Utility and correct.
163—Time & Date Not Set	2S	Invalid time or date in configuration memory	Run the System Configuration Utility and correct.
164 - Memory Size Error	2S	Configuration memory incorrect	Run the System Configuration Utility and correct.
172 - Configuration Nonvolatile Memory Invalid	None	Nonvolatile configuration corrupt or jumper installed	Run the System Configuration Utility and correct.
173 - Slot ID Mismatch	None	Board replaced, configuration not updated	Run the System Configuration Utility and correct.
174 - Configuration/ Slot Mismatch Device Not Found	None	PCI board not found	Run the System Configuration Utility and correct.

Table 3-2
POST Error Messages *continued*

Error Code	Audible Beeps	Probable Source of Problem	Recommended Action
175 - Configuration/ Slot Mismatch Device Found	None	PCI board added, configuration not updated	Run the System Configuration Utility and correct.
177 - Configuration Not Complete	None	Incomplete system configuration	Run the System Configuration Utility and correct.
178 - Processor Configuration Invalid	None	Processor type or step does not match configuration memory	Run the System Configuration Utility and correct.
180 - Log Reinitialized	None	N/A	N/A
201 - Memory Error	None	RAM failure	Run Diagnostics. Replace failed assembly as indicated.
203 - Memory Address Error	None	RAM failure	Run Diagnostics. Replace failed assembly as indicated.
207 - Invalid Memory Configuration— Check DIMM [SIMM] Installation	None	Memory module installed incorrectly	Verify placement of memory modules.
208 - Invalid Memory Speed—Check DIMM [SIMM] Installation	1 long, 1 short	The speed of the memory is too slow, where: xx00 = expansion board SIMMs are too slow, or 00yy = system board SIMMs are too slow. xx and yy have corresponding bit set	The speed of the memory modules must be 60 ns. Verify the speed of the memory modules installed and replace.
209 - Memory Detection Failure. Check Memory Installation	1 long, 1 short	Unable to size memory	Check DIMM installation, and if error persists, call Compaq service provider.
211 - Cache Switch Set Incorrectly	None	Switch not set properly during installation or upgrade	Verify switch settings.
212 - System Processor Failed/ Mapped out	1 short	Processor in slot x failed	Run Diagnostics and replace failed processor.
214 - DC-DC Converter Failed	None	PowerSafe Module (DC-DC Converter) failed	Run Diagnostics. Replace failed assembly as indicated.
214 - Processor PPM Failed Module X	None	Indicated PPM (DC-DC Converter) failed	Replace failed assembly as indicated.

continued

Table 3-2
POST Error Messages *continued*

Error Code	Audible Beeps	Probable Source of Problem	Recommended Action
215 - Processor Power Module has lost Redundancy in Socket x	None	PPM (DC-DC Converter) has lost redundancy.	Run Diagnostics. Replace failed assembly as indicated.
215 - Nonfunctioning Voltage Regulator Module for Processors	None	PPM (DC-DC Converter) has failed or lost redundancy.	Run Diagnostics. Replace failed assembly as indicated.
216 - Voltage Regulator Module for Processor X no longer redundant	None	Redundancy failed in PPM	To restore redundancy, replace the PPM.
216 - Processor PPM has lost Redundancy, Module X	None	Indicated PPM (DC-DC Converter) has lost redundancy	Replace failed assembly as indicated.
218 - Cache Accelerators Not Installed. System Halted.	None	Cache accelerators not installed or improperly installed	Check cache accelerator installation.
219 - Tag Update Rules SRAM Failure. System Halted.	None	Catastrophic chipset failure	Call Compaq service provider.
219 - Snoop Rules SRAM Failure. System Halted.	None	Catastrophic chipset failure	Call Compaq service provider.
220 - Cache Accelerator Slot x Initialization Failed. System Halted.	None	Cache accelerator in slot x improperly installed or bad	Check cache accelerator installation and if properly installed, replace.
221 - Power Fault On Processor Bus X	None	A PPM on indicated bus is in a failed state.	Run Diagnostics. Replace failed assembly as indicated.
301 - Keyboard Error	None	Keyboard failure	Turn off the computer, then reconnect the keyboard.
301 - Keyboard Error or Test Fixture Installed	None	Keyboard failure	Replace the keyboard.

continued

Table 3-2
POST Error Messages *continued*

Error Code	Audible Beeps	Probable Source of Problem	Recommended Action
ZZ-301 - Keyboard Error	None	Keyboard failure. (*ZZ* represents the Keyboard Scan Code.)	1. A key is stuck. Try to free it. 2. Replace the keyboard.
303 - Keyboard Controller Error	None	System board, keyboard, or mouse controller failure	1. Run Diagnostics. 2. Replace failed assembly as indicated.
304 - Keyboard or System Unit Error	None	Keyboard, keyboard cable, or system board failure	1. Make sure the keyboard is attached. 2. Run Diagnostics to determine which is in error. 3. Replace the part indicated.
40X - Parallel Port X Address Assignment Conflict	2S	Both external and internal ports are assigned to parallel port X.	Run the System Configuration Utility and correct.
601 - Diskette Controller Error	None	Diskette controller circuitry failure	1. Make sure the diskette drive cables are attached. 2. Replace the diskette drive and/or cable. 3. Replace the system board.
605 - Diskette Drive Type Error	2S	Mismatch in drive type	Run the System Configuration Utility to set diskette type correctly.
1151 - Com Port 1 Address Assignment Conflict	2S	Both external and internal serial ports are assigned to COM1.	Run the System Configuration Utility and correct.
1152 - Com Port 2, 3, or 4 Address Assignment Conflict	2S	Both external and internal serial ports are assigned to COM2, COM3 or COM4.	Run the System Configuration Utility and correct.
1610 - Temperature violation detected. Waiting for system to cool	2S	Ambient system temperature too hot	Check fan in system environment.
1611 - Fan failure detected	2S	Required fan not installed or spinning	Check fans.

Table 3-2
POST Error Messages *continued*

Error Code	Audible Beeps	Probable Source of Problem	Recommended Action
1611 - I/O Fan (Fan X) failure detected	2S	I/O fan has failed	Replace the failed fan.
1611 - CPU Fan (Fan X) failure detected	2S	CPU fan has failed	Replace the failed fan.
1612 - Primary power supply failure	2S	Primary power supply has failed	Replace power supply as soon as possible.
1613 - Low System Battery	None	Real time clock system battery is running low on power	Run Diagnostics. Replace failed assembly as indicated.
1615 - Power Supply Failure, Power Supply Unplugged, or Power Supply Fan Failure in Bay X	None	A power supply has failed.	Replace or check specified power supply.
1617 - Fan controller not responding	2S	Fan controller failure	Check and replace failed controller assembly.
1617 - I/O Fan controller not responding	2S	I/O fan controller failure	Check and replace failed controller assembly.
1617 - CPU Fan controller not responding	2S	CPU fan controller failure	Check and replace failed controller assembly.
1620 - Locked SCSI Bus Detected. Verify SCSI bus cabling. System halted.	None	SCSI bus failure	Run Diagnostics. Replace failed assembly as indicated.
1621 - Current SCSI bus cable configuration is not recommended	None	Improper SCSI bus cabling	Check documentation for proper SCSI bus cabling.
1622 - Internal SCSI Jumper Board Not Installed	None	The system has detected that the array enabler board is not installed.	Install the array enabler board.

Table 3-2
POST Error Messages *continued*

Error Code	Audible Beeps	Probable Source of Problem	Recommended Action
1702 - SCSI cable error detected; system halted.	None	Termination or cabling problem with the system board integrated SCSI controller.	Refer to cabling diagrams in Chapter 2 of this guide, the cabling guidelines on the Compaq website, and your Compaq server documentation.
1703 - SCSI cable error detected. Internal SCSI cable not attached to system board connector. System halted.	None	Incorrect cabling	Ensure that the integrated SCSI controller has SCSI termination attached.
1720 - Slot x Drive Array—SMART hard Drive Detects Imminent Failure SCSI: Port n: SCSI ID x	None	Prefailure condition	Indicated drive has reported a SMART predictive-failure condition and may fail at some time in the future. If drive is part of a non-fault-tolerant configuration, back up all data before replacing drive and restore all data afterward. If drive is part of a fault-tolerant configuration **do not** replace the drive unless all other drives in the array are online. Press **F1** to resume.
1721 - Slot x Drive Array—Drive parameter tracking predicts imminent failure. The following devices should be replaced when conditions permit. Do not replace drive unless all other drives in the array are online! Back up data before replacing drive(s) if using RAID 0.	None	Monitor and performance threshold exceeded condition.	Replace the drive when it is reasonable for you to do. The drive has not failed, but Compaq recommends you replace the drive.

continued

Table 3-2
POST Error Messages *continued*

Error Code	Audible Beeps	Probable Source of Problem	Recommended Action
*1724 - Slot x Drive Array—Physical Drive Position Change(s) Detected – Logical drive configuration has automatically been updated	None	Drive change	Indicates that logical drive configuration has been updated automatically following physical drive position changes. Press **F1** to resume.
*1726 - Slot x Drive Array—Array Accelerator Memory Size Change Detected	None	Configuration update	Indicates Array Accelerator configuration has been updated automatically due to replacement of Array Accelerator (or controller) with one having different memory size. Press **F1** to resume.
*1727 - Slot x Drive Array—New Logical Drive(s) Attachment Detected. If more than 32 logical drives, this message will be followed by: Auto-configuration failed: Too many logical drives.	None	Additional drives	This message indicates that the controller has detected an additional array of drives that was attached when the power was off. The logical drive configuration information has been updated to add the new logical drives. The maximum number of logical drives supported is 32. Additional logical drives will not be added to the configuration. Press **F1** to resume.
1729 - Slot 1 Drive Array—Disk consistency initialization in progress—RAID 4/5 performance may be lower until Auto Reliability Monitoring has completed automatic parity consistency initialization	None	Initial RAID configuration in progress.	This message is normal following the initial configuration of RAID 4 or RAID 5 logical drives. This POST message will go away and performance of the controller will improve after the parity data has been initialized by ARM (an automatic process than runs in the background on the controller).
1730 - Fixed Disk 0 does not support DMA Mode.	None	Fixed disk drive error detected	Run the System Configuration Utility and correct.

continued

Table 3-2
POST Error Messages *continued*

Error Code	Audible Beeps	Probable Source of Problem	Recommended Action
1731 - Fixed Disk 1 does not support DMA Mode.	None	Hard drive error	Run the System Configuration Utility and correct.
1740 - Fixed Disk 0 failed Set Block Mode command	None	Hard drive error	Run the System Configuration Utility and correct.
1741 - Fixed Disk 1 failed Set Block Mode command	None	Hard drive error	Run the System Configuration Utility and correct.
1750 - Fixed Disk 0 failed Identify command	None	Hard drive error	Run the System Configuration Utility and correct.
1751 - Fixed Disk 1 failed Identify command	None	Hard drive error	Run the System Configuration Utility and correct.
1760 - Fixed Disk 0 does not support Block Mode	None	Hard drive error	Run the System Configuration Utility and correct.
1761 - Fixed Disk 1 does not support Block Mode	None	Hard drive error	Run the System Configuration Utility and correct.
1764 - Slot x Drive Array Capacity Expansion Process is temporarily disabled (followed by one of the following): ■ Expansion will resume when Array Accelerator has been reattached. ■ Expansion will resume when Array Accelerator has been replaced. ■ Expansion will resume when Array Accelerator RAM allocation is successful. ■ Expansion will resume when Array Accelerator battery reaches full charge. ■ Expansion will resume when automatic data recovery has been completed.			Reattach or replace Array Accelerator, wait until the Array Accelerator batteries have charged, or for automatic data recovery to complete, as indicated.
*1766 - Slot x Drive Array requires System ROM Upgrade. Run Systems ROMPaq Utility.			Run the latest Systems ROMPaq Utility to upgrade the system ROMs. Press F1 to resume.
1767 - Slot x Drive Array Option ROM is Not Programmed Correctly or may Conflict with the Memory Address Range of an Option Card. Check the Memory Address Configuration of installed Option Card(s) or run Options ROMPaq Utility to attempt SMART-2/E Option ROM Reprogramming.			Remove or reconfigure conflicting Option cards, especially any cards that are not recognized by the System Configuration Utility. Try reprogramming the ROM on the SMART-2/E Controller using the latest Options ROMPaq (version 2.29 or higher).

continued

Table 3-2
POST Error Messages *continued*

Error Code	Audible Beeps	Probable Source of Problem	Recommended Action
1768 - Slot x Drive Array—Resuming logical drive expansion process.	None	SMART-2 Controller error	No action required. Appears whenever a controller reset or power cycle occurs while array expansion is in progress.
1769 - Slot x Drive Array—Drive(s) disabled due to failure during expand. Select F1 to continue with logical drives disabled. Select F2 to accept data loss and to re-enable logical drives.	None	SMART-2 Controller error	Data has been lost while expanding the array; therefore, the drives have been temporarily disabled. Press **F2** to accept the data loss and re-enable the logical drives. Restore data from backup.
1770 - Slot x drive array—critical drive firmware problem detected—please upgrade firmware on the following drive(s) using Options ROMPaq (available from www.compaq.com): SCSI port (y) SCSI ID (x) (RESUME = F1 or F2 KEY)	None	Firmware update need indicated	The indicated drives are running firmware that is known to cause intermittent problems. Please use the Compaq Options ROMPaq utility to upgrade firmware on all drives to the latest revision. Press **F1** or **F2** to resume.
1771 - Primary Disk Port Address Assignment Conflict	None	Internal and external hard drive controllers are both assigned to the primary address.	Run the System Configuration Utility and correct.
1772 - Secondary Disk Port Address Assignment Conflict	None	Address assignment conflict: internal and external hard drive controllers are both assigned to the secondary address.	Run the System Configuration Utility and correct.
1773 - Primary Fixed Disk Port Assignment Conflict	None	Fixed disk drive error	Run the System Configuration Utility and correct.

Table 3-2
POST Error Messages *continued*

Error Code	Audible Beeps	Probable Source of Problem	Recommended Action
1774 - Slot x Drive Array—Obsolete data found in Array Accelerator. Select F1 to discard contents of Array Accelerator. Select F2 to write contents of Array Accelerator to drives.	None	SMART-2 Controller error	Data found in Array Accelerator is older than data found on drives. Press **F1** to discard the older data in the Array Accelerator and retain the newer data on the drives.
1775 - Slot x Drive Array—ProLiant Storage System Not Responding SCSI Port (y): Check storage system power switch and cables. Turn the system power off while checking the ProLiant power and cable connections, then turn the system power back on to retry.	None	Storage system problem	Turn off power to system. Check external ProLiant power switch – external drives must all be powered up before or at the same time as the main system. Check cables. If retry does not help, try replacing the cable, ProLiant firmware, ProLiant backplane, or the Smart Array Controller. Press **F1** to resume.

Table 3-2
POST Error Messages *continued*

Error Code	Audible Beeps	Probable Source of Problem	Recommended Action
1776 - Slot x Drive Array—ProLiant drive storage enclosure problem detected (followed by one or more of the following): SCSI Port (y) Cooling fan malfunction detected SCSI port (y): Overheated condition detected SCSI port (y) Side panel must be closed to prevent overheating SCSI port (y) Redundant power supply malfunction detected SCSI port (y): Wide SCSI transfer failed SCSI port (y): Interrupt signal inoperative (RESUME = F1 KEY)	None	Temperature violation detected	Check cooling fan operation by placing hand over fan. Check internal plenum cooling fan in tower servers or storage systems. If fan is not operating, check for obstructions and check all internal connector. Replace unit side panel if removed. If the ProLiant Storage System power LED is amber instead of green, this indicates a redundant power supply failure. Check SCSI cables. If the message indicates to check SCSI cables, please verify your cabling with the diagrams in the *Integrated Smart Array Controller Installation Guide*. If the routing is correct, replace cables on the specified port until the POST message is eliminated. Press **F1** to resume.

continued

Table 3-2
POST Error Messages *continued*

Error Code	Audible Beeps	Probable Source of Problem	Recommended Action
1778 - Slot x Drive Array resuming Automatic Data Recovery process	None	This message appears whenever a controller reset or power cycle occurs while Automatic Data Recovery is in progress.	No action required. This message appears whenever a controller reset or power cycle occurs while Automatic Data Recovery is in progress.
1779 - Slot x Drive Array—replacement drives detected OR previously failed drive(s) now appear to be operational: Port (y): SCSI ID (x): Restore data from backup if replacement drive x has been installed.	None	Intermittent drive failure and/or possible loss of data	If this message appears and drive x (identified by its SCSI ID) has not been replaced, this indicates an intermittent drive failure. This message also appears once immediately following drive replacement whenever data must be restored from backup.
1780 - Disk 0 Failure	None	Hard drive/format error	Run Diagnostics. Replace failed assembly as indicated.
1781 - Disk 1 Failure	None	Hard drive/format error	Run Diagnostics. Replace failed assembly as indicated.
1782 - Disk Controller Failure	None	Hard disk drive circuitry error	Run Diagnostics. Replace failed assembly as indicated.
1783 - Slot x Drive Array Controller Failure	None	ROM installation problem or Array Accelerator board problem	If this message appears immediately following a ROM installation, the ROM is defective or not installed properly. Check that the controller is firmly inserted in its slot. Try upgrading the System ROMs. Otherwise, replace the Integrated Smart Array Controller.
1784 - Slot x Drive Array Drive Failure. The following SCSI drive(s) should be replaced: SCSI port (y) SCSI ID (x).	None	Defective drive and/or cables	Check for loose cables. Replace defective drive x and/or cable(s).

Table 3-2
POST Error Messages *continued*

Error Code	Audible Beeps	Probable Source of Problem	Recommended Action
1785 - Drive Array not Configured (followed by one of the following):	None	Drive array configuration not detected	
■ Run Compaq Array Configuration Utility			Run the Compaq Array Configuration Utility.
■ No drives detected			Turn off system and check SCSI cable connections to make sure drives are attached properly.
■ Drive positions cannot be changed—Run Drive Array Advanced Diagnostics if previous positions are unknown. Then turn system power OFF and move drives to their original positions.			Run Drive Array Advanced Diagnostics if previous positions are unknown. Then turn system power off and move drives to their original positions.
■ Configuration information indicates drive positions beyond the capability of this controller. This may be due to drive movement from a controller that supports more drives than the current controller.			To avoid data loss, turn system power off and reattach drives to the original controller.
■ Configuration information indicates drives were configured on a controller with newer firmware.			To avoid data loss, reattach drives to original controller or upgrade the controller firmware to the version on the original controller using Option ROMPaq. Press **F1** key to resume.

Table 3-2
POST Error Messages *continued*

Error Code	Audible Beeps	Probable Source of Problem	Recommended Action
1786 - Drive Array Recovery Needed. The following SCSI drive(s) need Automatic Data Recovery: SCSI port 1: SCSI ID 0. Select F1 to continue with recovery of data to drive. Select F2 to continue without recovery of data to drive. *Or* Slot 1 Drive Array Recovery needed. Automatic Data Recovery previously Aborted! The following SCSI drive(s) need Automatic Data Recovery: SCSI port 1: SCSI ID 0. Select F1 to retry Automatic Data Recovery to drive. Select F2 to continue without starting Automatic data Recovery data to drive.	None	System is in Interim Data Recovery mode. Data has not yet been recovered.	Press **F1** to allow Automatic Data Recovery to begin. Data will automatically be restored to drive X now that the drive has been replaced or now seems to be working. *Or* Press F2 and the system will continue to operate in the interim Data Recovery mode. The "previously aborted" version of the 1786 POST message will appear if the previous rebuild attempt was aborted for any reason. Run Drive Array Advanced Diagnostics (ADU) for more information. If the replacement drive was failed, try using another replacement drive. If rebuild was aborted due to a read error from another physical drive in the array, back up all readable data on the array, run Diagnostics Surface Analysis, and then restore your data.
1787 - Slot x Drive Array Operating in Interim Recovery Mode. The following SCSI drive(s) should be replaced: SCSI port (y): SCSI ID (x)	None	Hard drive X failed or a cable is loose or defective. Following a system restart, this message reminds you that drive X is defective and fault tolerance is being used.	1. Replace drive X as soon as possible. 2. Check loose cables. 3. Replace defective cables.

Table 3-2
POST Error Messages *continued*

Error Code	Audible Beeps	Probable Source of Problem	Recommended Action
*1788 - Slot x drive array reports incorrect drive replacement. The following SCSI drive(s) should have been replaced: SCSI port (y): SCSI ID (x). The following SCSI drive(s) were incorrectly replaced: SCSI port (y): SCSI ID (z). Select F1 to continue drive array will remain disabled. Select F2 to reset configuration—all data will be lost.	None	Drives are not installed in their original positions, so the drives have been disabled. See note below.	Reinstall the drives correctly, as indicated. Press **F1** to restart the computer with the drive array disabled. —Or— Press **F2** to use the drives as configured and lose all the data on them.

* The 1788 error message might display inadvertently due to a bad power cable connection to the drive, noise on the data cable, or a defective SCSI cable. If this message was due to a bad power cable connection, but not incorrect drive replacement, repair the connection and press **F2**. If this message is not eliminated by pressing **F2**, run the Array Diagnostic Utility (ADU) to resolve.

—Or—

If this message was not due to a bad power cable connection, and no drive replacement took place, this could indicate noise on the data cable. Check the cable for proper routing.

—Or—

If this message is due to a defective SCSI cable, replace the cable.

Table 3-2
POST Error Messages *continued*

Error Code	Audible Beeps	Probable Source of Problem	Recommended Action
1789 - Slot x Drive array SCSI physical drive(s) Not Responding, Check cables or replace the following drives: SCSI port (x): SCSI ID (x) Select F1 to continue—drive array will remain disabled. Select F2 to fail drive(s) that are not responding—Interim Recovery Mode will be enabled if configured for fault tolerance.	None	Cable or hard drive failure	1. Check the cable connections. 2. If cables are connected, replace the drive. 3. If you do not want to replace the drive now, press **F2**.
1790 - Disk 0 Configuration Error	None	Hard drive error or wrong drive type	Run the System Configuration Utility and Diagnostics and correct.
1791 - Disk 1 Error	None	Hard drive error or wrong drive type	Run the System Configuration Utility and Diagnostics and correct.
1792 - Drive Array Reports Valid Data Found in Array Accelerator. Data will automatically be written to drive array.	None	This indicates that while the system was in use, power was interrupted while data was in the Array Accelerator memory. Power was then restored within 8 to 10 days, and the data in the Array Accelerator was flushed to the drive array.	No action necessary; no data has been lost. Perform orderly system shutdowns to avoid data remaining in the Array Accelerator.
1793 - Drive Array—Array Accelerator Battery Depleted Data Lost (Error message 1794 also displays.)	None	This indicates that while the system was in use, power was interrupted while data was in the Array Accelerator memory. Array Accelerator batteries failed. Data in the Array Accelerator has been lost.	Power was not restored within 8 to 10 days. Perform orderly system shutdowns to avoid data remaining in the Array Accelerator.

continued

Table 3-2
POST Error Messages *continued*

Error Code	Audible Beeps	Probable Source of Problem	Recommended Action
1794 - Drive Array—Array Accelerator Battery Charge Low. Array Accelerator is temporarily disabled. Array Accelerator will be re-enabled when battery reaches full charge.	None	This is a warning that the battery charge is below 75%. Posted-writes are disabled.	Replace the Array Accelerator board if batteries do not recharge within 36 power-on hours.
1795 - Drive Array—Array Accelerator Configuration Error. Data does not correspond to this drive array. Array Accelerator is temporarily disabled.	None	This indicates that while the system was in use, power was interrupted while data was in the Array Accelerator memory. The data stored in the Array Accelerator does not correspond to this drive array.	Match the Array Accelerator to the correct drive array, or run the System Configuration Utility to clear the data in the Array Accelerator.
1796 - Drive Array—Array Accelerator Not Responding. Array Accelerator is temporarily disabled.	None	Array Accelerator is defective or has been removed.	1. Check that the Array Accelerator is properly seated. 2. Run System Configuration Utility to reconfigure the Compaq IDA-2 without the Array Accelerator.

continued

Table 3-2
POST Error Messages *continued*

Error Code	Audible Beeps	Probable Source of Problem	Recommended Action
1797 - Drive Array— Array Accelerator Read Error Occurred. Data in Array Accelerator has been lost. Array Accelerator is disabled.	None	Hard parity error while reading data from posted-writes memory	Enable Array Accelerator.
1798 - Drive Array— Array Accelerator Write Error Occurred. Array Accelerator is disabled.	None	Hard parity error while writing data to posted-writes memory	Enable the Array Accelerator.
1799 - Drive Array— Drive(s) Disabled due to Array Accelerator Data Loss. Select "F1" to continue with logical drives disabled. Select "F2" to accept data loss and to re-enable logical drives.	None	Volume failed due to loss of data in posted-writes memory.	Press **F1** to continue with logical drives disabled or **F2** to accept data loss and re-enable logical drives.
Beeps only: 2 Long	2L	No valid memory is present in the system.	Replace failed memory with valid memory.
Beeps only: 2 Long + 2 Short	2L, 2S	Power is cycled. Temperature too hot. Processor fan not installed or spinning.	Check fans.
(Run System Configuration Utility - F10 key)	None	A configuration error occurred during POST.	Press **F10** to run System Configuration Utility.
(RESUME - F1 KEY)	None	As indicated to continue	Press **F1**.

Diagnostics Software

Test Error Codes Tables include all test error codes generated by Compaq Server Diagnostics. Each code has a corresponding description and recommended action(s).

When you select Diagnostics and Utilities from the System Configuration Utility main menu, the utility prompts you to test, inspect, upgrade, and diagnose the server.

Diagnostics and Utilities are located on the Compaq system partition on the hard drive and must be accessed when a system configuration error is detected during the Power-On Self-Test (POST). Compaq Diagnostics software is also available on the Compaq SmartStart and Support Software CD. You can create a Diagnostics diskette from the SmartStart and Support Software CD and run Diagnostics from diskette. See procedure in the "Running Compaq Utilities" section earlier in this chapter.

The following options are available from the Diagnostics and Utilities menu:

■ Test Computer

■ Inspect Computer

■ Upgrade Firmware

■ Remote Utilities

■ Diagnose Drive Array

Diagnostic error codes are generated when the Diagnostics software recognizes a problem. These error codes help identify possible defective subassemblies.

Steps for Diagnostics

In each case, the Recommended Action column lists the steps necessary to correct the problem. After completing each step, run the Diagnostics Utility to verify that the error condition has been corrected. If the error code reappears:

1. Perform the next step listed in the table.

2. Run the Diagnostics program again.

3. Follow this procedure until the Diagnostics program no longer detects an error condition.

100-199, Primary Processor Test Error Codes

The 100 series of diagnostic error codes identifies failures with processor and system board functions generated by Compaq Server Diagnostics.

Table 3-3
Primary Processor Test Error Codes

Error Code	Description	Recommended Action
101-xx	CPU test failed	Replace the processor board and retest.
103-xx	DMA page registers test failed	Replace the processor board and retest.
104-xx	Interrupt controller master test failed	
105-xx	Port 61 error	
106-xx	Keyboard controller self-test failed	
107-xx	CMOS RAM test failed	1. Replace the battery/clock module and retest.
108-xx	CMOS interrupt test failed	2. Replace the system board and retest.
109-xx	CMOS clock load data test failed	
110-xx	Programmable timer load data test failed	Replace the processor board and retest.
111-xx	Refresh detect test failed	
113-xx	Protected mode test failed	
114-xx	Speaker test failed	1. Verify the speaker connection and retest.
		2. Replace the speaker and retest.
		3. Replace the system board and retest.
116-xx	Cache test failed	Replace the system board and retest.
122-xx	Multiprocessor Dispatch test failed	1. Check the system configuration and retest.
123-xx	Interprocessor Communication test failed	2. Replace the processor board and retest.
		3. Replace the system board and retest.
199-xx	Installed devices test failed	1. Check the system configuration and retest.
		2. Verify cable connections and retest.
		3. Check switch and/or jumper settings and retest.
		4. Run the Configuration Utility and retest.
		5. Replace the processor board and retest.
		6. Replace the system board and retest.

200-299, Memory Test Error Codes

The 200 series of diagnostic error codes identifies failures with the memory subsystem.

Table 3-4
Memory Test Error Codes

Error Code	Description	Recommended Action
200-xx	Invalid memory configuration.	Reinsert memory modules in correct location and retest.
201-xx	Memory machine ID test failed.	1. Replace the system ROM and retest.
202-xx	Memory system ROM checksum failed.	2. Replace the processor board and retest.
		3. Replace the memory expansion board and retest.
203-xx	Memory write/read test failed.	1. Replace the memory module and retest.
204-xx	Memory address test failed.	2. Replace the processor board and retest.
205-xx	Walking I/O test failed.	3. Replace the memory expansion board and retest.
206-xx	Increment pattern test failed	
207-xx	Invalid memory configuration-check DIMM installation. DIMMs installed have 8K refresh.	Replace DIMMs.
208-xx	Invalid memory speed detected - check DIMM installation. Slow DIMMs may cause data loss.	Replace DIMMs with timing greater than 60 ns.
209-01	RAM long test failed.	1. Replace the memory module/board and retest.
209-02	Error while saving test block.	2. Replace the system board and retest.
209-03	Error while restoring test block.	3. Replace the memory expansion board and retest.
209-89	ECC error during testing.	
210-xx	Random pattern test failed.	1. Replace the memory module and retest.
		2. Replace the processor board and retest.
		3. Replace the memory expansion board and retest.
211-01	RAND test failed.	1. Replace the memory module/board and retest.
211-02	Error while saving test block	2. Replace the system board and retest.
211-03	Error while restoring test block	
211-04	Insufficient memory to perform the test	
211-05	Failed inverted pattern compare, but RAM was correct	
211-89	ECC error during testing	
214-01	Data error during noise test	1. Replace the memory module/board and retest.
214-89	ECC error during testing	2. Replace the system board and retest.
215	Non-functioning DC-DC converter for processor X	Replace the DC-DC converter (Processor Power Module).

300-399, Keyboard Test Error Codes

The 300 series of diagnostic error codes identifies failures with keyboard and system board functions.

Table 3-5
Keyboard Test Error Codes

Error Code	Description	Recommended Action
301-xx	Keyboard short test, 8042 self-test failed.	1. Check the keyboard connection. If disconnected, turn off the computer, connect the keyboard, power up, and retest.
302-xx	Keyboard long test failed.	
303-xx	Keyboard LED test, 8042 self-test failed.	2. Replace the keyboard and retest.
		3. Replace the system board and retest.
304-xx	Keyboard typematic test failed.	

400-499, Parallel Printer Test Error Codes

The 400 series of diagnostic error codes identifies failures with parallel printer interface card or system board functions.

Table 3-6
Parallel Printer Test Error Codes

Error Code	Description	Recommended Action
401-xx	Printer failed or not connected.	1. Connect the printer and retest.
402-xx	Printer data register failed.	2. Check the power to the printer and retest.
403-xx	Printer pattern test failed.	3. Install the loopback connector and retest.
498-xx	Printer failed or not connected.	4. Check the switch on the serial/parallel interface board (if applicable) and retest.
		5. Replace the serial/parallel interface board (if applicable) and retest.
		6. Replace the system board and retest.

500-599, Graphics Controller Unit Test Error Codes

The 500 series of diagnostic error codes identifies failures with video or system board functions.

Table 3-7
Graphics Display Unit Test Error Codes

Error Code	Description	Recommended Action
501-xx	Graphics controller test failed	1. Replace the monitor and retest.
502-xx	Graphics memory test failed	2. Replace the system board and retest.
503-xx	Graphics attribute test failed	
504-xx	Graphics character set test failed	
505-xx	Graphics 80x25-mode 9x14 character cell test failed	
506-xx	Graphics 80x25-mode 8x8 character cell test failed	
507-xx	Graphics 40x25-mode test failed	
508-xx	Graphics 320x200-mode color set 0 test failed	
509-xx	Graphics 320x200-mode color set 1 test failed	
510-xx	Graphics 640x200-mode test failed	
511-xx	Graphics screen memory page test failed	
512-xx	Graphics gray scale test failed	
514-xx	Graphics white screen test failed	
516-xx	Graphics noise pattern test failed	

600-699, Diskette Drive Test Error Codes

The 600 series of diagnostic error codes identifies failures with diskette, diskette drive, or system board functions.

Table 3-8
Diskette Drive Test Error Codes

Error Code	Description	Recommended Action
600-xx	Diskette ID drive types test failed.	1. Replace the diskette and retest.
601-xx	Diskette format failed.	2. Check and/or replace the diskette power and signal cables and retest.
602-xx	Diskette read test failed.	
603-xx	Diskette write/read/compute test failed.	3. Replace the diskette drive and retest. 4. Replace the system board and retest.
604-xx	Diskette random seek test failed.	
605-xx	Diskette ID media failed.	
606-xx	Diskette speed test failed.	
607-xx	Diskette wrap test failed.	
608-xx	Diskette write protect test failed.	
609-xx	Diskette reset controller test failed.	
610-xx	Diskette change line test failed.	
699-xx	Diskette drive/media ID error	1. Replace the media and retest. 2. Run the Configuration Utility and retest.

1100-1199, Serial Test Error Codes

The 1100 series of diagnostic error codes identifies failures with serial/parallel interface board or system board functions.

Table 3-9
Serial Test Error Codes

Error Code	Description	Recommended Action
1101-xx	Serial port test failed.	1. Check the switch settings on the Serial/Parallel Interface board (if applicable) and retest.
1109-xx	Clock register test failed	2. Replace the Serial/Parallel Interface board (if applicable) and retest. 3. Replace the system board and retest.

1200-1299, Modem Communications Test Error Codes

The 1200 series of diagnostic error codes identifies failures with the modem.

Table 3-10
Modem Communications Test Error Codes

Error Code	Description	Recommended Action
1201-xx	Modem internal loopback test failed.	1. Refer to the modem documentation for correct setup procedures and retest.
1202-xx	Modem time-out test failed.	2. Check the modem line and retest.
1203-xx	Modem external termination test failed.	3. Replace the modem and retest.
1204-xx	Modem auto originate test failed.	
1206-xx	Dial multi-frequency tone test failed.	
1210-xx	Modem direct connect test failed.	

6000-6099, Compaq NIC Boards Test Error Codes

The 6000 series of diagnostic error codes identifies failures with various Compaq Network Interface Controllers.

Table 3-11
Compaq Network Interface Boards Test Error Codes

Error Code	Description	Recommended Action
6000-xx	Network card ID failed.	1. Check the controller installation in the slot.
6001-xx	Network card setup failed.	2. Check the interrupt type and the number setting.
6002-xx	Network card transmit failed.	
6014-xx	Network card configuration failed.	3. Check the media connection at the controller and Multistation Access Unit (MAU).
6016-xx	Network card reset failed.	
6028-xx	Network card internal failed.	4. Check the media speed (4/16) and type Unshielded Twisted Pair/Shielded Twisted Pair (UTP/STP) settings.
6029-xx	Network card external failed.	
6089-xx	Network card open failed.	5. Check the MAU, cabling, or other network components.
6090-xx	Network card initialization failed.	
6091-xx	Network card internal loopback failed.	6. Replace the controller.
6092-xx	Network card external loopback failed.	

6500-6599, SCSI Hard Drive Test Error Codes

The 6500 series of diagnostic error codes identifies failures with SCSI hard drives, SCSI hard drive controller boards, SCSI hard drive cabling, and system board functions. If the system uses a drive array controller, see the section for Array Diagnostic Utility (ADU).

Table 3-12
SCSI Hard Drive Test Error Codes

Error Code	Description	Recommended Action
6500-xx	SCSI disk ID drive types test failed.	1. Run the System Configuration Utility and verify the drive type.
6502-xx	SCSI disk unconditional format test failed.	2. Replace the SCSI disk drive signal and power cables and retest.
6505-xx	SCSI disk read test failed.	3. Replace the SCSI controller and retest.
6506-xx	SCSI disk SA/media test failed.	
6509-xx	SCSI disk erase tape test failed.	4. Replace the SCSI disk drive and retest.
6523-xx	SCSI disk random read test failed.	5. Replace the system board and retest.
6528-xx	Media load/unload test failed.	

6600-6699, SCSI/IDE CD-ROM Drive Test Error Codes

The 6600 series of diagnostic error codes identifies failures with the CD-ROM drive cabling, CD-ROM drives, adapter boards, or the system board assembly.

Table 3-13
SCSI/IDE CD-ROM Drive Test Error Codes

Error Code	Description	Recommended Action
6600-xx	CD-ROM ID failed.	1. Replace the CD-ROM media and retest.
6605-xx	CD-ROM read failed.	2. Check and/or replace the signal cable and retest.
6608-xx	SCSI controller test	
		3. Check the switch settings on the adapter board (if applicable).
		4. Replace the SCSI controller (if applicable) and retest.
		5. Replace the CD-ROM drive and retest.
		6. Replace the system board and retest.

6700-6799, SCSI Tape Drive Test Error Codes

The 6700 series of diagnostic error codes identifies failures with tape cartridges, tape drives, media changers, tape drive cabling, adapter boards, or the system board assembly.

Table 3-14
SCSI Tape Drive Test Error Codes

Error Code	Description	Recommended Action
6700-xx	SCSI tape ID drive types test failed.	1. Run the System Configuration Utility and verify the drive type.
6706-xx	SCSI disk SA/media test failed.	
6708-xx	SCSI controller test	2. Replace the SCSI tape drive signal and power cables and retest.
6709-xx	SCSI disk erase tape test failed.	3. Replace the SCSI controller and retest.
6728-xx	Media load/unload test failed.	4. Replace the SCSI tape drive and retest.
7079	Battery test	5. Replace the system board and retest.

8600-8699, Pointing Device Interface Test Error Codes

The 8600 diagnostic error codes identifies failures with the pointing device (mouse, trackball, and so on) or the system board assembly.

Table 3-15
Pointing Device Interface Test Error Codes

Error Code	Description	Recommended Action
8601-xx	Pointing Device Interface test failed.	1. Replace with a working pointing device and retest.
		2. Replace the system board and retest.

Array Diagnostic Utility (ADU)

Array Diagnostic Utility (ADU) is a Windows-based software tool designed to run on all Compaq servers that support Compaq array controllers, and are running SmartStart 4.10 or later. The two main functions of ADU are to collect all possible information about array controllers in the system and to generate a list of detected problems. The error messages and codes listed include all codes generated by Compaq products. The system generates only codes applicable to the configuration and options in the server.

ADU works by issuing multiple commands to the array controllers to determine if a problem exists. This data can then be saved to a file. In severe situations, this file can be sent to Compaq for analysis. In most cases, ADU provides enough information to initiate problem resolution immediately.

> **NOTE:** ADU does not write to the drives, destroy data, or change or remove configuration information.

Starting ADU

1. Insert the SmartStart CD into the CD-ROM drive.

2. Reboot the system from the SmartStart CD.

3. Select Array Diagnostic Utility (ADU) from the System Utilities menu.

   A "Please Wait" panel displays, indicating that ADU is identifying the system parameters. ADU gathers information from all of the array controllers in the system. The time it takes to gather this information depends on the size of the system. When the information gathering process is complete, ADU displays the main screen or a panel indicating any problems detected.

   > **CAUTION:** Do not cycle the power during this process. ADU must perform low-level operations that, if interrupted, could cause the controller to revert to a previous level of firmware if the firmware was soft-upgraded.

4. To generate an ADU report, select File then Save Data from the command menu.

Table 3-16
ADU Diagnostic Messages

Message	Description	Recommended Action
Accelerator board not detected	Array controller did not detect a configured Array Accelerator board	Install the Array Accelerator board on the array controller. If an Array Accelerator board is already installed, check for proper seating on the array controller board.
Accelerator error log	This log lists the last 32 parity errors on transfers to or from memory on the Array Accelerator board, and displays starting memory address, transfer count, and operation (read and write).	If there are many parity errors, you may need to replace the Array Accelerator board.
Accelerator parity read errors: n	Number of times that read memory parity errors were detected during transfers from memory on the Array Accelerator board	If there are many parity errors, you may need to replace the Array Accelerator board.
Accelerator parity write errors: n	Number of times that write memory parity errors were detected during transfers to memory on the Array Accelerator board	If there are many parity errors, you may need to replace the Array Accelerator board.
Accelerator status: Cache was automatically configured during last controller reset.	This can occur when cache board is replaced with one of a different size	Normal operations should continue.
Accelerator status: Data in the cache was lost due to some reason other than the battery being discharged	Data in the cache was lost, but not because of the battery being discharged.	Ensure that the Array Accelerator is properly seated. If the error continues, you may need to replace the Array Accelerator.
Accelerator status: Dirty data detected has reached limit. Cache still enabled, but writes no longer being posted	The number of cache lines containing dirty data that cannot be flushed (written) to the drives has reached a preset limit. The cache is still enabled, but writes are no longer being posted. This error usually occurs when there is a problem with the drive(s).	Resolve the problem with the drive(s). The controller will then be able to write dirty data to drives and posted write operations will be restored.
Accelerator status: Dirty data detected. Unable to write dirty data to drives	At least one cache line contains dirty data that the controller has been unable to flush (write) to the drives. This error usually occurs when there is a problem with the drive(s).	Resolve the problem with the drive(s). The controller will then be able to write dirty data to drives.

continued

Table 3-16
ADU Diagnostic Messages *continued*

Message	Description	Recommended Action
Accelerator status: Excessive ECC errors detected in at least one cache line. As a result, at least one cache line is no longer in use	At least one line in the cache is no longer in use due to excessive ECC errors detected during use of the memory associated with that cache line.	Replacement of cache should be considered. If cache replacement is not done remaining cache lines should continue to operate properly.
Accelerator status: Obsolete data detected	During reset initialization obsolete data was found in cache. This was due to drives being moved and written to by another controller.	Normal operations should continue. The controller will either write data to the drives or discard the data completely.
Accelerator status: Obsolete data was discarded	During reset initialization obsolete data was found in cache and was discarded (not written to drives).	Normal operations should continue.
Accelerator status: Obsolete data was flushed (written) to drives	During reset initialization obsolete data was found in cache. Obsolete data was written to the drives, but newer data may have been overwritten.	If newer data was overwritten, you may need to restore newer data; otherwise, normal operations should continue.
Accelerator status: Permanently disabled	Array Accelerator board has been permanently disabled. It remains disabled until it is reinitialized using the Array Configuration Utility (ACU).	Check the Disable Code field. Run Array Configuration Utility (ACU) to reinitialize the Array Accelerator board.
Accelerator status: Possible data loss in cache	Possible data loss detected during power-up due to all batteries being below sufficient voltage level and no presence of identification signatures on the Array Accelerator board.	There is no way to determine if dirty or bad data was in the cache and is now lost.
Accelerator status: Temporarily disabled	Array Accelerator board has been temporarily disabled.	Check the Disable Code field.
Accelerator status: Unrecognized status	A status returned from the Array Accelerator board that ADU does not recognize.	Obtain the latest version of ADU.
Accelerator status: Valid data found at reset	Valid data was found in posted write memory at reinitialization. Data will be flushed to disk.	Not an error or data loss condition; no action required
Accelerator status: Warranty alert	Catastrophic problem with Array Accelerator board. Refer to other messages on Diagnostics screen for exact meaning of this message.	Replace the Array Accelerator board.

Table 3-16
ADU Diagnostic Messages *continued*

Message	Description	Recommended Action
Adapter/NVRAM ID mismatch	Nonvolatile RAM has an ID for a different controller from the one physically present in the slot.	Run the System Configuration Utility.
Array Accelerator battery pack X not fully charged	Battery is not fully charged.	If 75% of batteries present are fully charged, Array Accelerator is fully operational. If less than 75% of batteries are fully charged, allow 36 hours to recharge them.
Array Accelerator battery pack X below reference voltage (recharging)	Battery pack on Array Accelerator is below required voltage levels.	Allow enough time for batteries to recharge (36 hours). If batteries have not recharged after 36 hours, replace the Array Accelerator board.
Board in use by Expand operation	Array Accelerator memory is in use by Expand operation.	Operate system without Array Accelerator board until Expand operation completes.
Board not attached	Array controller configured for use with Array Accelerator board, but one is not attached.	Attach Array Accelerator board to array controller.
Configuration signature is zero	ADU detected that nonvolatile RAM contains a configuration signature of zero. Old versions of the System Configuration Utility could cause this.	Run the latest version of System Configuration Utility to configure the controller and nonvolatile RAM.
Configuration signature mismatch	Array Accelerator board configured for a different array controller board. Configuration signature on Array Accelerator board does not match the one stored on the array controller board.	To recognize the Array Accelerator board, run the Array Configuration Utility.
Controller communication failure occurred	Controller communication failure occurred.	ADU was unable to successfully issue commands to the controller in this slot.
Controller detected. NVRAM configuration not present	Nonvolatile RAM does not contain a configuration for this controller.	Run the System Configuration Utility to configure the nonvolatile RAM.
Controller firmware needs upgrading	Controller firmware is below the latest recommended version.	Run Options ROMPaq to upgrade the controller to the latest firmware revision.
Controller is located in special "video" slot	Controller is installed in slot for special video control signals. If controller is used in this slot, LED indicators on front panel may not function properly.	Install the controller in a different slot and run the System Configuration Utility to configure the controller and nonvolatile RAM. Then run the Array Configuration Utility to configure controller.

continued

Table 3-16
ADU Diagnostic Messages *continued*

Message	Description	Recommended Action
Controller is not configured	If controller was previously configured and you change drive locations, there may be a problem with placement of the drives. ADU examines each physical drive and looks for drives that have been moved to new drive bays.	Look for messages indicating which drives have been moved. If none appear and drive swapping did not occur, run the Array Configuration Utility to configure the controller and run the System Configuration Utility to configure nonvolatile RAM. **Do not** run either utility if you believe drive swapping has occurred.
Controller reported POST error. Error Code: x	The controller returned an error from its internal Power-On Self Tests.	Replace the controller.
Controller restarted with a signature of zero	ADU did not find a valid configuration signature to use to get the data. Nonvolatile RAM may not be present (unconfigured) or the signature present in nonvolatile RAM may not match the signature on the controller.	Run the System Configuration Utility to configure the controller and nonvolatile RAM.
Disable command issued	Posted-writes have been disabled by the issuing of the Accelerator Disable command. This occurred because of an operating system device driver.	Restart the system. Run the Array Configuration Utility to reinitialize the Array Accelerator board.
Drive (bay) X firmware needs upgrading	Firmware on this physical drive is below the latest recommended version.	Run the Options ROMPaq Utility to upgrade the drive firmware to the latest revision.
Drive (bay) X has insufficient capacity for its configuration	Drive has insufficient capacity to be used in this logical drive configuration.	Replace this drive with a larger capacity drive.
Drive (bay) X has invalid M&P stamp	Physical drive has invalid monitor and performance data.	Run the System Configuration Utility to properly initialize this drive.
Drive (bay) X has loose cable	The array controller could not communicate with this drive at power-up. This drive has not previously failed.	Check all cable connections first. The cables could be bad, loose, or disconnected. Turn on the system and attempt to reconnect signal/power cable to the drive. If the error recurs, replace the cable. If the error recurs again, the drive may need to be replaced.
Drive (bay) X is a replacement drive	This drive has been replaced. This message displays if a drive is replaced in a fault tolerant logical volume.	If the replacement was intentional, allow the drive to rebuild.

continued

Table 3-16
ADU Diagnostic Messages *continued*

Message	Description	Recommended Action
Drive (bay) X is a replacement drive marked OK	This drive has been replaced and marked OK by the firmware. This may occur if a drive has an intermittent failure (for example, if a drive has previously failed, and then when ADU is run, the drive starts working again).	Replace the drive.
Drive (bay) X is failed	The indicated physical drive has failed.	Replace the drive.
Drive (bay) X is undergoing drive recovery	This drive is being rebuilt from the corresponding mirror or parity data.	Normal operations should resume.
Drive (bay) X needs replacing	The 210-megabyte hard drive has firmware version 2.30 or 2.31.	Replace the drive.
Drive (bay) X upload code not readable	An error occurred while ADU was trying to read the upload code information from this drive.	If there were multiple errors, this drive may need to be replaced.
Drive (bay) X was inadvertently replaced	The physical drive was incorrectly replaced after another drive failed.	Replace the drive that was incorrectly replaced and replace the original drive that failed. Do not run the System Configuration Utility and try to reconfigure; data will be lost.
Drive Monitoring features are unobtainable	ADU unable to get monitor and performance data due to fatal command problem such as drive time-out, or unable to get data because these features are not supported on the controller.	Check for other errors (time-outs, and so on). If no other errors occur, upgrade the firmware to a version that supports monitor and performance, if desired.
Drive Monitoring is NOT enabled for SCSI Port x Drive ID x	The monitor and performance features have not been enabled on this drive.	Run the System Configuration Utility to initialize the monitor and performance features.
Drive time-out occurred on physical drive bay X	ADU issued a command to a physical drive and the command was never acknowledged.	The drive or cable may be bad. Check the other error messages on the Diagnostics screen to determine resolution.
Drive X indicates position Y	Message indicates physical drive that appears to be scrambled or in a drive bay other than the one for which it was originally configured.	Examine the graphical drive representation on ADU to determine proper drive locations. Remove drive X and place it in drive position Y. Rearrange the drives according to the ADU instructions.
Duplicate write memory error	Data could not be written to the Array Accelerator board in duplicate due to the detection of parity errors. This is not a data loss situation.	Replace the Array Accelerator board.

Table 3-16
ADU Diagnostic Messages *continued*

Message	Description	Recommended Action
Error occurred reading RIS copy from SCSI Port x Drive ID x	An error occurred while ADU was trying to read the RIS from this drive.	If there were multiple errors, this drive may need to be replaced.
FYI: Drive (bay) X is non-Compaq supplied	The installed drive was not supplied by Compaq.	If problems exist with this drive, replace it with a Compaq drive.
Identify controller data did not match with NVRAM	The identify controller data from the array controller did not match the information stored in nonvolatile RAM. This could occur if new, previously configured drives have been placed in a system that has also been previously configured. It could also occur if the firmware on the controller has been upgraded and the System Configuration Utility was not run.	Check the identify controller data under the Inspect Utility. If the firmware version field is the only difference between the controller and nonvolatile RAM data, this is not a problem. Otherwise, run the System Configuration Utility.
Identify logical drive data did not match with NVRAM	The identify unit data from the array controller did not match with the information stored in nonvolatile RAM. This could occur if new, previously configured drives have been placed in a system that has also been previously configured.	Run the System Configuration Utility to configure the controller and nonvolatile RAM.
Insufficient adapter resources	The adapter does not have sufficient resources to perform operations to the Array Accelerator board. Drive rebuild may be occurring.	Operate the system without the Array Accelerator board until the drive rebuild completes.
Less than 75% batteries at sufficient voltage	Operation of Array Accelerator board has been disabled due to less than 75% of battery packs being at sufficient voltage level.	Allow sufficient time for batteries to recharge (36 hours). If batteries have not recharged after 36 hours, replace the Array Accelerator board.
Less than 75% batteries at sufficient voltage. Battery pack X below reference voltage.	Battery pack on Array Accelerator is below required voltage levels.	Allow sufficient time for batteries to recharge (36 hours). If batteries have not recharged after 36 hours, replace the Array Accelerator board.
Logical drive X failed due to cache error	This logical drive failed due to a catastrophic cache error.	Replace the Array Accelerator board and reconfigure using the Array Configuration Utility.

Table 3-16
ADU Diagnostic Messages *continued*

Message	Description	Recommended Action
Logical Drive X status = FAILED	This status could be issued for several reasons. If this logical drive is configured for No Fault Tolerance and one or more drives fail, this status will occur. If mirroring is enabled, and any two mirrored drives fail, this status will occur. If Data Guarding is enabled, and two or more drives fail in this unit, this status will occur. This status may also occur if another configured logical drive is in the WRONG DRIVE REPLACED or LOOSE CABLE DETECTED state.	Check for drive failures, wrong drive replaced, or loose cable messages. If there was a drive failure, replace the failed drive(s), then restore the data for this logical drive from the tape backup. Otherwise, follow the wrong drive replaced or loose cable detected procedures.
Logical Drive X status = INTERIM RECOVERY	A physical drive in this logical drive has failed. The logical drive is operating in interim recovery mode and is vulnerable.	Replace the failed drive as soon as possible.
Logical Drive X status = LOOSE CABLE DETECTED	A physical drive has a cabling problem.	Turn the system off and attempt to reattach the cable onto the drive. If the error recurs, replace the cable.
Logical Drive X status = NEEDS RECOVER	A physical drive in this logical drive has failed and has now been replaced. This drive needs to be rebuilt from the mirror drive or the parity data.	When starting the system, select the "F1rebuild drive" option to rebuild the replaced drive.
Logical Drive X status = OVERHEATED	The Intelligent Array Expansion System drive temperature is beyond safe operating levels and the system has shut down to avoid damage.	Check the fans and the operating environment.
Logical Drive X status = OVERHEATING	The Intelligent Array Expansion System drive temperature is beyond safe operating levels and the system has shut down to avoid damage.	Check the fans and the operating environment.
Logical Drive X status = RECOVERING	A physical drive in this logical drive has failed and has now been replaced. The replaced drive is rebuilding from the mirror drive or the parity data.	Nothing needs to be done. Normal operations should resume.
Logical Drive X status = WRONG DRIVE REPLACED	A physical drive in this logical drive has failed. The incorrect drive was replaced.	Replace the drive that was incorrectly replaced. Then, replace the original drive that failed with a new drive. Do not run the System Configuration Utility to reconfigure; data on drive will be lost.
Loose cable detected— logical drives may be marked FAILED until corrected	ADU found loose cable. If logical drives are marked FAILED, those logical drives will be unusable until problem corrected.	Power down the system. Check cable(s) for tight connection to logical drives. Restart system. If same message recurs, cable(s) may be bad.

Table 3-16
ADU Diagnostic Messages *continued*

Message	Description	Recommended Action
Loose cable detected— logical drives may be marked FAILED until corrected	Controller unable to communicate with one or more physical drives, probably because of a cabling problem. Logical drives may be in a FAILED state until the condition is corrected, preventing access to data on the controller.	Check all controller and drive cable connections.
Mirror data miscompare	Data was found at reinitialization in the posted write memory; however, the mirror data compare test failed resulting in data being marked as invalid. Data loss is possible.	Replace the Array Accelerator board.
No configuration for accelerator board	The Array Accelerator board has not been configured.	If the Array Accelerator board is present, run the Array Configuration Utility (ACU) to configure the board.
NVRAM configuration present, controller not detected	Nonvolatile RAM has a configuration for an array controller, but there is no board in this slot. Either a board has been removed from the system or a board has been placed in the wrong slot.	Place the array controller in the proper slot or run the System Configuration Utility to reconfigure nonvolatile RAM to reflect the removal or new position.
RIS copies between drives do not match	Drives on controller contain copies of RIS which do not match.	Upgrade ADU to most recent version.
SCSI Port x Drive ID x has exceeded threshold(s)	Monitor and performance threshold for this drive has been violated.	Check for the particular threshold that has been violated.
SCSI Port x Drive ID x is not stamped for monitoring	Drive has not been stamped with monitor and performance features.	Run the Array Configuration Utility (ACU). Changing the configuration and saving should cause ACU to stamp drive with monitor and performance features. To do this without destroying the current configuration, change Array Accelerator size and save configuration. Change the Array Accelerator back to original size and save again.
SCSI Port x Drive ID x RIS copy mismatch	Copies of RIS on drive do not match.	Drive may need to be replaced. Check for other errors.
SCSI Port x Drive ID x failed— REPLACE (failure message)	ADU found a drive that needs to be replaced.	Replace drive or correct condition that caused error.
SCSI Port x Drive ID x firmware needs upgrading	Drive firmware is below recommended version.	Run Options ROMPaq to upgrade drive to latest firmware revision.

Table 3-16
ADU Diagnostic Messages *continued*

Message	Description	Recommended Action
SCSI Port x Drive ID x has a loose cable. SMART is unable to communicate with drive	Drive has loose cable	Power down the system. Check drive cable for tight connection.
SCSI Port x Drive ID x was replaced on a good volume: (failure message)	ADU found drive was replaced even though volume was fine.	No action needs to be taken.
SCSI port X, drive ID Y firmware needs upgrading	Drive's firmware may cause problems and should be upgraded.	Run Options ROMPaq to upgrade the firmware on the drive to a later version.
Set configuration command issued	The configuration of the array controller has been updated. The Array Accelerator board may remain disabled until it is reinitialized.	Run the System Configuration Utility to reinitialize the Array Accelerator board.
Soft Firmware Upgrade required	ADU has determined that the controller is running firmware that has been soft upgraded by the Compaq Upgrade Utility. However, the firmware running is not present on all drives. This could be caused by the addition of new drives in the system.	Run the Compaq Upgrade Utility to place the latest firmware on all drives.
Unable to communicate with drive on SCSI Port x, Drive ID x	Controller could not communicate with drive.	If the amber LED on the drive is on, replace the drive.
Unknown disable code	A code was returned from the Array Accelerator board that ADU does not recognize.	Obtain the latest version of ADU.
Unrecoverable read error	Read parity errors were detected when attempting to read same data from both sides of mirrored memory. Data loss will occur.	Replace the Array Accelerator board.
WARNING—Drive Write Cache is enabled on X	Drive has its internal write cache enabled. The drive may be a third-party drive or the operating parameters of the drive may have been altered. This condition may cause data corruption if power to the drive is interrupted.	Replace the drive with a Compaq supplied drive, or restore the operating parameters of the drive.

continued

Table 3-16
ADU Diagnostic Messages *continued*

Message	Description	Recommended Action
Warning bit detected	A monitor and performance threshold violation may have occurred. Status of a logical drive may not be OK.	Check the other error messages on the diagnosis screen for an indication of the problem.
Write memory error	Data could not be written to cache memory. This typically means that parity error was detected while writing data to cache. This could be caused by incomplete connection between cache and controller. This is not a data loss circumstance.	With power to system turned off, verify that the cache board is fully connected to controller.
Wrong Accelerator	This could mean that either the board was replaced in the wrong slot or placed in a system that was previously configured with another board type. Included with this message is a message indicating the type of adapter sensed by ADU and a message indicating the type of adapter last configured nonvolatile RAM.	Check the diagnosis screen for other error messages. Run the System Configuration Utility to update the system configuration.

Integrated Management Log

On servers supporting the Integrated Management Display, the Compaq Integrated Management Log (IML) replaces the Critical Error Log and Correctable Memory Logs. IML records system events and stores them in an easily viewable form. Each event is marked with a time-stamp with one-minute granularity.

Events listed in the Integrated Management Log are categorized as one of four event severity levels:

■ **Status**—indicates that the message is informational only.

■ **Repaired**—indicates that corrective action has been taken.

■ **Caution**—indicates a nonfatal error condition.

■ **Critical**—indicates a component failure.

The Integrated Management Log requires Compaq operating system-dependent drivers. Refer to the Compaq Support Software CD for instructions on installing the appropriate drivers.

Refer to the setup and installation guide that came with the server or the *Integrated Management Display User Guide* provided with the Integrated Management Display option kit.

Multiple Ways of Viewing the Log

You can view an event in the IML in several ways:

■ On the Integrated Management Display

■ From within Compaq Insight Manager

■ From within the Compaq Survey Utility

■ From within the IML Management Utility

Integrated Management Display

The Integrated Management Display is an LCD panel that presents information directly at the server, assisting in diagnosing and servicing the server without a keyboard and monitor.

Compaq Insight Manager

Compaq Insight Manager is a comprehensive management tool to monitor and control the operation of Compaq servers and clients. Compaq Insight Manager consists of two components: a Windows-based console application, and server- or client-based management data collection agents. Starting with Compaq Insight Manager 4.0, the agents for Windows NT and NetWare are also Web-enhanced; that is, these agents enable Web browser access and monitoring of management information.

The management agents monitor over 1,000 management parameters. Key subsystems are instrumented to make health, configuration, and performance data available to agent software. Agents act upon data by initiating information, such as network interface or storage subsystem performance statistics.

Viewing the Event List

1. From Compaq Insight Manager, select the appropriate server, then select View Device Data. The selected server displays, with buttons around its perimeter.

2. Select the Recovery button, then select Integrated Management Log.

3. If a failed component has been replaced, select the event from the list, then select Mark Repaired.

Printing the Event List

> **NOTE:** You can only view the event list from the Recovery/Integrated Management Log screen as described above.

1. From the Insight Manager, select the appropriate server.

2. Select the Configuration button, then Recovery button, then Print.

Compaq Survey Utility

The Compaq Survey Utility is a serviceability tool available from Windows NT and Novell NetWare. It delivers online-configuration capture and comparison to maximize server availability. It is delivered on the Compaq Management CD in the SmartStart package or is available on the Compaq website. Refer to the Compaq Management CD for information on installing and running the Compaq Survey Utility.

After running the Compaq Survey Utility, view the IML by loading the output of the utility (typically called "survey.txt") into a text viewer such as Microsoft Notepad. The event list follows the system slot information. After opening the text file, print it using the print feature of the viewer.

Compaq IML Management Utility

The Compaq IML Management Utility is a DOS-based tool that gives you the offline ability to review, mark corrected, and print events from the IML. It is located on the Compaq SmartStart and Support Software CD. Refer to the SmartStart Installation for Servers poster, which ships with the server, for information on how to install and use the IML Management Utility.

Event List

The Event List displays the affected components and the associated error messages. Though the same basic information displays, the format of the list may differ, depending on how you view it: on the Integrated Management Display, from within Compaq Insight Manager, or the Compaq Survey Utility. An example of the format of an event displayed on the Integrated Management Display follows:

```
**001 of 010**
---caution---
03/19/1997
12:54 PM
FAN FAILURE
Main System
Location:
    System Board
Fan ID: 03
**END OF EVENT**
```

Event Messages

Table 3-17
Event Messages

Event Type	Event Message	Action
Machine Environment		
Fan Failure	System Fan Failure (Fan X, Location)	Replace fan
Overheat Condition	System Overheating (Zone X, Location)	Check fans
Main Memory		
Correctable Error threshold exceeded	Corrected Memory Error threshold passed (Slot X, Memory Module X)	Replace the defective memory module.
	Corrected Memory Error threshold passed (System Memory)	Replace the memory modules one at a time (if more than one) and retest the system.
	Corrected Memory Error threshold passed (Memory Module unknown)	Replace the memory modules one at a time (if more than one).
Uncorrectable Error	Uncorrectable Memory Error (Slot X, Memory Module X)	Replace the defective memory module.
	Uncorrectable Memory Error (System Memory)	Replace the defective memory module.
	Uncorrectable Memory Error (Memory Module unknown)	Replace the memory modules one at a time (if more than one) and retest the system.

continued

Table 3-17
Event Messages *continued*

Event Type	Event Message	Action
Processor		
Correctable Error Threshold exceeded	Processor Correctable error Threshold passed (Slot X, Socket X)	Replace the processor.
Uncorrectable Error	Unrecoverable Host Bus Data Parity Error	Replace the processor.
Host Bus Error	Unrecoverable Host Bus Address Parity Error	Call the service provider or Compaq for diagnosis.
PCI Bus Error	PCI Bus Error (Slot X, Bus X, Device X, Function X)	Power down PCI slot and replace board
Power Subsystem		
Power Supply Failure	System Power Supply Failure (Power Supply X)	Replace power supply
Power Supply Inserted	System Power Supply Inserted (Power Supply X)	None
Power Supply Removed	System Power Supply Removed (Power Supply X)	None
Power Supply Not Redundant	System Power Supplies Not Redundant	Add power supply
System Configuration Battery Low	Real-Time Clock Battery Failing	Replace battery
Power Module Failure	A CPU Power Module (System Board, Socket X)	Replace power module
Power Module Failure	A CPU Power Module (Slot X, Socket X)	Replace power module
Automatic Server Recovery-2		
System Lockup	ASR Lockup Detected: Cause	Call the service provider or Compaq for diagnosis.
Operating System		
System Crash	Blue Screen Trap: Cause [NT]	Refer to the documentation for the operating system.
	Kernel Panic: Cause [UNIX]	
	Abnormal Program Termination: Cause [NetWare]	
Automatic OS Shutdown	Automatic Operating System Shutdown Initiated Due to Fan Failure	Refer to the documentation for the operating system.
	Automatic Operating System Shutdown Initiated Due to Overheat Condition	
	Fatal Exception (Number X, Cause)	

Rapid Error Recovery

Compaq servers provide rapid recovery services for diagnosing and recovering from errors. These tools are available for local and remote diagnosis and recovery.

Rapid recovery means fast identification and resolution of complex faults. The Rapid Recovery Engine and Insight Management Agents notify the system administrator when a failure occurs, ensuring that the server experiences minimal downtime. You enable these features through the System Configuration Utility. These integrated server management features are:

■ Automatic Server Recovery-2 (ASR-2)

■ Integrated Management Logs

■ Storage Fault Recovery Tracking

■ Storage Automatic Reconstruction (requires Compaq Smart Array Controller or Compaq Integrated Smart Array Controller)

■ Network Interface Fault Recovery Tracking

■ Memory Fault Recovery Tracking

These are discussed in more detail on the server documentation CD.

Automatic Server Recovery-2

Automatic Server Recovery-2 (ASR-2) lets the server restart automatically from the operating system or the Compaq Utilities. To use this feature, you must use the System Configuration Utility to install Compaq Utilities in the Compaq system partition.

You can enable the ASR-2 feature to restart a server after a critical hardware or software error occurs. If a critical error occurs, the server records the error information in the Integrated Management Log, restarts the system, and pages you. Using the Compaq System Configuration Utility, configure the system for automatic recovery or for attended local or remote access to diagnostic and configuration tools.

> **NOTE:** ASR-2 is available only on specific operating systems. ASR-2 drivers are provided by Compaq.

You can also configure ASR-2 to page an administrator when the system restarts. ASR-2 depends on the application and driver that routinely notify the ASR-2 hardware of proper system operations. If the time between ASR-2 notifications exceeds the specified period, ASR-2 assumes a fault has occurred and initiates the recovery process.

To configure ASR-2:

1. Run the System Configuration Utility.

2. Select View and Edit Details.

3. Set the software error recovery status to Enabled.

4. Set the software error recovery timeout.

The available recovery features are:

■ Software Error Recovery—automatically restarts the server after a software-induced server failure

■ Environmental Recovery—allows the server to restart when temperature, fan, or AC power conditions return to normal

Unattended Recovery

For unattended recovery, ASR-2 performs the following actions:

■ Logs the error information to the IML

■ Resets the server

■ Pages you (if a modem is present and you selected Paging)

■ Tries to restart the operating system

Often the server restarts successfully, making unattended recovery the ideal choice for remote locations where trained service personnel are not immediately available.

If ASR-2 cannot restart the server within 10 attempts, it places a critical error in the Integrated Management Log, starts the server into Compaq Utilities, and enables remote access (if you configured remote access).

To use this level of ASR-2, you must configure ASR-2 to load the operating system after restart.

Attended Recovery

For attended recovery, ASR-2 performs the following actions:

■ Logs the error information to the IML

■ Resets the server

■ Pages you (if a modem is present and you selected Paging)

■ Starts Compaq Utilities from the hard drive

■ Enables remote access

During system configuration, these utilities are placed on the system utilities partition of the hard drive.

If you have configured for dial-in access and have a modem with an auto-answer feature installed, you can dial in and remotely diagnose or reconfigure the server.

If you have configured the Compaq Utilities for network access, you can access the utilities over the network. You can use Compaq Insight Manager for dial-in or network access.

Hardware Requirements

To use this level of ASR-2 over a modem, you need the following:

■ A Compaq external Netelligent modem or compatible

■ System Configuration Utility and Diagnostics Utility installed on the Compaq system partition of the hard drive

■ ASR-2 configured to load Compaq Utilities after restart

You can also run Compaq Utilities remotely over an IPX or IP network using the Network feature:

■ To use Compaq Utilities on an IPX network, you must have Compaq Insight Manager 2.0 or later or an NVT (Novell Virtual Terminal) Terminal Emulator with VT100 or ANSI terminal capabilities.

■ To use Compaq Utilities on an IP network, you must have Compaq Insight Manager 2.10 or later, or a Telnet Terminal Emulator with VT100 or ANSI capabilities.

If you are notified that ASR-2 restarted the server and you have restarted to Compaq Utilities, use the Inspect Utility or Compaq Insight Manager to view the critical error in the Compaq system partition. Run Diagnostics to diagnose and resolve the problem.

You can configure ASR-2 to restart the server into Compaq Utilities to diagnose the critical error or to start the operating system to return the server to operational status as rapidly as possible.

When you enable ASR-2 to start the operating system, the server tries to start from the primary partition. In this mode, ASR-2 can page you if a critical error occurs, but you cannot access Compaq Utilities.

When you enable ASR-2 to start Compaq Utilities, the server restarts after a critical error and loads Compaq Utilities from the Compaq system partition on the hard drive.

You can configure the server to start Compaq Utilities in four different ways:

■ Without remote console support; for example, to run Compaq Utilities from the server console only

■ With remote console support using modems for dial-in access

■ With remote console support using a modem to dial a predetermined telephone number

■ With remote console support through a network connection (IP or IPX)

Table 3-18
ASR-2 Features

Features	Definition
Software error recovery	If enabled, ASR-2 is activated if the OS hangs or has a crash that results in a lockup.
Software error recovery timeout	Determines how long the server waits to enable ASR-2 after an OS lockup
Standby recovery server option	If enabled, ASR-2 activation initiates a switch to a standby recovery server.
Standby recovery server port	Port used to communicate with the recovery server.
Standby recovery timeout	Determines how long the server waits to initiate switch after ASR-2 activation
Software error recovery boot option	Allows the server to restart either into the OS or into Compaq Utilities
Thermal shutdown	If enabled, shuts down the server if a critical thermal error occurs
UPS shutdown	If enabled, allows the server to perform a shutdown if a UPS is activated
UPS shutdown threshold	Determines how long the server waits to shut down after the UPS is activated. If desired, this number should provide enough time for an administrator to perform any necessary operations or to gracefully shut down the server.

Compaq Integrated Remote Console

The standard Compaq Integrated Remote Console performs a wide range of configuration activities. Console features include:

■ Is accessible using ANSI terminal

■ Operates independently of the operating system

■ Provides for remote server reboot

■ Provides access to system configuration

■ Uses out-of-band communication with dedicated management modem installed in the server

For more information, see the *Integrated Remote Console User Guide* that shipped with the server.

> **IMPORTANT:** Before configuring ASR-2, verify that the System Configuration Utility and Diagnostics software are installed on the Compaq system partition. ASR-2 must have this to start Compaq Utilities after a system restart. Compaq recommends this even if you configure ASR-2 to start the operating system.

Compaq Health Driver

The Compaq Health Driver continually resets the ASR-2 timer according to the frequency you specified in the System Configuration Utility (for example, 10 minutes). If the ASR-2 timer counts down to zero before being reset, due to an operating system crash or a server lockup, ASR-2 restarts the server into either Compaq Utilities or the operating system (as indicated by the System Configuration parameters). The default value is 10 minutes. The allowable settings are 5, 10, 20, and 30 minutes.

For remote and off-site (unattended) servers, setting the software error recovery time-out for 5 minutes reduces server downtime and allows the server to recover quickly. For local (attended) servers located onsite, you can set the software error recovery timeout for 20 or 30 minutes, giving you time to arrive at the server if you wish to manually diagnose the problem.

The Compaq Health Driver is independent of the ASR-2 timer. You should load it and enable the ASR-2 timer. This allows the driver to detect and log information about numerous hardware and software errors in the IML. However, you cannot enable the ASR-2 timer without loading the Compaq Health Driver.

Before ASR-2 restarts the server, it records any information available about the condition of the operating system in the Compaq system partition, or the IML depending on the server support. This information can be used to diagnose an operating system crash or server lockup, while still allowing the server to be restarted.

The following ASR-2 flow chart shows you the sequence of events after a hardware or software error occurs:

```
┌─────────────────────────────────────┐
│    Hardware/Software error occurs    │
└─────────────────────────────────────┘
                  │
┌─────────────────────────────────────┐
│   Error is recorded in the Compaq    │
│   system partition or the Integrated │
│   Management Log, depending on the   │
│        server configuration.         │
└─────────────────────────────────────┘
                  │
┌─────────────────────────────────────┐
│     Operating system halts normal    │
│              operation.              │
└─────────────────────────────────────┘
                  │
┌─────────────────────────────────────┐
│          ASR timer expires.          │
└─────────────────────────────────────┘
                  │
┌─────────────────────────────────────┐
│            Server is reset.          │
└─────────────────────────────────────┘
                  │
┌─────────────────────────────────────┐
│  If a modem is installed and paging  │
│   is enabled, the Server Failure     │
│   Notification pager alert is sent   │
│     to the Server Administrator.     │
└─────────────────────────────────────┘
```

Unattended server starts the Operating System.	---Or---	Server starts the Compaq Utilities on the Compaq system partition on the hard drive
If the server continues experiencing hardware/software errors and the number of ASR cycles exceed the specified number of recovery attempts, the server logs an error to the Server Health Log or the Integrated Management Log and starts the Compaq Utilities from the Compaq system partition on the hard drive.		If a modem is installed, ASR puts the modem on auto answer so that the Server Administrator can dial in (using third party terminal emulator software) to remotely run the Compaq Utilities to identify the source of the fault.

Or

Local server administrator runs Compaq Utilities from server console to identify the source of the fault.

Figure 3-1. ASR-2 flow chart

Booting into Compaq Utilities

When you enable ASR-2 to start into Compaq Utilities and a critical error occurs, the operating-system-specific Health Driver logs the error information in the Compaq system partition or the IML and the ASR-2 feature restarts the server. When the system reinitializes, the system pages the designated administrator (if enabled), and starts Compaq Utilities from the hard drive.

If Dial-In status is enabled, the modem is placed in auto-answer mode. If you enable Dial-Out status, you are automatically enabled for Dial-In.

If Network Status is enabled, the appropriate network support software is loaded, depending on the network protocol, IP or IPX. This allows remote access via the network.

> **IMPORTANT:** Compaq Utilities are loaded from a specially created Compaq system partition on the hard drive. This partition was configured during server configuration.

You can access the server and view the Integrated Management Logs remotely by modem, in-band over the network, or directly from the server. For modem access, you must have either Compaq Insight Manager 2.0 or above or have a VT100 or ANSI terminal type device. You may use a standard CRT with VT100 or ANSI emulation capability, or you may use a PC with a VT100 or ANSI terminal emulation package. The communication parameters must be set for 8 data bits, no parity, and 1 stop bit.

You can also enable ASR-2 to allow network access using the Network Status feature in the System Configuration Utility. You must have either Compaq Insight Manager 2.0 or greater or a Novell Virtual Terminal (NVT) emulator on an IPX network to use this feature. You must also have version 2.24 or later of the System Configuration Utility. For IP access, you must have Compaq Insight Manager 2.10 or later, or a Telnet Terminal emulator to use this feature. You also must have version 2.24 or later of the System Configuration Utility.

The System Configuration Utility settings should resemble the settings in Table 3-19 when you enable ASR-2 to start into Compaq Utilities.

Table 3-19
Compaq System Configuration Utility Pager Settings for Booting into Compaq Utilities

Pager Data	Example Setting	Description
Pager status	Enabled	Indicates if the pager feature is enabled or disabled.
Pager dial string	ATDT 555-5555	Indicates the pager dial string and delay before the pager message. Pagers typically use one of the following formats: Local pagers: ATDT 555-5555 Wide area pagers: ATDT 1-800-555-5555,1234567#
Pager message	1234567#	Represents a unique number (maximum seven digits, numeric only) that you must designate to identify the server on the pager display. The ROM adds a three-digit code to the front of this number. The first two indicate the subsystem and the third indicates the severity of the error that caused the alert. The # symbol usually terminates the message. If no message is required, delete the # symbol.

continued

Table 3-19
Compaq System Configuration Utility Pager Settings for Booting into Compaq Utilities *continued*

Pager Data	Example Setting	Description
Pager test	Select to test pager setup	Use this to test the current pager settings. Press **Enter** to dial the pager number, and the pager message (if present) displays. You must configure the computer before testing the pager and the Pager Status must be set to Enabled. Do not test the pager if you are running remotely and are using only one modem.
Serial interface	COM1	Select the communications port for the modem used by the pager and the remote ASR-2 functions. The options are COM1 and COM2.
Dial-in status	Enabled	Set Dial-In Status to Enabled. Be sure the Reset Boot option is set to Boot Compaq Utilities. When the system starts because of an ASR reset, it starts to the Compaq Utilities, sets the Management Modem to auto-answer, and waits for the administrator to dial in and run the Compaq Utilities.
		You automatically disable this option when you configure the software error recovery start option to Boot Operating System. When ASR pages you, you cannot dial in unless ASR-2 exceeds 10, the threshold number of server restart retries. When this happens, ASR-2 restarts the server into the Compaq Utilities and places the modem in auto-answer mode.
Dial-out status	Enabled	Allows ASR-2 to dial out to a remote workstation. If you selected this option, Dial-In Status is automatically selected.
		To use the dial-out feature, set Dial-Out Status to Enabled and set the Dial-Out String to the correct phone number. You must also set the Reset Boot option to Boot Compaq Utilities. When the system restarts because of an ASR reset, the administrator is paged via Pager Status and Pager Dial String, the system restarts to the Compaq Utilities, and dials out to the phone number provided in the Dial-Out string. The dial-out number will be tried five times. If it fails to connect after five attempts, the modem is put in auto-answer mode.
Dial-out string	555-1234	Enter the dial string followed by the remote computer telephone number.
Network status	Enabled	To allow network access to Compaq Utilities, set Network Status to Enabled and ensure the Reset Boot option is set to Boot Compaq Utilities.
Network protocol		To use IPX network access, set Network Protocol to IPX. When the system restarts to the Compaq Utilities because of an ASR reset, it loads IPX network support. This enables remote access using NVT.
		To use IP network access, set Network protocol to IP. Also make sure to set Network IP address, Network IP net mask, and Network IP router address. When the system restarts to the Compaq Utilities because of an ASR reset, it loads IP network support. This enables remote access using Telnet.
		NOTE: The Network Status must be set to Enabled for network access.

continued

Table 3-19
Compaq System Configuration Utility Pager Settings for Booting into Compaq Utilities *continued*

Pager Data	Example Setting	Description
Network controller	Compaq	For all Compaq standard network controllers
Network host name	CPQHOU	Enter the network name of the server. Use underscores instead of spaces within the name—for example, Compaq_Server. If you are using IPX network access to the Compaq Utilities, this server name is used to advertise NVT host services. This server name displays in the Compaq Insight Manager server list when the program determines it can communicate using NVT. Set this name to be the same as the server name you assign when the host OS is running.
Network card slot	Slot #	Select the slot number of the network interface card you wish to use for network access to Compaq Utilities.
Network frame type	ETHERNET_II	Select the frame type for the network. Selections include both Ethernet and Token Ring topologies.
Network IP address	xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx	Enter the IP address for this server in standard dot notation.
		NOTE: This is not used if you select Custom for Network controller. You must enter the IP address in the NET.CFG file that you load into the Compaq system partition.
Network IP net mask	xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx	Enter the net mask for this server in standard dot notation.
		NOTE: This is not used if you select Custom for network controller. You must enter the IP address in the NET.CFG file that you load into the Compaq system partition.
Network IP router address	xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx	Enter the router to be used for this server in standard dot notation.
		NOTE: This is not used if you select Custom for network controller. You must enter the IP address in the NET.CFG file that you load into the Compaq system partition.

If you configure the server to boot into Compaq Utilities, it prepares for remote communications. You can remotely run Diagnostics software, the Inspect Utility, or the System Configuration Utility using a workstation running terminal emulation software, such as Compaq Insight Manager or PC Anywhere.

Booting into the Operating System

When you enable ASR-2 to restart into the operating system and a critical error occurs, ASR-2 logs the error in Integrated Management Log (IML) and restarts the server. The system ROM pages the designated administrator, and then executes the normal restart process.

> **IMPORTANT:** When you enable ASR-2 to restart into the operating system, Modem Dial-In Status, Network Status, and Modem Dial-Out Status are automatically disabled. In this mode, ASR-2 can page you if a critical error occurs, but you cannot access the server, and the server cannot dial out to a remote workstation.

If the ASR-2 feature cannot restart the server within 10 attempts, it logs a critical error in the Integrated Management Log (IML), restarts the server into the Compaq Utilities, and puts the modem into auto-answer mode.

The System Configuration Utility setting should resemble the following when you enable ASR to restart into the operating system:

Table 3-20
OS Restart SCU Setting for ASR-2

Option	Setting
Serial Interface	COM1
Dial-in status	Disabled
Dial-out status	Disabled
Dial-out string	555-1234
Network status	Disabled
Network protocol	IPX
Network controller	Compaq
Network host name	CPQHOU
Network card slot	Slot #
Network frame type	ETHERNET_II
Network IP address	xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx
Network IP net mask	xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx
Network IP router address	xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx

ASR-2 Security

The standard Compaq password features function differently during ASR-2 than during a typical system startup. During ASR-2, the system does not prompt for the power-on password. This allows ASR-2 to restart the operating system or Compaq Utilities without user intervention.

To maintain system security, set the server to start in Network Server Mode (an option in the System Configuration Utility). This option ensures that the server keyboard is locked until you enter the keyboard password.

Select an administrator password (an option in the System Configuration Utility). During attended ASR-2 (local or remote), you must enter this administrator password before any modifications can be made to the server configuration.

ASR-2 Integrated Management Log Messages

The Integrated Management Log (IML) records memory errors, as well as catastrophic hardware and software errors that cause the system to fail. This information helps you quickly identify and correct the problem, thus minimizing downtime.

You can view the IML through Compaq Insight Manager. The Diagnostics Utility either resolves the error or suggests corrective action in systems that do not support event logs.

The IML or Compaq system partition identifies and records all the following errors. Each error type is explained below.

Table 3-21
ASR-2 IML Messages

Message	Description
Abnormal Program Termination	The operating system has encountered an abnormal situation that has caused a system failure.
ASR-2 detected by ROM	An ASR-2 activity has been detected and logged by the system ROM.
ASR-2 Test Event	The System Configuration Utility generated a test alert.
Automatic Server Recovery Base Memory Parity Error	The system detected a data error in base memory following a reset due to the Automatic Server Recovery-2 (ASR-2) timer expiration.
Automatic Server Recovery Extended Memory Parity Error	The system detected a data error in extended memory following a reset due to the ASR-2 timer expiration.
Automatic Server Recovery Memory Parity Error	The system ROM was unable to allocate enough memory to create a stack. Then, it was unable to put a message on the screen or continue starting the server.
Automatic Server Recovery Reset Limit Reached	The maximum number of system resets due to ASR-2 timer expiration has been reached, resulting in the loading of Compaq Utilities.
Battery Failing	Low system battery warning. Replace battery within 7 days to prevent loss of nonvolatile configuration memory. Failure of the battery supporting the system's nonvolatile RAM is imminent.
Caution: Temperature Exceeded	The operating system has detected that the temperature of the system has exceeded the caution level. Accompanying data in the log notes whether an auto-shutdown sequence has been invoked by the operating system.
Diagnostic Error	An error was detected by the Diagnostics Utility. See the specific error code in this chapter for a detailed explanation.
Error Detected On Boot Up	The server detected an error during the Power-On Self-Test (POST).
Processor Prefailure	A CPU has passed an internal corrected error threshold; excessive internal ECC cache errors.

Table 3-21
ASR-2 IML Messages *continued*

Message	Description
NMI—PCI Bus Parity Error	A parity error was detected on the PCI bus.
NMI—Expansion Board Error	A board on the expansion bus indicated an error condition, resulting in a server failure.
NMI—Expansion Bus Master Time-Out	A bus master expansion board in the indicated slot did not release the bus after its maximum time, resulting in a server failure.
NMI—Expansion Bus Slave Time-Out	A board on the expansion bus delayed a bus cycle beyond the maximum time, resulting in a server failure.
NMI—Fail-Safe Timer Expiration	Software was unable to reset the system fail-safe timer, resulting in a server failure.
Processor Exception	The indicated processor exception occurred.
NMI—Processor Parity Error	The processor detected a data error, resulting in a server failure.
Server Manager Failure	An error occurred with the Server Manager/R.
NMI—Software Generated Interrupt Detected Error	Software Indicated a system error, resulting in a server failure.
Abnormal Program Termination	The operating system has encountered an abnormal situation that has caused a system failure.
ASR-2 Test Event	The System Configuration Utility generated a test alert.
NMI—Automatic Server Recovery Timer Expiration	The operating system has received notice of an impending ASR-2 timer expiration.
Required System Fan Failure	The required system fan has failed. Accompanying data in the log notes if an auto-shutdown sequence has been invoked by the operating system.
UPS A/C Line Failure Shutdown or Battery Low	The UPS notified the operating system that the AC power line has failed. Accompanying data indicates whether an auto-shutdown sequence has been invoked or the battery has been nearly depleted.
ASR-2 detected by ROM	An ASR-2 activity has been detected and logged by the system ROM.

Revision History Table

Some errors can be resolved by reviewing changes to the server configuration. The server has an Automatic Revision Tracking (ART) feature that helps you review recent changes to the server configuration.

One ART feature is the Revision History Table, which contains the hardware version number of the system board and any other system boards providing ART-compatible revision information. This feature lets you determine the level of functionality of an assembly in a system without opening or powering down the unit.

Table 3-22
Revision History Table Example

Current Revisions	
Date	10/31/99
System board revision	03
Assembly version	1
Functional revision level	C
Processor 01 revision	01
Assembly version	1
Functional revision level	A
Previous Revisions	
Date	9/21/98
System board revision	03
Assembly version	1
Functional revision level	C
Processor 01 revision	01
Assembly version	1
Functional revision level	A

The Revision History Table is stored in nonvolatile RAM and is accessed through the Inspect Utility and Compaq Insight Manager.

Storage Fault Recovery Tracking

This feature tracks over 12 failure-indication parameters, such as timeouts, spin-up, and self-test errors of SCSI drives. You can use these parameters to pinpoint failed storage subsystem components and to recover from controller or hard drive failure.

Storage Automatic Reconstruction

This feature automatically reconstructs data to an online spare or to a replaced drive if a drive fails. To use the reconstruction feature, you must configure the server for drive mirroring or data guarding. The reconstruction decreases system downtime by allowing rapid recovery to full system operation if a drive fails.

Network Interface Fault Recovery Tracking

This feature tracks over 20 failure indication parameters—such as alignment errors, lost frames, and frame copy errors—of Ethernet and Token Ring network interfaces. It decreases network downtime by enabling diagnosis of actual network interface failures.

Memory Fault Recovery Tracking

This feature inspects the operation of the memory subsystem looking for uncorrectable memory errors.

Remote Service Features

Compaq servers have the following management features that you can access through a modem or a network:

Table 3-23
Compaq Servers Remote Management Features

Feature	Description
Service Session	Provides remote access to all the utilities on the Compaq system partition, including Diagnostics utilities, Inspect, ROMPaq, Drive Array Advanced Diagnostics (DAAD), and the System Configuration Utility. Also provides the capability for remote file transfer services to and from the Compaq system partition.
Disk-Based Diagnostics	Provides remote diagnostic capability after you configure ASR-2 and the reset restart option to restart from Compaq Utilities. Also allows you to view Health Logs. Disk-based diagnostics can also be run locally. Press **F10** during the restart process when the cursor moves to the upper-right corner of the monitor.
Server Restart	Provides the ability to restart the server remotely from Compaq Insight Manager while the operating system is running. Allows the server to restart back to the operating system or restart to the Compaq system partition. Provides a complete system reset to all peripherals. If you select Boot to Compaq Utilities from Compaq Insight Manager, Compaq Utilities loads the appropriate remote services so that remote access is available. If network status is enabled, network support is loaded. If Dial-In status is enabled, the modem is set to auto-answer.
Configuration Utility	Allows you to run the remote System Configuration Utility locally. Press **F10** during the restart process when the cursor moves to the upper-right corner of the monitor.
Firmware Updates	Allows you to update the server firmware remotely. Uses firmware images on the Compaq system partition that might have been previously uploaded with the file transfer services.

ROMPaq Error Recovery Options

From time to time it may be desirable to upgrade the current system ROM. Some reasons for this may be as follows:

■ Customer desires ROM upgrade

■ Obtained new SmartStart CD-ROM

■ Desire to upgrade server processors

■ Request from Compaq

The process of upgrading the system ROM is referred to as flashing the ROM. Flashing consists of using software to replace the current ROM image with a new one through ROMPaq.

Should an error such as a power failure occur during this process, the flash operation will not be completed, causing the ROM image in the server to be corrupted. Compaq provides two options for ROMPaq recovery, depending on the server and circumstances involved.

ROMPaq Disaster Recovery

The following option should be utilized by any server that does not have a valid ROM image.

> **IMPORTANT:** This operation should be performed on a server with redundant ROM **ONLY IF** both ROM images have been corrupted. If only one image is corrupted, read the following section, "Redundant ROM Image Recovery," for complete instructions.

1. Build a fresh ROMPaq diskette, using the latest version for the server involved.

   > **NOTE:** If the ROM is corrupted by a ROMPaq interruption, the initial ROMPaq attempt may have affected the contents of the original diskette.

2. Power down the server.

3. Set configuration switches 1, 4, 5, and 6 on the system maintenance switch block to On to enable disaster mode.

Table 3-24
Configuration Switches

Switch	Function
1	Disable on-board video
4	Disable diskette drive
5	Disable password
6	Clear NVRAM

4. Insert the ROMPaq diskette. Although you will utilize a normal ROMPaq diskette, this situation will not allow you to save the old image.

5. Power up the server. The keyboard, mouse and monitor are all inactive. The IMD is active, if the server has one.

6. The server makes two long beeps, to indicate that you are in Disaster Recovery Mode, and should insert the ROMPaq diskette. The IMD, if the server has one, displays:

   Please insert ROMPaq diskette.

7. The server reads the diskette for the latest ROM image. If the diskette is not in place, the system continues to beep until a valid ROMPaq diskette is inserted.

   > **NOTE:** The IMD will display the "Please insert ROMPaq diskette" message even after a valid ROMPaq diskette has been installed – this is normal behavior. The server should stop beeping to indicate that the diskette is a valid ROMPaq diskette.

8. The ROMPaq diskette flashes the system ROM. During this process, the IMD displays:

   ROMPaq flashing system ROM.

9. At the successful completion of this process, the IMD displays:

   ROMPaq flash successful—Cycle Power.

   If the flash is not successful, the IMD displays:

   ROMPaq flash failed.

10. After successful completion of this process,

    a. Power down the server

    b. Remove the diskette.

    c. Reset configuration switches 1, 4, 5 and 6. (Refer to Configuration Switches Table within this section.)

    d. Power up the server as usual.

After a failed ROMPaq, power down the server and repeat the above process.

Compaq Insight Manager

Compaq Insight Manager is the Compaq application for easily managing network devices. Compaq Insight Manager delivers intelligent monitoring and alerting as well as visual control of the servers.

In Compaq servers, every hardware subsystem, such as disk storage, system memory, and system processor, has a robust set of management capabilities. Compaq Full-Spectrum Fault Management prevents faults before they happen, keeps the system up and running in the unlikely event of a failure, and delivers rapid server recovery to normal operation after a fault.

Features of Compaq Insight Management

Compaq Insight Management features include:

■ Web browser access—to Insight Manager Device and Configuration information from anywhere you have network access and a standard Web browser for Windows NT and NetWare servers.

■ Comprehensive Fault Management—For all major subsystems, including prefailure alerts in advance of potential system failures.

■ Broad configuration management—provides effective deployment and maintenance of consistent, manageable configurations with Insight Version Control and Integration Server Maintenance. Version Control and Integration Server Maintenance allows the administrator to monitor and update versions of the server and workstation firmware, drivers, and utilities.

■ Performance Management—Sets performance and capacity thresholds for management variables related to CPU and bus utilization, NIC throughput, logical disk capacity, and more.

■ Workstation Management—Monitors and manages Compaq Professional Workstations.

■ Client Management —Manages faults and assets on Compaq Deskpro computers.

■ Netelligent Management—Receives alarms from Netelligent devices. Full management of Netelligent devices is supported through integration with Compaq Netelligent Management Software.

■ Asset Management—Exports asset information from the Compaq Insight Manager database to leading database and spreadsheet applications.

■ Remote Management—Manages in-band or out-of-band devices, online or offline, from any location.

■ Integration with Enterprise Management Platforms—Provides integration with leading management platforms including HP OpenView, IBM NetView, SunNet Manager, and Microsoft Systems Management Server.

■ Full integration with Compaq Remote Insight Board/PCI and ProLiant Integrated Remote Console—allows "in-band" and "out-of-band" connection for server management to ensure that customers are in touch with their systems, even when they are offline or without power.

■ SNMP standards— provide integration with other management products.

■ Flexible network conductivity— supports multiple transport protocols including IPX, TCP/IP and PPP to operator over LANs, WANs, and modems.

■ Support for these operating systems:

❏ Microsoft Windows NT

❏ Novell NetWare, intranetWare and intranetWare for Small Business

❏ SCO UNIX, OpenServer, and UnixWare

❏ IBM OS/2 Warp family of products

■ Reporting—Using Automatic Data Collection, gathers historic performance information for graphing or export purposes.

Compaq Insight Management Software Architecture

The Compaq Insight Management software architecture is typical of other network management solutions. It has a client/server architecture and is composed of agent software (Compaq Insight Management Agents) and the management application software (Compaq Insight Manager).

Insight Management Agents

Insight Agents operate on Compaq systems (such as servers and workstations), performing in-depth monitoring of the system's state by collecting and measuring system parameters. These parameters indicate the current state of subsystems by counting the occurrence of particular events (for example, the number of read operations performed on a disk drive) or monitoring the state of a critical function (such as whether the cooling fan is operating).

Insight Desktop Agents operate on Compaq Deskpro computers, monitoring functions that include temperature sensing and disk prefailure alerting.

Insight Agents provide information to management applications, such as Compaq Insight Manager, and can generate alarm notifications if significant changes occur in the fault or performance aspects of system operation. Information is delivered to and from the Insight Agents by the industry-standard Simple Network Management Protocol or SNMP.

Compaq Insight Manager

Compaq Insight Manager delivers intelligent monitoring and alerting as well as visual control of the Compaq hardware. In the unlikely event of hardware failures, Compaq Insight Manager also provides a full complement of remote maintenance and control facilities.

For additional information, refer to the online *Compaq Insight Manager User Guide* on the server documentation CD that accompanied the server.

Chapter **4**

Connectors, Switches, and LED Indicators

This chapter provides connector, switch, and LED indicator information for Compaq ProLiant ML370 Servers.

Compaq ProLiant ML370 System Board Components

See Table 4-1 for the names of the Compaq ProLiant ML370 system board components.
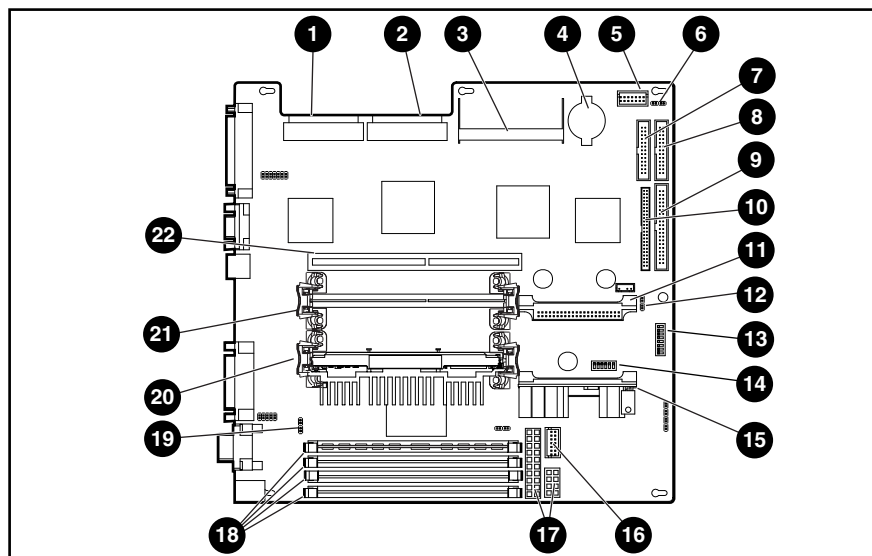
Figure 4-1. System board components

Table 4-1
System Board Components

Item	Description	Item	Description
❶	SCSI port 1	⓬	Slot fan header
❷	SCSI port 2	⓭	System identification switch
❸	Integrated Smart Array Controller slot	⓮	System configuration switch
❹	3V lithium battery	⓯	Processor Power Module (PPM) slot 1 (populated)
❺	Power switch connector	⓰	Power supply signal header
❻	Virtual power switch connector	⓱	Power supply connectors
❼	IMD connector	⓲	DIMM sockets
❽	Diskette drive connector	⓳	Processor fan header
❾	CD-ROM drive connector	⓴	Processor slot 1 (populated)
❿	Reserved	㉑	Processor slot 2
⓫	Processor Power Module (PPM) slot 2	㉒	Riser board slot

Rear Panel Components

See Table 4-2 for the names of the Compaq ProLiant ML370 rear panel components.
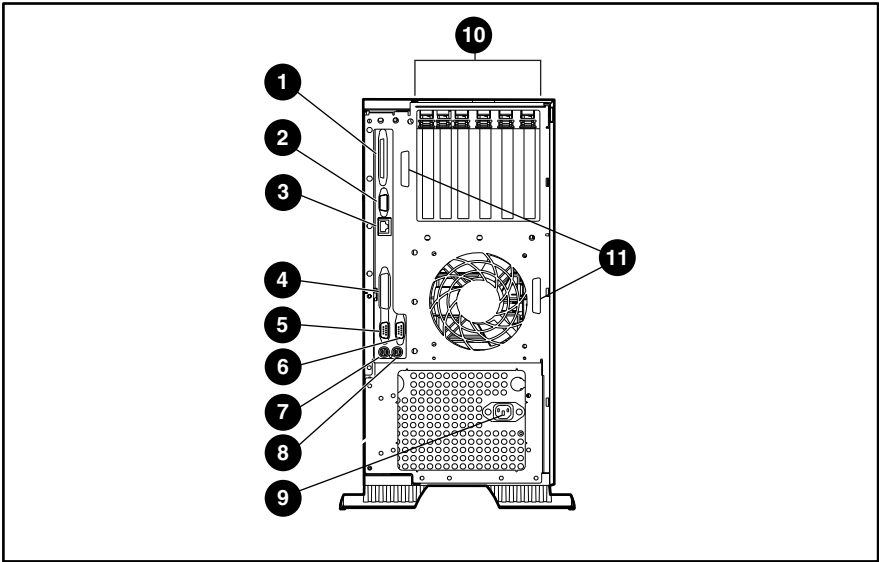
Figure 4-2. Rear panel components

Table 4-2
Rear Panel Components

Item	Description
❶	External SCSI connector
❷	Video connector (blue)
❸	RJ-45 network connector
❹	Parallel connector (burgundy)
❺	Serial connector A (teal)
❻	Serial connector B (teal)
❼	Hot-plug keyboard connector (purple)
❽	Mouse connector (green)
❾	External power connector
❿	Expansion slots
⓫	External SCSI access

Switches

The Compaq ProLiant ML370 Server has two switchbanks (SW1 and SW2) located on the system board. These switches are used to set the configuration of the server. The SW1 switch is used as a system identification switch, and the setting is pre-set in the factory. Do not change these settings. Incorrectly set switches may result in damage to the server.
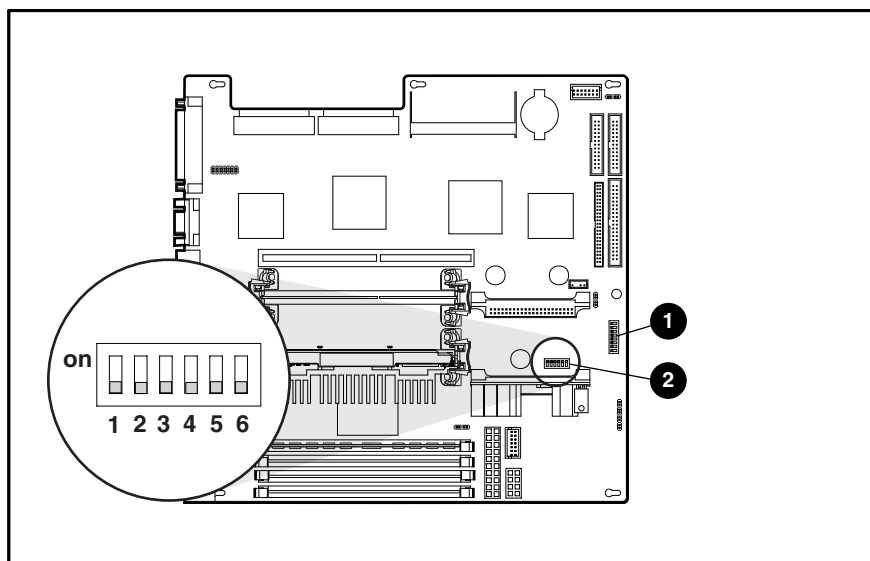
Figure 4-3. System board switches

Table 4-3
System Board Switches

Item	Description
❶	System identification switch (SW1)
❷	System configuration switch (SW2)

SW1 – System Identification Switch Settings

The processor configuration switchbank (SW1) is an eight-position switch that is used for processor configuration. Figure 4-3 shows the position of the SW1 switchbank on the system board. Positions are reserved.

> ⚠ **CAUTION:** Do not adjust the settings of the system identification switch.

SW2 – System Configuration Switch Settings

The system configuration switchbank (SW2) is a six-position switch that is used for system configuration. Figure 4-3 shows the position of SW2 on the system board and Table 4-4 defines the function and shows the default switch settings for SW2.

Table 4-4
System Configuration Switch Settings (SW2)

Switch Position	Function	Tower Default	Rack Default
1	Embedded video disable	Off	Off
2	Configuration lock	Off	Off
3	Rack mount	Off	On
4	Diskette drive override	Off	Off
5	Password disable	Off	Off
6	Maintenance	Off	Off

Note: On activates the function.

LED Indicators

This section contains graphics and tables showing LED indicator locations and functions.

Front Panel

Figure 4-4 and Table 4-5 identify the front panel LED indicators.
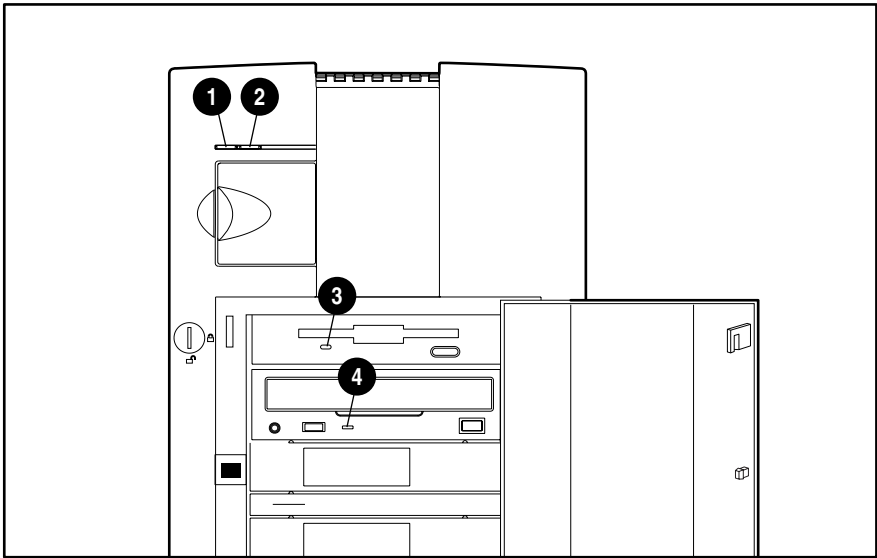
Figure 4-4. Front panel LED indicators

Table 4-5
Front Panel LED Indicators

Item	Description	Condition	Status
❶	System power	Amber	Standby
		Green	System on
		Off	No AC power
❷	Hard drive activity	Green	Disk activity
		Off	No disk access
❸	Diskette drive activity	Green	Diskette drive activity
		Off	No disk activity
❹	CD-ROM drive activity	Amber	CD-ROM drive access
		Off	No CD-ROM drive access

RJ-45 Connector

Figure 4-5 and Table 4-6 show the location and a description of the RJ-45 connector LED indicators.
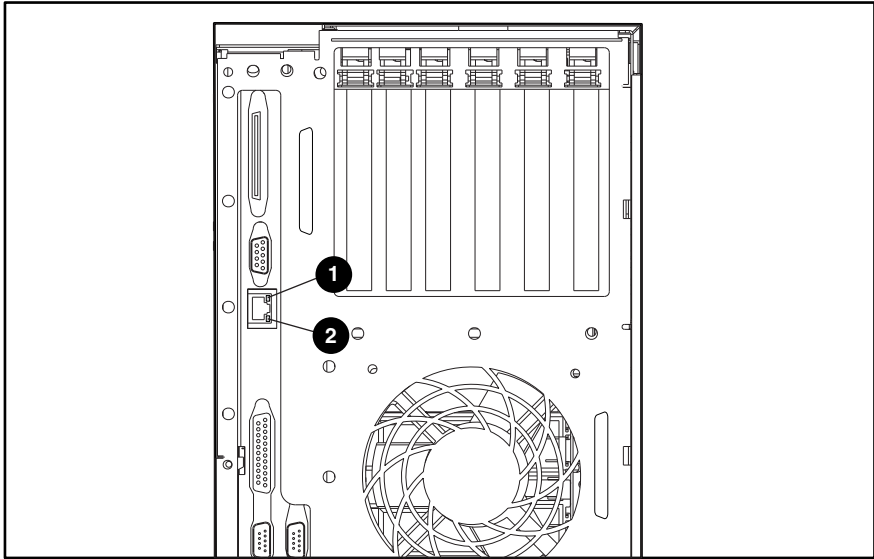
Figure 4-5. RJ-45 connector with LED indicators

Table 4-6
RJ-45 Connector LED Indicators

Item	Description	Condition	Status
❶	NIC activity	Green	Embedded NIC network activity
		Off	No network activity
❷	NIC link status	Green	Embedded NIC is connected to network
		Off	Embedded NIC not connected to network

System Board

Figure 4-6 and Table 4-7 show the location and meaning of the indicators.
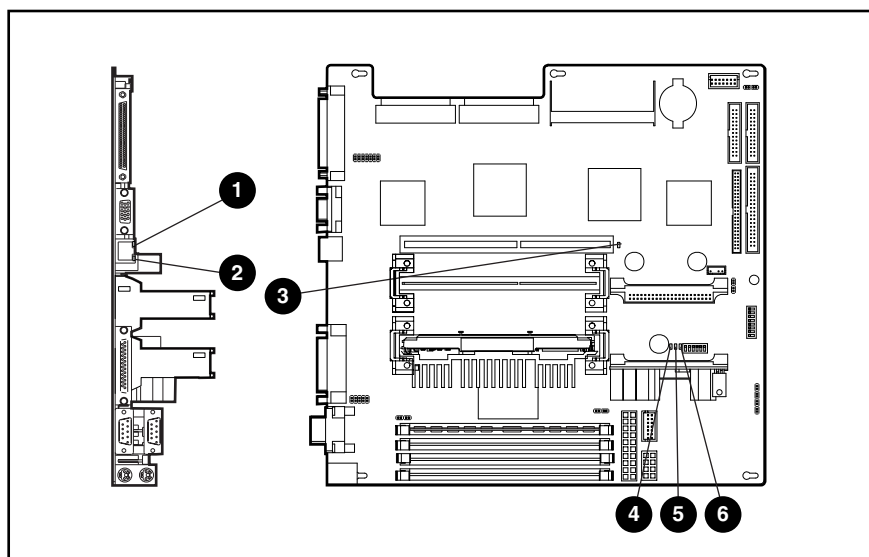
Figure 4-6. System board LED indicators

Table 4-7
System Board LED Indicators

Item	Indicator	Description	Status
❶	RJ-45 LED NIC activity	Green	Embedded NIC network activity/no network activity
		Off	No network activity
❷	RJ-45 NIC link status	Green	Embedded NIC is connected to network
		Off	Embedded NIC is not connected to network
❸	Interlock	Off	Riser board seated properly
		Red	Riser board not seated properly
❹	Processor 2 internal error	Red	Processor failed
		Off	Normal
❺	Processor 1 internal error	Red	Processor failed
		Off	Normal
❻	System power	Green	System is on and has power
		Off	System is in Standby or power is off

Riser Board

Figure 4-7 and Table 4-8 show the location and meaning of the riser board indicator.
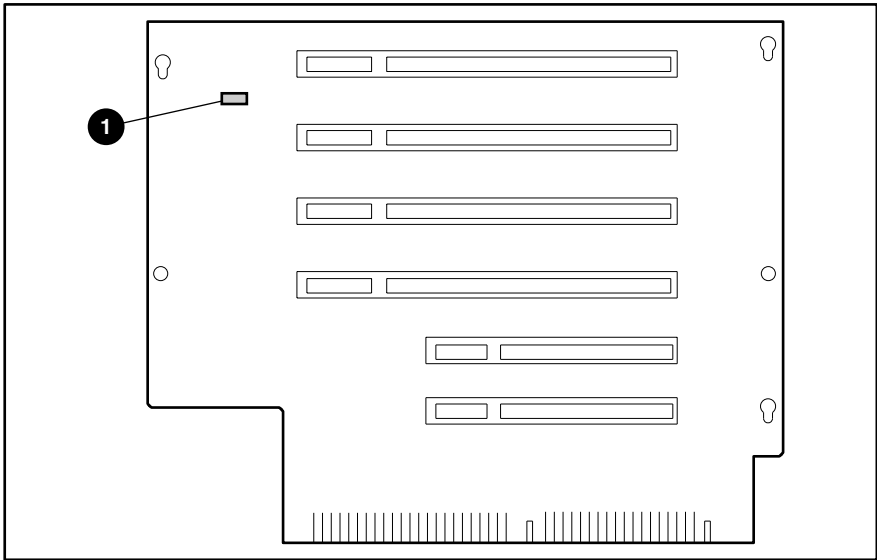
Figure 4-7. Riser board LED indicator

Table 4-8
Riser Board LED Indicator

Item	Indicator	Condition	Meaning
❶	VAUX—Auxiliary power indicator	Amber	AC connected and on
		Off	Riser board not seated or AC power not connected

Chapter *5*

Physical and Operating Specifications

This chapter provides operating and performance specifications for the Compaq ProLiant ML370 Server components:

■ System Unit

■ Power Supply

■ Redundant Power Supply

■ Dual Inline Memory Modules

■ 1.44-MB Diskette Drive

■ IDE CD-ROM Drive

■ Compaq Wide Ultra2 Hot-Plug SCSI Hard Drives

■ Integrated Dual Channel SCSI Controller

System Unit

Table 5-1
System Unit Specifications

Dimensions	
Height (without feet)	45.52 cm (17.9 inches)
Depth	57.58 cm (22.67 inches)
Width	22.43 cm (8.83 inches)
Weight (no hard drive installed)	22.68 kg (50 lb)
Input requirements	
Rated input voltage	100-240 VAC
Rated input frequency	50-60 Hz
Rated input current	6A-110 V (3A-220 V)
Temperature range	
Operating	10° to 35° C (50° to 95° F)
Nonoperating	-30°to 50° C (-22° to 122° F)
Relative humidity (noncondensing)	
Operating	8% to 90%
Nonoperating	5% to 95%
Maximum wet bulb temperature	38.7° C (101.7° F)

Power Supply

Table 5-2
Power Supply Specifications

Input specifications	
Rated input voltage	100 – 240 VAC
Rated input frequency	50 to 60 Hz
Rated input current	6 A (110 V) to 3 A (220 V)
Rated input power	550 W
BTU/hr	1880
Output power	
Steady state power	325 W
Maximum peak power	350 W
Ambient temperature range	
Operating	10° to 35° C (50° to 95° F)
Shipping	-30° to 50° C (-22° to 122° F)
Relative Humidity	
Operating	8% to 90%
Nonoperating	5% to 95%
Maximum web bulb temperature	38.7° C (101.7° F)

Redundant Power Supply

Table 5-3
Redundant Power Supply Specifications

Input specifications	
Rated input voltage	100 to 240 VAC
Rated input frequency	50 to 60 Hz
Rated input current	8 A (110 V) to 4 A (220 V)
Rated input power	728 W
BTU/hr	2490
Output power	
Steady state power	400 W
Maximum peak power	445 W
Ambient temperature range	
Operating	10° to 35° C (50° to 95° F)
Shipping	-30° to 50° C (-22° to 122° F)
Relative Humidity	
Operating	8% to 90%
Nonoperating	5% to 95%
Maximum web bulb temperature	38.7° C (101.7° F)

Dual Inline Memory Modules (DIMM)

Table 5-4
DIMM Specifications

Size	64-, 128-, 256-, 512 MB, or 1 GB
Speed	133 MHz
Type	Registered ECC DIMMs; SDRAM

1.44-MB Diskette Drive

Table 5-5
1.44-MB Diskette Drive Specifications

Size	3 ½ inches
LED indicators (front panel)	Green
Read/write capacity per diskette (high/low density)	1.44 MB/720 KB
Drives supported	1
Drive height	1/3
Drive rotation	300 rpm
Transfer rate (high/low)	500K bits per sec /250K bits per sec
Bytes/sector	512
Sectors per track (high/low)	18/9
Tracks per side (high/low)	80/80
Access times	
Track-to-track (high/low)	3 ms/6 ms
Average (high/low)	169/94 ms
Settling time	15 ms
Latency average	100 ms
Cylinders (high/low)	80/80
Read/write heads	2

IDE CD-ROM Drive

Table 5-6
IDE CD-ROM Drive Specifications

Applicable disk	CD-ROM (modes 1 and 2); mixed mode (audio and data combined); CD-DA; Photo CD (single/multiple-session), CD-XA ready; CDi ready	
Capacity	540 MB (mode 1, 12 cm)	
	650 MB (mode 2, 12 cm)	
Block size	2048 bytes (mode 1)	
	2336 bytes (mode 2)	
	2352 bytes (CD-DA)	
	2328 bytes (CD-XA)	
Dimensions		
Height	42.9 mm	(1.68 inches)
Depth	150.1 mm	(5.85 inches)
Width	208.0 mm	(8.11 inches)
Weight	0.950 kg	(2.09 lb)
Data transfer rate		
Sustained	150 KB/s (sustained 1X), 1500-4800 KB/s (10X to 32X)	
Burst	4.0 MB/s	
Access times (typical)		
Full stroke	350 ms	
Random	150 ms	
Diameter	12 cm, 8 cm	(4.7 inches, 3.15 inches)
Thickness	1.2 mm	(0.05 inches)
Track pitch	1.6 μm	
Cache/buffer	128 KB	
Startup time	< 7 s	
Stop time	< 4 s (single); < 30 s (multisession)	
Laser parameters		
Type	Semiconductor laser GaA1As	
Wave length	700 +/- 25 nm	
Divergence angle	53.5º +/- 1.5º	
Output power	0.14 mW	
Operating conditions		
Temperature	5° to 45° C	(41° to 118° F)
Humidity	5% to 90%	10% to 80%

Compaq Wide Ultra2 Hot-Plug SCSI Hard Drives

Table 5-7
Compaq Wide Ultra2 Hot-Plug SCSI Hard Drive Specifications

Item	9.1-GB 7200 RPM	9.1-GB 10K RPM	18.2-GB 7200 RPM	18.2-GB 10K RPM
Capacity	9100.0 MB	9100.0 MB	18209.8 MB	18209.8 MB
Height	Third, 1 inch	Third, 1 inch	Third, 1 inch	Third, 1 inch
Size	3.5 inches	3.5 inches	3.5 inches	3.5 inches
Interface	Wide Ultra2	Wide Ultra2	Wide Ultra2	Wide Ultra2
Transfer rate	80 MB/second	80 MB/second	80 MB/second	80 MB/second
Seek time (typical, including setting)				
Single track	0.9 ms	0.8 ms	0.8 ms	0.8 ms
Average	7.9 ms	5.4 ms	6.9 ms	7.5 ms
Full stroke	17 ms	12.2 ms	15.0 ms	16.0 ms
Rotational speed	7200 rpm	10,000 rpm	7200 rpm	10,000 rpm
Physical configuration				
Bytes per sector	512	512	512	512
Logical blocks	17,773,524	17,773,524	35,566,080	35,566,080
Operating temperature				
Celsius	10° to 35° C	10° to 35° C	10° to 35° C	10° to 35° C
Fahrenheit	50° to 95° F	50° to 95° F	50° to 95° F	50° to 95° F

Integrated Dual Channel SCSI Controller

Table 5-8
Integrated Dual Channel SCSI Controller Specifications

Drives supported	Up to 15 SCSI devices per channel
Data transfer method	32-bit, 33-MHz PCI bus master
SCSI channel transfer rate	160 MB/s (80 MB/s per channel)
Maximum transfer rate per PCI bus (peak)	133 MB/s
SCSI termination	Active termination
SCSI connectors	1 external 68-pin, 2 internal 68-pin
RAID functionality	Dual channel RAID upgrade with option kit

Index